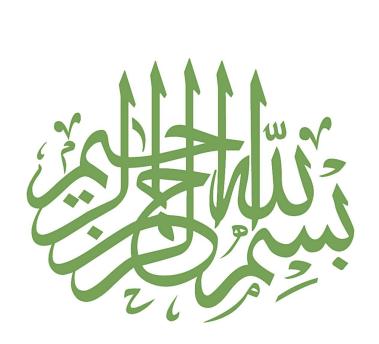


University of Health Sciences Lahore

## BDS Integrated Curriculum 2K25

Version 01





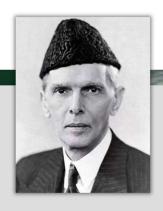


version 01









Without education it is complete darkness and with education it is light. Education is a matter of life and death to our nation. The world is moving so fast that if you do not educate yourselves, you will be not only completely left behind, but will be finished up.

**Quaid e Azam Muhammad Ali Jinnah** Islamia College Lahore 1945



I am pleased to introduce our newly developed curriculum document, which embodies our commitment to providing quality education in dental undergrate program. This revamped curriculum is designed to foster a holistic learning experience, emphasizing community services, and adhering to international standards.

The new curriculum boasts an innovative integration of subjects, ensuring a seamless transition from theoretical foundations to practical applications. Our clerkship model provides students with hands-on experience, bridging the gap between academia and real-world practice.

As we continue to attract overseas students, our curriculum has been tailored to accommodate diverse learning needs, while maintaining the highest standards of dental education. Our competency-based approach ensures that graduates possess the requisite skills, knowledge, and attitudes to excel in their chosen careers.

This milestone achievement would not have been possible without the tireless efforts of our faculty, subject experts, Department of Medical Education . I extend my sincerest gratitude to everyone involved in this endeavor.

Together, let us embark on this exciting journey of 2K25 Dental Education.

**Prof. Ahsan Waheed Rathore** 

Vice Chancellor University of Health Sciences Lahore



It is a great pleasure for me that UHS announce the launch of our newly designed, integrated dental undergraduate curriculum. This milestone marks a significant shift in our approach to dental education, as we strive to provide our students with a comprehensive, holistic learning experience.

This curriculum incorporates the latest dental updates, ensuring that our students are equipped with cutting-edge knowledge and skills. We have undertaken a total revision of our traditional curriculum, which had not been updated for some time. This overhaul has enabled us to review some outdated content, streamline our courses, and foster a more cohesive learning environment.

At the heart of our new curriculum lies a focus on student training as future leaders. We recognize that our students are not just future dental professionals, but also individuals with unique needs, aspirations, and learning styles. Our integrated curriculum is designed to nurture the whole student, encompassing academic rigor, clinical excellence, and personal growth.

This innovative curriculum would not have been possible without the collaborative efforts of our esteemed faculty, Medical Education Department ,staff, and subject experts. I extend my sincerest appreciation to everyone involved in this endeavor.

Prof. Dr. Nadia Naseem

Pro Vice Cahncellor University of Health Sciences Lahore



I am thrilled at the launch of our newly designed BDS curriculum, marking a significant milestone in our pursuit of excellence in dental education. This achievement would not have been possible without the tireless efforts of our working groups, module coordinators, steering committee members, and department teams. I extend my sincerest gratitude to each and every one of for their dedication and hard work.

Our new curriculum is designed to empower our young dental doctors to explore new horizons, where the sky's the limit. We aim to nurture professionals who will not only serve our local community but also make a positive impact globally. By striving for higher education and embracing cutting-edge technology, including AI-supported health facilities, we are committed to meeting the future needs of our students and the healthcare industry.

We are dedicated to regularly reviewing and updating our curricular document to ensure it remains relevant, effective, and aligned with the latest developments in dental education. I am proud to execute the vision of our Vice Chancellor, and I would like to thank his office for their unwavering support throughout this journey.

Together, let us embark on this exciting new chapter in our pursuit of excellence in dental education.

Prof. Dr. Sumera Ehsan

HOD Medical Education University of Health Sciences Lahore

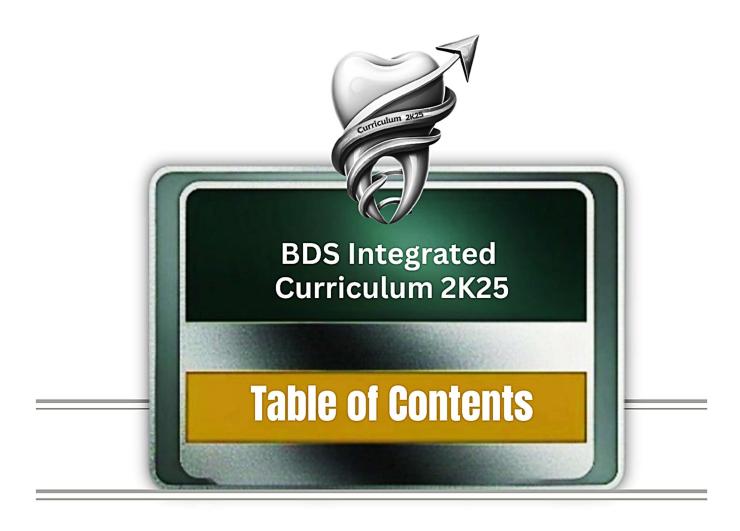


#### **Vision Statement**

UHS is a leading University aiming to keep its graduates apt with the ever emerging global health challenges evolving educational methodologies and emerging technological advancements to maintain its distinguishable position as a Medical University.

#### **Mission Statement**

UHS shall continue to strive for producing a human resource par at excellence to cater for the health needs of the people of Punjab and Pakistan.



#### Version 01



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Ms. Kiran Fatima Registrar, University of Health Sciences, Lahore  BDS INTEGRATED CURRUCULUM 2K25 Version O1  SUBJECT SPECIALISTS  ANATOMY  1 Prof. Aruna Bashir 2 Dr. Fouzia Imran
Registrar, University of Health Sciences, Lahore  BDS INTEGRATED CURRUCULUM 2K25 Version O1  SUBJECT SPECIALISTS  ANATOMY  1 Prof. Aruna Bashir  2 Dr. Fouzia Imran
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1	Dr. Shazia Naz
2	Dr Saroosh Ehsan
	CLINICAL EXPERTS
1	Dr. Imran Naseer- Principal Dental Surgeon, Fatima Jinnah Medical University/Sir-Ganga Ram hospital, Lahore
2	Dr. Abdullah, Dental Surgeon
	BDS INTEGRATED CURRICULUM 2K25 WORKING GROUP
1	Dr. Muhammad Azeem, Professor, de' Montmorency college of dentistry, Lahore
2	Dr. Muhammad Sohaib Nawaz, Associate Professor, Bakhtawar Amin Medical & Dental College, Multan
3	Dr. Nighat Nadeem, Head of Department of Medical Education, Lahore Medical & Dental College, Lahore
4	Dr. Salima Naveed Manji, Head of Dental Education Department Assistant Professor, FMH College of Medicine and Dentistry, Lahore
5	Dr. Noor-i-Kiran Naeem, Head of Department of Medical Education, ABWA Medical College, Faisalabad
6	Dr. Afifa Ehsan, Professor, Medical Education, Faryal Dental College, Sheikhupura

7	Dr. Rafiya Minhas, Assistant Professor, Central Park Medical College, Lahore
8	Dr. Zain Gulzar, Assistant Professor, Watim Dental College, Rawalpindi
9	Dr. Faiza Salman, Assistant Professor, Rashid Latif Medical College and Dental College, Lahore
10	Dr. Hajrah Talat, Assistant Professor, Rahbar Medical and Dental College, Lahore
11	Dr. Muhammad Tauqeer Ehsan, Assistant Professor, Lahore Medical and Dental College, Lahore
12	Dr. Sadia Zaheer, Assistant Professor, Medical Education, Sialkot Medical College, 6-km Daska Road, Sialkot
13	Dr. Alina Saeed, Assistant Professor, Medical Education, Lahore Medical and Dental College
14	Dr. Saman, Assistant Professor, Bakhtawar Amin, Medical and Dental College, Multan
15	Dr. Muhammad Imtiaz, Assistant Professor, Oral & Maxillofacial Surgery, FMH College of Dentistry, Shadman, Lahore
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16	Dr. Malik Zain Ul Abideen, Assistant Professor, Medical Education, Bakhtawar Amin Medical & Dental College, Multan
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1	& Dental College, Multan  CURRICULUM STEERING COMMITTEE  Prof. Dr. Abid Asher Principal FMH college of Dentistry, Lahore  Prof. Dr. Aqib Sohail
1 2	& Dental College, Multan  CURRICULUM STEERING COMMITTEE  Prof. Dr. Abid Asher Principal FMH college of Dentistry, Lahore  Prof. Dr. Aqib Sohail Principal, Lahore Medical & Dental College, Lahore  Prof. Dr. Saad Mateen
1 2 3	& Dental College, Multan  CURRICULUM STEERING COMMITTEE  Prof. Dr. Abid Asher Principal FMH college of Dentistry, Lahore  Prof. Dr. Aqib Sohail Principal, Lahore Medical & Dental College, Lahore  Prof. Dr. Saad Mateen Principal Faryal Dental College, Lahore  Prof. Dr. Muhammad Ilyas Professor of Orthodontics,

## SUB-COMMITTEE OF STEERING COMMITTEE FOR BDS INTEGRATED CURRICULUM 2K25

Prof Sarah Ghafoor, Head, Department of Oral Biology, UHS (Convener)  Prof Sumera Ehsan, Head, Medical Education Department, UHS  Dr. Saira Khalid, Associate Professor, Science of Dental Materials, UHS  Dr. Rabia Anjum, Assistant Professor, Oral Pathology, UHS  Dr. Salima Naveed Manji, Head of Dental Education Department Assistant Professor, FMH College of Medicine and Dentistry, Lahore  Dr. Saqib Rabbani, Assistant Professor, Behavioral Sciences, UHS  Dr. Fatima-tu-Zahra, Assistant Professor, Microbiology, UHS (Secretary)  Dr. Hammad Hassan, Assistant Professor, Science of Dental Materials, UHS  DEPARTMENT OF MEDICAL EDUCATION (UHS)  Prof. Sumera Ehsan, Head of Department of Medical Education, UHS, Lahore  Lt Col (R) Dr. Col. Khalid Rahim TI(M), Ex Director Medical Education, UHS, Lahore  Dr. Farah Rehman, Assistant Professor, Department of Medical Education, UHS, Lahore  Dr. Lamia Yusuf, Assistant Professor, Department of Medical Education, UHS, Lahore  Dr. Saqib Rabbani, Assistant Professor, Department of Medical Education, UHS, Lahore  Dr. Rameen, Lecturer, Department of Medical Education, UHS, Lahore  Dr. Qurrat ul Ain, Lecturer, Department of Medical Education, UHS, Lahore  Mr. Aiman Shahzad, Lecturer, Department of Medical Education, UHS, Lahore  Mr. Luqman Javed, Admin Officer, Department of Medical Education, UHS, Lahore  Mr. Mubashar Arshad, DEO, Department of Medical Education, UHS, Lahore  Mr. Rashid Ali, Book Binder, Department of Medical Education, UHS, Lahore		
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Dr. Saqib Rabbani, Assistant Professor, Department of Medical Education, UHS, Lahore  Ms. Shehla Noor, Assistant Registrar, Department of Medical Education, UHS, Lahore  Dr. Rameen, Lecturer, Department of Medical Education, UHS, Lahore  Dr. Qurrat ul Ain, Lecturer, Department of Medical Education, UHS, Lahore  Mr. Aiman Shahzad, Lecturer, Department of Medical Education, UHS, Lahore  Mr. Luqman Javed, Admin Officer, Department of Medical Education, UHS, Lahore  Mr. Mubashar Arshad, DEO, Department of Medical Education, UHS, Lahore	3	Dr. Farah Rehman, Assistant Professor, Department of Medical Education, UHS, Lahore
6 Ms. Shehla Noor, Assistant Registrar, Department of Medical Education, UHS, Lahore 7 Dr. Rameen, Lecturer, Department of Medical Education, UHS, Lahore 8 Dr. Qurrat ul Ain, Lecturer, Department of Medical Education, UHS, Lahore 9 Mr. Aiman Shahzad, Lecturer, Department of Medical Education, UHS, Lahore 10 Mr. Luqman Javed, Admin Officer, Department of Medical Education, UHS, Lahore 11 Mr. Mubashar Arshad, DEO, Department of Medical Education, UHS, Lahore	4	Dr. Lamia Yusuf, Assistant Professor, Department of Medical Education, UHS, Lahore
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8 Dr. Qurrat ul Ain, Lecturer, Department of Medical Education, UHS, Lahore 9 Mr. Aiman Shahzad, Lecturer, Department of Medical Education, UHS, Lahore 10 Mr. Luqman Javed, Admin Officer, Department of Medical Education, UHS, Lahore 11 Mr. Mubashar Arshad, DEO, Department of Medical Education, UHS, Lahore	6	Ms. Shehla Noor, Assistant Registrar, Department of Medical Education, UHS, Lahore
9 Mr. Aiman Shahzad, Lecturer, Department of Medical Education, UHS, Lahore 10 Mr. Luqman Javed, Admin Officer, Department of Medical Education, UHS, Lahore 11 Mr. Mubashar Arshad, DEO, Department of Medical Education, UHS, Lahore	7	Dr. Rameen, Lecturer, Department of Medical Education, UHS, Lahore
<ul> <li>Mr. Luqman Javed, Admin Officer, Department of Medical Education, UHS, Lahore</li> <li>Mr. Mubashar Arshad, DEO, Department of Medical Education, UHS, Lahore</li> </ul>	8	Dr. Qurrat ul Ain, Lecturer, Department of Medical Education, UHS, Lahore
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	10	Mr. Luqman Javed, Admin Officer, Department of Medical Education, UHS, Lahore
12 Mr. Rashid Ali, Book Binder, Department of Medical Education, UHS, Lahore	11	Mr. Mubashar Arshad, DEO, Department of Medical Education, UHS, Lahore
	12	Mr. Rashid Ali, Book Binder, Department of Medical Education, UHS, Lahore



Sr#	Name	Modules
1	Dr. Rafia Minhas  Head of Medical Education Department  Central Park Medical College	Module 1: Foundation
2	Dr. Malik Zain ul Abideen  Head of Department Dental Education & Research (DDE&R)  College of Dentistry, Bakhtawar Amin Medical & Dental College, Multan	Module 2: Craniofacial I
3	<b>Dr. Faiza Salman,</b> Assistant Prof. Medical Education, Rashid Latif Medical College, Lahore	Module 3: Cariology I
4	Dr. Malik Zain ul Abideen  Head of Department Dental Education & Research (DDE&R)  College of Dentistry, Bakhtawar Amin Medical & Dental College, Multan	Module 4: Craniofacial II
5	Dr. Alina Saeed Assistant Professor Department of Medical Education Lahore Medical & Dental College	Module 5: Neurosciences
6	Prof. Dr Afifa Ehsan Professor & Head, Department of Oral Biology, Director Medical Education Department, Faryal Dental College, Lahore	Module 6: Alveo-Cemental Complex
7	<b>Dr Muhammad Imtiaz</b> Assistant Professor Oral and maxillofacial surgery, FMH College of Medicine and Dentistry, Lahore	Module 7: Blood & Cardiovascular System
8	Dr. Saman Fatima Assistant Professor Medical Education College of Dentistry, Bakhtawar Amin Medical & Dental College, Multan	Module 8: Gastrointestinal Tract
9	Prof. Dr Afifa Ehsan Professor & Head, Department of Oral Biology, Faryal Dental College, Lahore	Module 9: Occlusion-I
10	Prof. Dr. Abid Asher Principal FMH College of Dentistry, Lahore Prof Saad Mateen Principal, Faryal Dental College, Lahore Dr. Salima Naveed Manji Head of Dental Education Department Assistant Professor, FMH College of Medicine and Dentistry, Lahore Dr. Saqib Rabbani Assistant Professor, Behavioral Sciences, University of Health Sciences Lahore Dr. Noor-i-Kiran Naeem Head of Department of Medical Education, ABWA Medical College, Faisalabad Dr. Rashid Mahmood BDS, MOrth (RCSEdUK), MS Healthcare Management & Innovation (LUMS)	PRISME



#### Prof. Ahsan Waheed Rathore, Vice Chancellor University of Health Sciences Lahore

**Prof. Nadia Naseem,**Pro-Vice Chancellor
University of Health Sciences Lahore

Prof Sarah Ghafoor Head of Oral Biology Department University of Health Sciences Lahore

Prof Sumera Ehsan

Head of Medical Education Department
University of Health Sciences Lahore

Modules Coordinators	
1	Dr. Saqib Rabbani
2	Ms Shehla Noor

Writeup, Research & Analysis	
1	Professor Sumera Ehsan
2	Professor Sarah Ghafoor
3	Professor Saad Mateen
4	Dr. Saqib Rabbani
5	Dr. Salima Naveed Manji
6	Dr. Farah Rehman
7	Ms. Shehla Noor
8	Dr Rameen

Ps	sychometric Mapping and ToS Framework for Assessment
1	Prof. Abid Asher
2	Prof. Saad Mateen
3	Professor Sumera Ehsan

	Administrative Support
1	Mr. Luqman Javaid
2	Mr Rashid Ali

# Creative Designer BDS Integrated Curriculum Version 01 Ms. Shehla Noor







## CURRICULUM FRAMEWORK

## **BDS Integrated Curriculum 2K25**

Version 01

## YEAR-1 MODULES

Block-1

- 1. Foundation (Cell)
- 2. Craniofacial-I
- 3. Cariology-I

Block-2

- 4.Craniofacial-II
- 5. Neurosciences
- 6.Alveo-Cemental Complex

Block-3

7.Blood &

Cardiovascular System

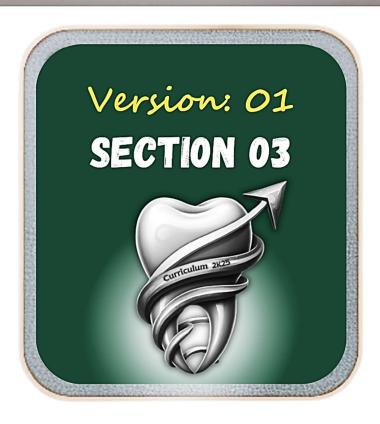
- 8.Gastrointestinal Tract
- 9.Occlusion-I

#### **PRISME**

Professionalism, Research, Informatics (Dental), Social Responsibility, Management/Entrepreneurship and Evidence Based Dentistry)

Islamiyat/Civics & Pakistan Studies









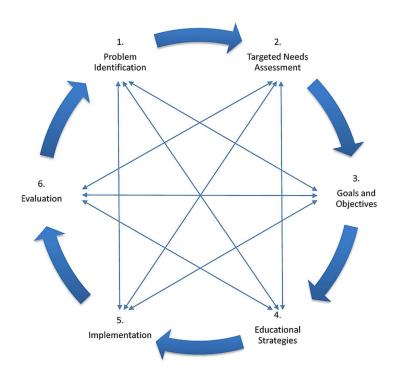
BDS Integrated
Curriculum 2K25
Version: 01



#### Version 01

The University of Health sciences, keeping up with the continuing changes in the world and keeping par with the international standards, introduced the modular integrated curriculum 2k23 in 2023. This curriculum changed the outlook of medical teaching and training in medical colleges across the Punjab. To achieve the aim of producing a quality dental graduate having generic competencies of being knowledgeable in basic clinical sciences and skillful in clinical sciences, through professional, leader and role model, the University has now launched the BDS modular integrated curriculum 2K25 for students of Bachelor of Dental Surgery (BDS)

The concept and process of development of 2K25 BDS integrated Curriculum is based on principles of Kern Cycle for curriculum development.



<u>Figure. 1</u>

<u>Kern's Cycle of Medical Curriculum Development</u>

The purpose of BDS integrated 2K25 curriculum is based on the foundations of building clinical knowledge and skill learning where students will think as clinicians from the first day of entry in the dental college. The modular curriculum includes both the horizontal and vertical integration approach. The vertical integration approach involves placing basic dental sciences learning in context of clinical and

entrepreneurial practice, thus broadening the ways for instructional strategies for teachers and students to learn dentistry. Revisiting essential concepts in various phases of learning across the years reinforces the fundamental knowledge with clinical correlations and patients increase conceptual building and clarity.

#### **Need for Development of a Modular Integrated Curriculum**

Contextualization in the curriculum refers to the process of integrating the pertinent local needs of the population and global standards into the curriculum. It ensures that the curriculum is relevant to the needs of the local community, while also meeting the global standards. In the context of health professionals, contextualization is essential as it helps students to be better prepared for the practical world, where they will be providing healthcare services to diverse populations.

In Pakistan, traditional discipline-based curriculum had been followed for many decades now, which was spread over 4 years of didactic teaching and clinical trainings, whereas now the need of clinical conceptualization is essential to understand the unique healthcare teaching and clinical challenges that may include faculty development, infrastructure needs, clinical exposure for the students, increase disease burden of oral diseases including cancer, poor management of the dental patients, lack of training of students in forensic dentistry, limited resources for dentistry in hospitals etc. Thus, necessitating a unique tailored approach to dental education and integration.

#### **Uniqueness of Modular Integrated Curriculum 2K25**

The modular integrated curriculum 2K25 is uniquely designed to cater with the clinical needs of the students in an integrated manner.

#### 1. Spiral Integration of the Modules

The curriculum has three spiral integrations of subjects present throughout it. One spiral integration of basic and clinical correlation will be done in 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> year. The second spiral integration will be in 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> year. The spiral of PRISME will be integrated throughout all the years of study.

- 2. Inclusion of pre-hospital emergency based clinical training workshops for the students
- 3. Structured logbooks
- 4. Structured internal assessment
- **5.** Inculcation of Forensic odontology in the curriculum
- **6.** Teaching Pediatric dentistry
- 7. Correlation of dental radiology with clinical cases
- **8.** Entrepreneurship/ practice management

- **9.** Training using AI in Dentistry for clinical assessment
- **10.**CIPP model (Context, Input, Process, Product) for continuous evaluation of curriculum for quality control purposes

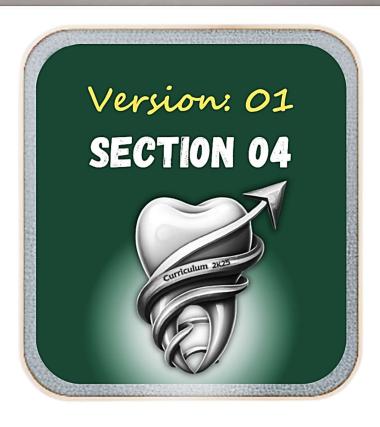
The BDS Integrated Curriculum 2k25 will serve as a landmark educational design for teaching, learning, assessment and trainings of all BDS students and will serve as an educational experience for all faculty and students to improvement of dentistry throughout Pakistan.



LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS			
Abbreviations	Subjects		
UHS	University of Health Sciences		
BDS	Bachelor of Dental Surgery		
PRISME	Professionalism, Research, Informatics, Social Responsibility and Accountability, Management & Entrepreneurship, Ethics Evidence Based Dentistry		
WHO	World Health Organization		
Α	Anatomy		
Al	Artificial Intelligence		
В	Biochemistry		
GDC	General Dental Council		
Ph	Pharmacology		
Р	Physiology		
Pa	Pathology		
ОВ	Oral Biology		
OP	Oral Pathology		
CD	Community Dentistry		
OD	Operative Dentistry		
AMIA	American Medical Informatics Association		
AMEE	Association of Medical Education in Europe		
BhS	Behavioral Sciences		
CNS	Central Nervous System		
GIT	Gastrointestinal Tract		
cvs	Cardiovascular System		
TMJ	Temporomandibular Joint		
CBC	Complete Blood Count		
ESR	Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate		
PCR	Polymerase Chain Reaction		
ED50	Median Effective Dose		
LD50	Median Lethal Dose		
TD50	Median Toxic Dose		
AUC	Area Under Curve		
MCV	Mean Corpuscular Volume		
MCH	Mean Corpuscular Hemoglobin		

MCHC	Mean Corpuscular Hemoglobin Concentration	
Na	Sodium	
К	Potassium	
DNA	Deoxyribonucleic Acid	
TORCH	Toxoplasmosis, Other, Rubella, Cytomegalovirus, Herpes simplex	
CF	Craniofacial	
CFII	Craniofacial II	
Car	Cariology	
DEJ	Dentin enamel Junction	
HERS	Hertwig's Epithelial Root Sheath	
FDI	Fédération Dentaire Internationale	
GAGs	Glycosaminoglycans	
EFA	Essential Fatty Acids	
Hb	Hemoglobin	
HbA1c	Glycated Hemoglobin	
ATP	Adenosine Triphosphate	
RBC	Red Blood Cell	
NMJ	Neuromuscular Junction	
ID50	Median Infectious Dose	
RCTs	Randomized Control Trials	





## ACADEMIC AND ASSESSMENT FRAMEWORK: GENERAL GUIDELINES BDS FIRST PROFESSIONAL EXAM

#### Time Allocation and Academic Framework

The First Professional BDS academic year consists of a minimum of 1,200 teaching hours, conducted in affiliated colleges. The curriculum is structured into three blocks, each further divided into modules with defined learning outcomes for each subject.

Blocks	Block 1	Block 2	Block 3		
	Foundation	Craniofacial II	Blood and CVS		
	Craniofacial I	Neurosciences	GIT		
Modules	Cariology I	Alveolocemental Complex	Occlusion I		
роМ	PRISME (Professionalism, Research, Informatics (Dental), Social Responsibility and Accountability, Management/Entrepreneurship and Evidence Based Dentistry)				
	Islamiyat / Civics and Pakistan studies				

#### **Weekly Academic Commitment**

**Students** are required to participate in **35 hours per week** of **teaching**, **learning**, **and assessments**. Beyond these scheduled academic hours, they are expected to invest additional time in **self-study and independent learning**.



## BDS Integrated Curriculum 2K25 Version 01









# Module No. 01 FOUNDATION



#### **MODULE RATIONALE**

The dental students need to master competencies that align their knowledge and skills, and prepare them for the dynamics of their profession. The foundation module lays the groundwork on which the integrated dental curriculum stands strong to uphold the sound practices of the dental profession. The foundation module has been designed to introduce the dental students to the concepts of dentistry and explain the molecular, genetic, anatomical, physiological and pathological mechanisms essential for body functions. Cell is the structural and functional unit of life and this module. Using a constructivist approach this module gives an orientation to the dental students on which they are prepared for the upcoming modules.

#### **MODULE OUTCOMES**

- Classify human dentition.
- Identify and describe the anatomical landmarks of tooth using models and diagrams.
- Interpret different tooth numbering systems.
- Describe the structure and function of cellular organelles.
- Classify the different types of bones with examples.
- Describe the microscopic structure of various tissues (bone, muscles etc).
- Explain homeostasis and discuss the role of control system in maintaining homeostasis.
- Compare the prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells.
- Describe the significance, sources and functions of essential fatty acids.
- Describe the mechanism of cell injury.
- · Explain the structure of bacteria.
- Discuss the different methods of sterilization.
- Discuss the various routes of drug administration.
- Explain the clinical significance of plasma half-life.
- Describe the drug clearance mechanism

#### SUBJECTS INTEGRATED IN THE MODULE

- Anatomy
- Physiology
- Biochemistry
- Oral Biology
- Pharmacology & Dental Therapeutics
- Microbiology

- Community Dentistry & Public Health
- General Pathology



## **THEORY**

### **GENERAL ANATOMY**

CODE	COECIFIC I FARNING OUTCOMES	Total hours = 10	
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	ТОРІС
	Define different branches of Anatomy		Introduction to Human Anatomy:
	Describe the "Anatomical Position"		
F-A-001	Discuss the planes of body		Definitions, Terminology,
	Describe the terms related to position, movement and laterality		and Planes
	Discuss the structural characteristics of compact and spongy bones		
	Classify bones based on region, size and shape providing examples of each, preferably from the head and neck		
	Describe the general characteristics of an adult typical long bone		
F-A-002	Define ossification and briefly describe the process of intramembranous and endochondral ossification		Osteology
	Describe rule of ossification		
	Describe the blood supply of various types of bones		
	Describe the features of different views of skull (Anterior, Posterior, Superior, Inferior, Lateral)		
	Describe the structural classification of Joints		
F-A-003	(fibrous, cartilaginous and synovial) along with their sub-classifications with examples of each		Joints
	Enlist the general characteristics of synovial joints		- 1 <del></del>

1			
	Enlist the factors stabilizing a synovial joint		
	Describe Hilton's Law		
F-A-004	Discuss and differentiate the gross features of hyaline, elastic and fibrocartilage		Cartilage
	Describe the types of muscular tissue (skeletal, smooth and cardiac)		
F-A-005	Describe parts of a muscle		Myology
	Classify and exemplify skeletal muscles on the basis of shape, fiber architecture and action		
F-A-006	Describe the two layers of skin (epidermis and dermis)		Integumentary System
	HISTOLOGY		
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	Total hours = 21	
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	TOPIC
	Describe the electron microscopic structure and		
	fluid mosaic model of plasma membrane		
	·		
F-A-007	fluid mosaic model of plasma membrane  List the membranous and non-membranous cellular	Physiology	Cell
F-A-007	fluid mosaic model of plasma membrane  List the membranous and non-membranous cellular organelles of cell  Describe the structure of the cellular organelles and	Physiology Oral Biology	Cell
F-A-007	fluid mosaic model of plasma membrane  List the membranous and non-membranous cellular organelles of cell  Describe the structure of the cellular organelles and correlate with their functions  Describe the structure of different types of cell		Cell
F-A-007	fluid mosaic model of plasma membrane  List the membranous and non-membranous cellular organelles of cell  Describe the structure of the cellular organelles and correlate with their functions  Describe the structure of different types of cell junctions		Cell

	i. Microvilli	
	ii. Stereocilia	
	iii. Cilia	
	Describe the structure of basement membrane	
	Classify and exemplify the exocrine glands on the basis of: Shape of secretory portions and ducts	
	mode of secretion and types of secretion and Shape	
	of secretory portions and ducts	
	List the connective tissue cells along with their functions	
	Describe the composition of ground substance of connective tissue	
F-A-009	Describe the structure of fibers of connective tissue	Connective Tissue
	Classify connective tissue along with their examples	
	Draw and label light microscopic diagram of	
	different types of connective tissue	
	Describe the microscopic and ultramicroscopic structure of all types of cartilages	
F-A-010	Draw and label light microscopic diagram of	Cartilages
	different types of cartilages	
	List the bone cells along with their functions	
	Describe the composition of bone matrix (organic, inorganic)	
F-A-011	Describe the histology of compact and spongy bone	Bones
	Draw and label light microscopic diagram of compact and spongy bones	
F-A-012	Describe the microscopic structure and ultramicroscopic structure of skeletal, cardiac, and smooth muscles	Muscles

F-A-013	Draw and label light microscopic diagram of muscles  Describe the light microscopic structure of lymphoid organs  Draw and label light microscopic diagram of lymphoid organs		Lymphoid System
F-A-014	Describe the composition of epidermis and dermis  Draw and label light microscopic diagram of thick and thin skin		Skin
	PHYSIOLOGY		
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES		ours: 21
CODE	SPECIFIC ELARATING GOTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	TOPIC
F-P-001	Define Homeostasis  Describe internal environment of the body  Differentiate between Extracellular and Intracellular  Fluids (with special emphasis on comparing the concentration of sodium, potassium, and calcium ions)		Homeostasis: Control of Internal Environment
F-P-002	Name control system of body by giving examples  Explain the positive, negative, and feed-forward mechanisms with examples		Control Systems of the Body
F-P-003	Discuss organization of the cell  Explain the structure and functions of the cell membrane  Enlist the functions of Glycocalyx  Name different proteins of the cell membrane with their functions  Enlist membranous and non-membranous organelles  Enlist the self-replicative organelles		Cell and its Organelles and their Functions

	Differentiate between the functions of smooth and	
	rough endoplasmic reticulum	
	Explain the functions of Golgi apparatus	
	Explain the functions of lysosomes	
	Explain the functions of peroxisomes	
	Compare functions of lysosomes and peroxisomes	
	Enlist functions of mitochondria and ribosomes	
	Enumerate the components and functions of the	
	cytoskeleton	
	Define and enlist types of endocytosis	Functional
F-P-004	Explain the mechanism of pinocytosis	Systems of Cell
	Enlist different transport mechanisms	
	Discuss the process of simple diffusion across the	
	cell membrane	
•	Explain the process of facilitated diffusion	Transport of
F-P-005	Compare features of simple and facilitated diffusion	Substance
1 -1 -003	with examples	through Cell
	Classify different types of active transport	Membrane
	Describe primary and secondary active transport	
	with examples	
	Enlist and explain functions of Na-K pump	
	Discuss the components of blood	
	Enlist the functions of blood	
	Enlist plasma proteins	Blood with
	Enumerate the different sites of erythropoiesis at	Special
	different ages	Emphasis on
F-P-006	Enlist the stages of erythropoiesis	Red Blood
	Discuss characteristics of red cells	Cells, Anemia
	Give normal range of red cells in blood, also their	and
	shape and size	Polycythemia
	Define blood indices mentioned as: MCV (mean	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	corpuscular volume), MCH (mean corpuscular	
	hemoglobin), and MCHC (mean corpuscular	

hemoglobin concentration). Give their normal		
values & enumerate the conditions in which these		
values are disturbed		
Discuss functions of red cells		
Discuss the site and mechanism of production of		
erythropoietin and its role in erythropoiesis		
Explain the significance of vitamin B12 and folic acid		
in maturation of red blood cells		
Enumerate and elaborate role of factors/nutrients		
that are required and regulate erythropoiesis		
Discuss components/structure of hemoglobin		
Define sickle cell anemia		
Discuss fate of red cells when they complete their		
life span		
Define and classify anemia on the basis of		
morphology and cause.		
Discuss the effects of anemia on circulation		
Define and enlist types of polycythemias		
Discuss the effects of polycythemias on circulation		_

	BIOCHEMISTRY		
		TOTAL HOURS = 37	
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	ТОРІС
	Define carbohydrates and their general structure.		
F-B-001	Classify carbohydrates into monosaccharides, disaccharides, oligosaccharides, and polysaccharides and their biochemical importance  Define carbohydrate isomerism, differentiate between aldo-keto isomers, D & L isomers, epimers, and α & β anomers, and provide suitable examples of each relevant to dentistry (dental caries, salivary glycoproteins)  Differentiate between reducing and non-reducing sugars.  Define blood glucose levels and identify the normal ranges for fasting, random, and postprandial blood glucose measurements.  Define glycemic index and evaluate the impact of		Carbohydrate
	various dietary carbohydrates on blood sugar levels, highlighting their clinical significance.		
F-B-002	Define amino acids and classify standard amino acids according to side chain and nutritional importance  Define and classify proteins on the based on their functions and axial ratio along with their biological significance  Explain the levels of protein organization (primary, secondary, tertiary, and quaternary structures) and their relevance to protein function.		Amino Acid & Protein Classification with Importance
F-B-003	Define lipids and their Classification along with their biological importance		Lipids

F-B-004	Define and classify vitamins based on their solubility.  Briefly explain the active forms, sources, (RDA), biological roles, and associated deficiency disorders of Vitamin B-complex including B1, B2, B3, B6, B9, and B12, vitamin E and Vitamin C in relation to RBC's.	vitamins.
F-B-005	Define acids, bases, and pH in biological systems.  Explain the concept of pH scale and its importance in body fluids.  Enlist the buffer systems of the human body and their role in maintenance of homeostasis.  Describe the Henderson-Hasselbalch equation and its applications.	Acid, Base, pH & Buffers
F-B-006	Define enzymes and their role in biological reactions.  Classify enzymes with examples of each  Explain the properties and mechanism of enzyme  Describe the factors affecting enzyme activity and regulation of enzyme	Enzymes
F-B-007	Describe the fluid mosaic model of cell membrane  Describe the role of cell organelles and describe the technique of subcellular fractionation for separation of cell organelles and enlist marker enzymes for various cell components.	Cell
F-B-008	Define and classify receptors.  Delineate the sequence of events in the signal transduction pathways involving Gs and Gq proteins.	Signal Transduction Pathways

	Differentiate between anabolism and catabolism,		
	and list the metabolic pathways associated with		
	each process.		
E D 000	Outline the steps of glycolysis pathway including		Cell Energy
F-B-009	regulation of key enzymes with energetics		Metabolism
	Differentiate between aerobic and anaerobic		
	glycolysis, highlighting the fate of pyruvate in each		
	condition		
	Describe the structure of Heme and briefly describe		
	the steps of Heme synthesis with its regulation.  How does Heme combine with Globin to form		
	Hemoglobin and Enlist the functions of Hemoglobin		
	Enlist the types of hemoglobin along with their		
	percentage and chain composition.		Hemoglobin Structure,
F-B-010	Explain the significance of HbA1c		Types, and Functions
	Define and explain the biochemical basis of		
	porphyria along with its classification.		
	Describe the oral and dental manifestations of		
	porphyria, including erythrodontia, photosensitivity,	Oral Pathology	
	mucosal lesions, and delayed healing.		
	Describe and outline the steps in Hexose		
	Monophosphate Pathway (HMP) and its		
	significance in RBC's		Metabolic
F-B-011	Compare and contrast Glycolysis and the HMP		Pathways in
	Shunt		Red Blood Cells
	Explain hemolytic anemia due to pyruvate kinase		OCIIS
	and glucose 6 phosphate dehydrogenase		
	deficiencies.		
	Understand the oxygen-binding mechanism of		
	hemoglobin, including the concepts of cooperative		Oxygen
F-B-012	binding and allosteric regulation.		Dissociation Curve
	Explain and draw the oxygen-hemoglobin		Julve
	dissociation curve for hemoglobin.		

	Give biochemical explanation for abnormally high oxygen affinity of hemoglobin in the stored blood.		
	Describe the biochemical role of Selenium and Iron		Biochemical
			Role of
F-B-013	in RBC function, antioxidant defense, and		Selenium, Iron
	erythropoiesis.		in RBC
			function
	ORAL BIOLOGY		
		TOTAL H	OURS = 18
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	ТОРІС
	The Tooth		
	Supporting Tissues of the Tooth		
	Oral Mucosa		
	Salivary Glands		
	Bones of the Jaw		
	Temporomandibular Joint		Structure of
F-OB-001	Hard Tissue Formation		Oral Tissues (A Brief
	Mineralization		Introduction)
	Hard Tissue Degradation		
	Enamel		
	Dentine		
	Cementum		
	Periodontal Ligament		
	Describe the structure, types, and functions of the		Cytoskeleton
F-OB-002	cytoskeleton, including microfilaments, intermediate		
	filaments, and microtubules, within oral tissues.		
	Classify and explain the functions of intercellular		
	junctions, including tight junctions, adherents'	Histology.	Cell Junctions
F-OB-003	junctions, desmosomes, and gap junctions, in oral	Histology (Anatomy)	
		(Allaconty)	
	epithelial tissues.		

	Illustrate the structural features and functions of		
	desmosomes and hemidesmosomes in maintaining		
	the integrity of oral epithelial tissues.		
	Describe the structure, secretory functions, and role		
	of fibroblasts in the maintenance of the extracellular		
5.00.004	matrix in oral tissues		
F-OB-004	Explain the steps involved in collagen synthesis		Fibroblast
	and assembly, highlighting its importance in oral		
	connective tissue.		
	Discuss the composition, function, and degradation		
F-OB-005	processes of the extracellular matrix, emphasizing		Extracellular Matrix
	its role in oral tissue integrity and repair.		IVIALITX
	Name the three major functions of the human		
	dentition		
	Describe various ways of classifying human		
	dentition.		
•	Define the three dentition periods (deciduous,		
	mixed, permanent). Identify each period's		
	approximate time intervals, initiation, and		
	termination events		
•	Describe the dental Formula for permeant and		
	Deciduous dentition		
	Define "succedaneous" and identify succedaneous		Introduction
F-OB-006	teeth	Tooth Morphology	and
•	Describe the eruption pattern of primary and	worpriology	Nomenclature
	permanent dentition		
	Demonstrate understanding of various dental		
	numbering systems (e.g., universal, FDI, Palmer).		
	Describe the anatomical surfaces and land marks of		
	both anterior and posterior teeth, including the roots,		
	using standardized dental terminology.		
	Identify and name tooth surfaces and thirds of tooth		
	surfaces from diagrams or descriptions		
	Differentiate between the crown surfaces of teeth by	<i>,</i>	
	matching them with their correct general shape		

(triangular, trapezoidal, or rhomboidal), or by
relating the shape to the specific function of the
tooth.
Identify and name line and point angles based on
diagrams or descriptions.
Define elevations and depressions on the tooth
surface.
Applications to the type of root structure necessary
for proper the function of the different teeth, and the
general rules regarding tooth roots and the normal
number of branches.

## **GENERAL PATHOLOGY**

		TOTAL HOURS = 07	
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	ТОРІС
F-Pa-001	Define the terms: pathology, etiology & pathogenesis		Pathology
	Discuss causes of cell injury		
	Describe the types and mechanism of cell injury		
F-Pa-002	Identify different types of cellular adaptations to stress with examples		Cell Injury
	Discuss the mechanism of cellular adaptations to stress in detail		
E Po 003	Identify the two types of cell death		0.11.11
F-Pa-003	Enumerate the differences between them		Cell death
F-Pa-004	Define necrosis		Necrosis
	Identify its various types with examples		INGCIUSIS

F-Pa-005	Define apoptosis with examples  Describe its mechanism and pathways in detail		Apoptosis
F-Pa-006	Discuss mechanism & types of intracellular accumulations		Intracellular accumulations
F-Pa-007	Define pigmentation and identify various endogenous & exogenous pigments		Pigmentation
F-Pa-008	Define calcification and differentiate between dystrophic & metastatic calcification		Calcification
F-Pa-009	Explain the changes taking place due to aging at the cellular level	Oral Biology	Aging
	MICROBIOLOGY		
CODE	COFCIFIC I FARMING OUTCOMES	TOTAL H	OURS = 20
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	ТОРІС
F-Pa-010	Enlist microbes that cause infectious diseases along with important features.		General
	Differentiate between Eukaryotes & Prokaryotes.		Microbiology
	Discuss morphology, structure of bacteria including		
	cell wall, cytoplasmic membrane, and cytoplasm of bacteria.		
F-Pa-011	bacteria.  Discuss important structures outside cell wall &		Bacteria
F-Pa-011	bacteria.  Discuss important structures outside cell wall & bacterial spores.  Differentiate between gram positive & negative		Bacteria

Define mutation and its different types and Define Recombination

Discuss transfer of DNA within and between bacterial cells including conjugation, transduction, and transformation.

Discuss classification of medically important bacteria.

Define normal flora, colonizer, dysbiosis, and elaborate significance of normal flora.

Discuss normal flora of different body sites including oral cavity, skin, respiratory tract, intestinal tract, etc.

Define pathogen, pathogenesis, virulence factors, ID50, LD50.

Discuss principles of pathogenesis.

Enlist different types of bacterial infections and Describe stages of bacterial pathogenesis.

Discuss determinants of bacterial pathogenesis that includes:

- Transmission
- Adherence to cell surfaces.
- Invasion
- · Inflammation & intracellular survival
- Toxin production
- Immuno-pathogenesis

Enlist different strains of the same bacteria that can produce different diseases.

Mechanisms of Antimicrobial Drugs

Define typical stages of an infectious disease.

Discuss role of biofilm and glycocalyx in causing infection.

Tabulate the differences between sterilization and		
disinfection.		
Define sterilization and disinfection and describe the		
various methods of sterilization.		Sterilization
Tabulate the differences between sterilization and		and Disinfection
disinfection.		Distriction
PHARMACOLOGY & DENTAL THERAPI	EUTICS	
	TOTAL H	OURS = 17
SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	торіс
Students should be able to discuss General		
Concepts of Pharmacology		
Students should be able to define and describe		General
Pharmacokinetics and Pharmacodynamics		Pharmacology
Mechanisms of Drugs Transport/ Permeation		
Sources of Drugs/ Active Principles		
Enumerate advantages and disadvantages of		
various Routes of drug Administration		
Define drug absorption & Bioavailability and factors		
affecting		Drugs
Define and explain Distribution and Volume of		Transport
Distribution		
Define and explain Redistribution and Plasma		
Protein Binding		
Explain the concept of Metabolism &		
Biotransformation		
Define Enzyme Induction & Enzyme Inhibition		Enzuma
Describe the clinical significance of enzyme		Enzyme Induction &
induction and enzyme inhibition with their examples		Enzyme Inhibition
	Define sterilization and disinfection and describe the various methods of sterilization.  Tabulate the differences between sterilization and disinfection.  PHARMACOLOGY & DENTAL THERAPI  SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES  Students should be able to discuss General Concepts of Pharmacology  Students should be able to define and describe Pharmacokinetics and Pharmacodynamics  Mechanisms of Drugs Transport/ Permeation  Sources of Drugs/ Active Principles  Enumerate advantages and disadvantages of various Routes of drug Administration  Define drug absorption & Bioavailability and factors affecting  Define and explain Distribution and Volume of Distribution  Define and explain Redistribution and Plasma Protein Binding  Explain the concept of Metabolism & Biotransformation  Define Enzyme Induction & Enzyme Inhibition	disinfection.  Define sterilization and disinfection and describe the various methods of sterilization.  Tabulate the differences between sterilization and disinfection.  PHARMACOLOGY & DENTAL THERAPEUTICS  TOTAL HISTORY  SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES  INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE  Students should be able to discuss General Concepts of Pharmacology  Students should be able to define and describe Pharmacokinetics and Pharmacodynamics  Mechanisms of Drugs Transport/ Permeation  Sources of Drugs/ Active Principles  Enumerate advantages and disadvantages of various Routes of drug Administration  Define drug absorption & Bioavailability and factors affecting  Define and explain Distribution and Volume of Distribution  Define and explain Redistribution and Plasma Protein Binding  Explain the concept of Metabolism & Biotransformation  Define Enzyme Induction & Enzyme Inhibition

Drug excretion

F-Ph-004

Enlist routes of drug excretion

	Describe processes of drug excretion through the	
	kidneys	
	Describe factors affecting glomerular filtration &	
	tubular reabsorption	
	Describe the Clinical Significance of Glomerular	
	Filtration, Active Tubular Secretion and Passive	
	Tubular Reabsorption of Drugs	
	Define first pass elimination	
	Define and enlist factors affecting Plasma Half-Life	D
F-Ph-005	Explain clinical significance of plasma half-life	Plasma Half- Life
	Explain steady state plasma concentration	
	Define & Explain Elimination and Orders of	
	Elimination – First & Zero Order Kinetics with	
F-Ph-006	examples	Order Kinetics
	Tabulate differences between First order kinetics	
	and Zero Order Kinetics	
E DI 007	Define, explain & calculate maintenance dose and	Maintenance
F-Ph-007	loading dose using appropriate formula	dose
	Understand the concept of drug clearance	
F-Ph-008	Describe factors affecting drug clearance	Drug clearance
	Explain the Clinical Significance of different values	_
	of Drug Clearance	
F-Ph-009	Elaborate Transmembrane signaling pathways	Signaling
1 -1 11-003	Name the Effectors controlled by G-proteins	pathways
	Define Pharmacodynamics, Affinity, Efficacy,	
	Potency	
	Explain Agonist, partial agonist, inverse agonist,	Pharmacodyna
F-Ph-010	bias, allosteric agonists and modulators with	mics
	examples	
	Define Spare receptor and give clinical importance	

	Describe various Drug-antagonism types with examples  Compare & discuss the information derived from Graded and Quantal dose-response curves  Define Median Effective (ED50), Median Toxic (TD50) & Median Lethal Dose (LD50) and its clinical relevance  Define Therapeutic index and give its clinical	
	importance  Define Therapeutic window and give its clinical importance  Define Desensitization, Tachyphylaxis, Tolerance, Resistance, super sensitivity, hypersensitivity, super	
	infection, iatrogenic effect, idiosyncrasy, and give examples  Describe the Phenomenon of down regulation and up regulation of receptors	
	Enlist factors affecting Dose and action of Drugs	
F-Ph-011	Describe Pharmacogenetics and give examples	Pharmacogene tics
F-Ph-012	Illustrate various phases of Drug development	Drug development
F-Ph-013	Describe Drug Interactions	Drug Interactions
	COMMUNITY DENTISTRY AND DURI IC	HEALTH

#### COMMUNITY DENTISTRY AND PUBLIC HEALTH

CODE		TOTAL HOURS = 05	OURS = 05
	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	ТОРІС
F-CD-001	Define dental public health, health and its dimensions, disease, and illness.  Difference Between clinical and public health Dentist.  Identify criteria for a disease to be of public health importance.  Describe the Concepts of prevention and its levels.		Public Health

## PRACTICAL / LAB WORK OF FOUNDATION MODULE

### PHARMACOLOGY

		TOTAL HOURS =02	
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	ТОРІС
F-Ph-014	Calculations of drug dosing (e.g., IV infusion) &		Calculation
	dose of children.		
F-Ph-015	Calculations (Mean, Mode, Median, Standard		Б
	Deviation, and Standard Error), and Metrology.		Drug dosing

## ORAL BIOLOGY AND TOOTH MORPHOLOGY

		TOTAL HOURS =10	
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	ТОРІС
F-OB-007	List all structures of a tooth. Identify, draw, and label structures of the tooth on models.		Enamel, Dentine, Pulp, Cementum, Periodontal Ligament, Salivary gland, TMJ, Oral Mucosa.
F-OB-008	Identify and differentiate, on tooth specimen/models/images: anatomical crown, clinical crown, anatomical root, clinical root, enamel, dentin, cementum, cervical line, pulp cavity, cusps, tubercles, cingulum, ridges (marginal, triangular, transverse, oblique and cusp ridges), inclined plane, mamelons, fossa, developmental (primary) groove, supplemental (secondary) groove, line angles, point angles, and tooth surfaces (mesial, distal, lingual/palatal, buccal/labial, incisal/occlusal),	Oral Histology Tooth Morphology	Introduction & Nomenclature of tooth
	Carve tooth models in wax/soap (one anterior & one posterior) and demonstrate the morphological features.		

	Identify & number different teeth according to universal, palmar notation & FDI numbering		
	systems		
F-OB-009	Draw & label the diagram of cytoskeletal elements.	Oral Histology	Cytoskeleton
F-OB-010	Draw & label the diagram of tight junctions, desmosomes, hemidesmosomes, and gap junctions.		Cell Junctions
F-OB-011	Draw and label steps of collagen synthesis and assembly		Fibroblast
	MICROSCOPIC ANATOMY (HISTOLO	DGY)	
6005	COFCIFIC LEADNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL H	OURS =13
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	TOPIC
F-A-015	Identify under a light microscope and draw & label different types of epithelia.		Epithelium
F-A-016	identify under a light microscope and draw & label different types of connective tissues.		Connective tissue
F-A-017	Identify under a light microscope and draw & label different types of cartilages.		Cartilage
F-A-018	Identify under a light microscope and draw & label compact and spongy bones.		Bone
F-A-019	Identify under a light microscope and draw & label different types of muscles.		Muscle
F-A-020	Identify under a light microscope and draw & label lymphoid organs.		Lymphoid organs
F-A-021	Identify under a light microscope and draw & label thick and thin skin.		Skin
	PHYSIOLOGY		
6005	COFCIFIC I FARNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL H	OURS =5
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	ТОРІС
F-P-007	Parts of Microscope and their functions and how to operate it		Microscope

F-P-008	How to Obtain verbal consent from subject before and observation of drawing blood for CBC testing.  Interpret the RBC count, hemoglobin, concentration and hematocrit in the CBC report generated by automated Analyzer		CBC Report Analysis	
F-P-009	Read and interpret ESR result on Westergren's tube and mentions conditions in which ESR is increased or decreased physiologically and pathologically.		ESR	
	PATHOLOGY			
		TOTAL HOURS =04		
		TOTAL HO	OURS =04	
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	TOPIC	
CODE F-Pa-013	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES  Identify the types of necrosis on slides/ pictures	INTEGRATING		
		INTEGRATING	ТОРІС	
F-Pa-013	Identify the types of necrosis on slides/ pictures  Identify the cellular adaptation (atrophy, metaplasia,	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	TOPIC  Cell Injury  Cell	



# Module No. 02 CRANIOFACIAL-I



### **MODULE RATIONALE**

The Craniofacial 1 provides foundational knowledge on the general embryology and also embryological and structural development of the craniofacial region and the genetic disorders associated with the craniofacial complex. It serves as a critical phase in building the foundational knowledge necessary for advanced clinical modules.

### **MODULE OUTCOMES**

- Explain the general embryological processes and underlying craniofacial development, including the formation and differentiation of the skull, face, palate, and temporomandibular joint (TMJ).
- Identify genetic mechanisms involved in craniofacial anomalies and systemic diseases.
- Demonstrate practical skills in identifying development of craniofacial structures.
- Integrate multidisciplinary knowledge to develop a comprehensive understanding of craniofacial development, enabling effective foundation for clinical contexts such as orthodontics, oral surgery, and periodontology.

#### SUBJECTS INTEGRATED IN THE MODULE

- 1. Anatomy
- 2. Oral Biology
- 3. General Pathology
- 4. Microbiology



## **THEORY**

### **ANATOMY**

CODE	CODE SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES		OURS =42
		INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	ТОРІС
CF1-A-001	Briefly describe the process of mitosis and meiosis		Cell Division
	Describe the process of oogenesis, including the stages and regulatory mechanisms involved.  Describe spermatogenesis and spermiogenesis,		
CF1-A-002	highlighting their roles in male fertility.  Describe the embryological basis of teratoma.		Gametogenesis
CF1-A-003	Discuss the ovarian cycle, hormonal regulation and its phases.		First week of development:
GI I X GGG	Enlist and explain the main outcomes of fertilization and their relevance to early embryonic development.		Ovulation to implantation
CF1-A-004	Describe the embryological basis of hydatidiform mole and its pathological significance.		Second week of Development:
	Describe the formation of embryonic disc, amniotic cavity and yolk sac		Bilaminar Germ Disc
	Discuss the process of gastrulation  Discuss the growth and differentiation of the embryonic disc, including the clinical implications of its anomalies.		Third Week of Development:
CF1-A-005	Describe the embryological basis for situs inversus, sirenomelia, holoprosencephaly		Trilaminar Germ Disc
	Describe the development of trophoblast during third week of development		
CF1-A-006	Explain the stages of neurulation and the formation of the neural tube.		Third to Eight Weeks:

	Describe the process of vasculogenesis and its role in embryonic vascular development.		Embryonic Period
	Discuss craniosynostosis (premature closure of sutures) and its impact on skull and brain growth.		
CF1-A-007	Discuss the clinical presentation of numerical and structural chromosomal abnormalities		Birth Defects
	ORAL BIOLOGY		
6005	CDECIFIC LEADAUNG OUTCOMES	TOTAL H	OURS = 33
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	торіс
CF1-OB- 001	Describe the origin, migration, and differentiation of neural crest cells, and explain their contributions to the formation of bone, cartilage, connective tissues in craniofacial development and the associated development defects.	General Embryology (Anatomy)	Neural Crest Cells and Head Formation
CF1-OB- 002	Describe the formation, organization, and derivatives (muscles, nerves, skeletal structures) of the five pharyngeal (branchial) arches and its clinical implications  Identify the embryological contributions of the pharyngeal pouches, grooves, and membranes and its clinical implications (Branchial Cleft Cysts and Fistulas).	General Embryology (Anatomy)	Branchial (Pharyngeal) Arches and the Primitive Mouth
CF1-OB- 003	Describe the key facial prominences (frontonasal, maxillary, and mandibular) and their fusion process in forming the forehead, nose, upper lip, and jaw.  Discuss the critical periods of facial development, teratogenic factors disrupting it, and the clinical implications of improper facial fusion, including anomalies like cleft lip and midline facial clefts		Formation of the Face

CF1-OB- 004	Describe the development of the primary and secondary palate, including the growth, elevation, and fusion of palatal shelves, and discuss the molecular signals involved in palatal development and its clinical implications due to non- fusion like Cleft Palate including the teratogenic factors that cause it.	Oral Embryology, Oral pathology	Formation of the Palate
CF1-OB- 005	Describe the embryonic development of the tongue, contributions of key structures (lateral lingual swellings, tuberculum impar, copula), muscle derivation, and sensory/motor innervation and Developmental Defects associated with it like ankyloglossia	Oral Embryology, Oral Pathology	Formation of the Tongue
CF1-OB- 006	Explain the two types of ossification: intramembranous (flat bones) and endochondral (base of the skull).  Describe the role of Meckel's cartilage in mandibular development and the process of intramembranous ossification in forming the mandible and maxilla.  Define jaw size anomalies and their embryological basis and clinical impact (Micrognathia and Macrognathia).	Oral Histology, Oral Embryology, Oral Pathology	Development of the Mandible and Maxilla
CF1-OB- 007	Describe the development of the temporomandibular joint (TMJ), including the role of secondary cartilage, and potential developmental disorders (congenital dislocation, condylar hypoplasia	Oral Embryology, Oral Pathology	Development of the Temporomandib ular Joint (TMJ)
CF1-OB- 008	Describe the formation of the primary epithelial band and its role in initiating tooth development.  Explain the process of tooth initiation and the molecular signals involved in odontogenesis.	Oral Embryology	Early Tooth Development

	Discuss the determination of different tooth types based on patterning signals in the oral ectoderm.		
	Describe the histological and morphological		
	changes that occur during the bud stage of tooth development	Oral Embryology	Stages of Tooth Development
	Explain the bud-to-cap transition and the role of epithelial-mesenchymal interactions in tooth differentiation.		
CF1-OB- 009	Describe the histological and morphological changes that occur during the cap stage of tooth development.		
	Describe the histological and morphological changes that occur during the bell stage of tooth development.		
	Describe the role of signaling centers such as the enamel knot in controlling tooth shape and structure.		
CF1-OB- 010	Explain the process of hard tissue formation, including enamel, dentin, and cementum development in reference to late bell stage of the tooth development	Oral Embryology	Neural and Vascular Contributions
CF1-OB- 011	Describe the role of nerve innervation and vascularization during early tooth development and how they contribute to tissue differentiation.		Formation of the Permanent Dentition
CF1-OB-	Discuss the mechanisms of root development and the role of Hertwig's epithelial root sheath (HERS) in determining root length and shape.		Hard Tissue and Root Formation
012	Describe the formation of the supporting tissues of the tooth, including the periodontal ligament, cementum, and alveolar bone in reference to late bell stage		

CF1-OB- 013	Differentiate between the development of primary and permanent dentition and explain the timing of their formation.		Primary and Permanent Dentition
CF1-OB- 014	Enlist, Define and Identify developmental Anomalies in Tooth Number  Enlist, Define and Identify developmental Anomalies related to Tooth Size	Oral Pathology	Developmental Anomalies related to Tooth Development and Dental Structures

## **GENERAL PATHOLOGY**

CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HOURS = 10	
		INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	TOPIC
CF1-Pa- 001	Define genetic disorders and explain their causes.	Biochemistry	Genetic Disorders: Introduction and causes
CF1-Pa- 002	Describe different types of mutations (point mutations, insertions, deletions) with examples relevant to dentistry		Types of Mutations
CF1-Pa- 003	Explain Mendel's principles and their application to autosomal and X-linked disorder and examples relevant to dentistry		Mendel principles and genetic disorders
CF1-Pa- 004	Describe chromosomal abnormalities (e.g., trisomy, monosomy, translocations) and examples relevant to dentistry	Embryology	Chromosomal abnormalities

	Define, Identify and Correlate specific syndromes with			
	their embryological defects			
CF1-Pa-	i. Down Syndrome			
	ii. Turner Syndrome			
	iii. Treacher Collins Syndrome			
	iv. Pierre Robin Sequence	Embryology, OMFS,	Congenital Craniofacial Anomalies and Developmental Defects	
	v. Goldenhar Syndrome			
005	vi. Crouzon Syndrome	Orthodontics, Oral Pathology		
	vii. Apert Syndrome	Oral Fathology		
	viii. Van der Woude Syndrome			
	ix. Hemifacial Microsomia			
	x. Cleidocranial Dysplasia			
	xi. Nager Syndrome			
	xii. DiGeorge Syndrome			
	Describe how PCR and sequencing help in genetic			
	testing.			
CF1-Pa- 006	Compare different genetic tests and their uses.  Differentiate between karyotyping, sequencing, and	- Biochemistry	Genetic testing	
	biochemical tests.			
	Identify the role of genetic tests in prenatal and carrier screening.			
	MICROBIOLOGY			
CODE			TOTAL HOURS = 03	
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	ТОРІС	
CF1-Pa- 007	Define microbial teratogens and their role in congenital craniofacial and dental anomalies.	Pharmacology	Infectious diseases	
1	1		1	

	Define TORCH infections and identify the impact of		
CF1-Pa- 008	maternal infections (TORCH complex) on embryonic	Embryology	Infectious
000	development and their dental implications.		diseases

## PRACTICAL / LAB WORK

## ORAL BIOLOGY & TOOTH MORPHOLOGY

CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HOURS =07	
		INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	ТОРІС
CF1-OB- 015	Identify the congenital defects (cleft lip and palate,) on pictures/models:  Identify the common tongue anomalies on pictures/models: Aglossia, micro/macroglossia, fissured tongue, cleft tongue, bifid tongue, tongue tie	Oral Embryology	Development of Human embryo with special emphasis on tooth-related structures.
CF1-OB- 016	Draw and label different stages of tooth development  Draw and label the root formation of single-rooted and multi-rooted teeth		Tooth Development





# Module No. 03 CARIOLOGY-I



## **MODULE RATIONALE**

This module establishes a comprehensive foundation in cariology, focusing on the biological, microbial, and environmental factors in dental caries development. By building this knowledge base, students are prepared for advanced applications in clinical practice and public health initiatives. Since caries follows the same biological principles worldwide, the methods for teaching its underlying biology, etiology, epidemiology, prevention, diagnosis, and treatment should also be consistent.

#### **MODULE OUTCOMES**

- Describe the basic structure and function of teeth.
- The natural history of dental caries
- Identify the microbial, dietary, and environmental factors in caries formation.
- Evaluate the impact of dietary habits, saliva composition, and environmental factors on caries development.
- Explain the principles of caries prevention and oral hygiene
- Discuss caries prevention strategies

#### SUBJECTS INTEGRATED IN THE MODULE

- 1. Oral Biology
- 2. Biochemistry
- 3. Community Dentistry and Public Health
- 4. Oral Pathology
- 5. Operative Dentistry



# **THEORY**

### **ORAL BIOLOGY**

6005	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HO	URS = 22
CODE		INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	ТОРІС
Car1-OB- 001	Describe the physical & chemical properties of enamel  Describe the structural organization of enamel and Identify the enamel on radiograph  Describe the Differentiation of ameloblasts with reference to reciprocal induction  Describe the life cycle of Ameloblast  Enlist the stages of Amelogenesis and describe the pre secretory stage  Describe the secretory stage of amelogenesis and role of Tom's process  Describe the maturative stage of amelogenesis and process of modulation  Classify enamel proteins according to their function during amelogenesis  Describe the regulation of pH during enamel formation  Describe the structural features of enamel, including: (Hunter-Schreger bands, Incremental lines, Enamel lamellae, Enamel tufts, Enamel spindles, Gnarled enamel)  Discuss the effects of fluoride on enamel structure and resistance to caries.  Discuss the principles of enamel etching and its importance in restorative dentistry.	Operative dentistry	Enamel

	·	 
	Describe the age changes & repair/regeneration of enamel	
	Explain how developmental disturbances can affect enamel formation.	
	Describe the composition and structure of dentin	
	Describe the process of dentinogenesis, including the role of the molecular factors.	
	Differentiate between the three main types of dentin: primary, secondary, and tertiary, and describe their locations and formation.	
	Identify the structure of dentin radiographically	
	Describe the mechanisms that control dentin mineralization, and differentiate between the pattern of mineralization in mantle dentin and circumpulpal dentin.	
Car1-OB- 002	Explain the processes of secondary and tertiary dentinogenesis, including the stimuli that trigger their formation.	Denti
	Describe the structure and function of dentinal tubules.	
	Differentiate between peritubular and intertubular dentin, and explain their respective compositions and roles.	
	Explain the formation and significance of sclerotic dentin and interglobular dentin.	
	Describe the structural features of dentin, including incremental growth lines and granular layer of Tom's.	
	Describe the cellular contents of the dental pulp	

	Discuss the innervations, vascular supply & lymphatic supply of the dentin-pulp complex  Explain the mechanisms of dentin sensitivity, focusing on the hydrodynamic theory.  Describe the formation and clinical significance of pulp		
	stones (denticles).  Explain how developmental disturbances can affect Dentine formation (Denitnogenesis Imperfecta and dysplasias)  Explain the age-related changes that occur in the		
	dentin-pulp complex.		
Car1-OB- 003	List down the components of saliva. State the functions of saliva.		Saliva
	Differentiate between the following terms: Lobe, Axial Position, Contact Area, Interproximal space, Embrasure, Height of Contour, Cervical Line, Gingival Line, Epithelial Attachment.  Describe the number and names of the lobes of the		
Car1-OB- 004	anterior and posterior teeth  Describe and differentiate contact areas and height of contours including their location, size, function, age related changes, and clinical significance		Tooth Morphology
	Describe the components, boundaries and functions of interproximal space and embrasures		
	Describe the depressions on tooth surface (pit, fissures, and developmental groves)		
	BIOCHEMISTRY		
6005	COFCIFIC I FADNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HO	URS = 08
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	TOPIC

Car1-B- 001	Explain the biochemical properties of sucrose, glucose, and fructose.  Compare the cariogenic potential of sucrose, glucose, and starch,	Operative Dentistry	Biochemical Role of carbohydrates in Dental Caries
Car1-B- 002	Illustrate the glycolytic pathway in cariogenic bacteria and its role in acid production.  Explain the process of lactic acid fermentation, including the conversion of pyruvate into organic acids.  Explain the concept of acidogenicity and aciduricity in cariogenic bacteria.		Carbohydrate Metabolism and Acidogenesis in relation to Dental Caries
Car1-B- 003	Identify and analyze the components of saliva (salivary proteins, enzymes, bicarbonate, statherin, lysozyme, lactoferrin, amylase, histatins) and their functions in maintaining oral pH and enamel repair  Describe the buffering action of saliva (bicarbonate, phosphate, and protein buffers).  Discuss factors that affect salivary flow and pH regulation.  Explain the role of carbonic anhydrase in maintaining oral pH.	Biochemistry	Saliva's Biochemical Role
Car1-B- 004	Discuss how fluoride disrupts bacterial glycolysis and acid production.		Fluoride's Biochemical Mechanism
	COMMUNITY DENTISTRY AND PUBLIC F	IEALTH	
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HO	URS = 08
		INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	ТОРІС
	Discuss the importance and role of diet in caries.		
Car1-CD-	Discuss the concept and importance of Stephen curve in dental caries		
001	Role of dental biofilm in acid production		Dental Caries
	Discuss the concept of Demineralization and the remineralization process		

Car1-CD- 002	Describe the importance of oral hygiene and its effects on caries.  Explain the concept of Keye's Circles in the etiology of dental caries  Classify Basic types of toothbrushing  The clinical effect of tooth cleaning  The effect of dental flossing  Identify the basic concept and importance of fluoride in caries prevention  Discuss preventive measures, such as fluoride treatments, improved oral hygiene practices, and		Prevention of Dental Caries
	dietary modifications.		
	ORAL PATHOLOGY		
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HOURS = 08	
332	SI EGII IG ELAKKING GOTGONILS	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	TOPIC
Car1-OP- 001	Knows the etiology and pathogenesis of acquired and generalized enamel hypoplasia.  Know the types of amelogensis imperfecta according to their clinical and radiological appearance.  Identify and classify the developmental disturbances in structure of dentin.  Describe and compare the clinical presentation, radiographic and histopathological features of dentinogenesis imperfecta and dentin dysplasia.	Operative Dentistry/ Radiology	Enamel & Dentine Developmenta I Anomalies

	Describe the changes that develop in enamel and		
	dentin of erupted teeth in association with		
	microorganisms.		
	OPERATIVE DENTISTRY		
		TOTAL HOURS = 06	
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	ТОРІС
	Describe the anatomical features of pits and fissures		
Car1-OD-	and their role in caries susceptibility.	Operative	Pit and
001	Explain the preventive strategies, including using	Dentistry & Oral Radiology	Fissure Caries
	sealants and fluoride applications.		
	Discuss the factors that increase caries risk on smooth		
	surfaces, such as poor oral hygiene and dietary habits.		
Car1-OD-	Describe the appearance of smooth surface caries and		Smooth Surface Caries
002	its progression pattern.		
	Recognize the role of fluoride in preventing smooth		
	surface caries.		
	Identify the unique etiological factors associated with		
	root carries, including gingival recession and		Root Caries
Car1-OD- 003	xerostomia.	Operative	
003	Describe the clinical features and progression of root	Dentistry & Oral	
	caries.	Radiology	
	Describe the characteristics of active caries, including		
	appearance, texture, and progression.		
	Understand the clinical significance of active caries in		
Car1-OD-	its potential to progress and cause further tooth		A -ti O - vi
004	damage.		Active Caries
	Develop strategies to manage active caries, focusing		
	on preventive, minimally invasive, and restorative		
	approaches.		
_	Define arrested caries and describe their clinical	Operative	_
Car1-OD- 005	features, such as smooth, shiny surfaces and	Dentistry & Oral	Arrested Caries
000	hardness upon probing.	Radiology	Janes

	Understand the biological process of caries arrest and remineralization.		
	Identify the factors that promote caries arrest.		
Car1-OB- 006	Compare the metabolism of sugar alcohols (xylitol, sorbitol) versus fermentable sugars in the oral cavity.		Role of Artificial Sweeteners and Sugar Substitutes
	Explain the mechanism by which xylitol inhibits Streptococcus mutans growth and acid production.		

# PRACTICAL / LAB WORK

### **OPERATIVE DENTISTRY**

CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HOURS = 04	
		INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	ТОРІС
Car1-OD- 006	Identify fluoride gel and procedure to apply it	Community Dentistry	Prevention of Dental Caries
	How to use Disclosing agents for Identification of Dental		
	Plaque on tooth surfaces  Identification on tooth models pits an fissure caries, smooth		
Car1-OD-	surface caries and root caries on E-Slides or clinical		Identification
007	images.		Plaque
	Identify the features of Arrested Caries and Active Caries on		
	E-Slides or clinical images		

## **ORAL BIOLOGY**

CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HOURS = 10	
		INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	ТОРІС
	Draw and label "Enamel rods: fish scale pattern &		
	keyhole pattern		
	Ameloblasts (life cycle)		
	DEJ with organic defects		
	Draw and label Enamel rods, striae of retzius, bands		
	of Hunter & Schreger, gnarled enamel, DEJ, tufts,		
Car1-OB- 005	lamella, spindles & neonatal lines.		Enamel
003	Identify amelogenesis imperfacta (hypoplastic,		
	hypocalcified &hypomaturative types) & fluorosis.		
	Identify enamel on x-rays.		
	Prepare the ground section of the tooth, mount it on a	Dental	
	microscopic slide & identify the structural details of	Radiology/ Oral Pathology	
	enamel & dentin	2.3. · a	

	,		
	Draw & label primary, secondary & tertiary dentin,		
	dentinal tubules in crown & root portions, dentin-pulp		
	complex showing dentinal tubules, pre dentin & zones		
	of dental pulp showing its different cells, odontoblast	Dental	
Car1-OB-	with different developmental shapes, peritubular and	Radiology	Dentin
006	intra tubular dentin, inter globular dentin, dead tracts,		
	pulp stones.		
	Identify dentin genesis imperfect, identify dentin & pulp		
	cavity on x-rays.		
	Identify and differentiate on tooth		Anatomic &
	specimen/models/images: periodontium, lobe, axial		Physiologic
Car1-OB-	position, contact point, contact area, interproximal	Tooth	Consideration
007	space, embrasure, line angle, height of contour,	Morphology	s of Form & Function of
	cervical line, gingival line, and epithelial attachment.		Tooth
	Identify and differentiate on tooth		Introduction &
Car1-OB-	specimen/models/images: pits, fissures, embrasures,	Tooth	Nomenclature
800	and sulcus.	Morphology	of tooth

## **ORAL PATHOLOGY**

CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HOURS = 06	
CODE	SP ECH TO ELAKTING GOTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	TOPIC
Car1-OP- 003	Examine the histopathological changes in enamel and dentine associated with caries in E-Slides/ Pictures		Histopathologi cal changes in Enamel and Dentine
Car1-OP- 004	Identify bacteria in dental plaque samples using Gram Staining under microscope		Microscopic Analysis of Plaque
Car1-OP- 005	Identify pathological processes in a carious ground section of tooth slide.		Microscopy of Caries lesions





# BDS Integrated Curriculum 2K25 Version 01









# Module No. 04 CRANIOFACIAL-II



### **MODULE RATIONALE**

Craniofacial-II synthesizes gross anatomy of the skull, scalp, face, orbit, mandible, cranial fossae, and paranasal sinuses with the physiology and pharmacology of nerve and muscle function. Emphasis on extracranial landmarks and surface markings of cranial nerves, vascular structures, and the temporomandibular joint enables students to correlate structural knowledge with clinical procedures such as local anesthesia administration, TMJ disorder assessment, and minor oral—maxillofacial surgery. By integrating anatomy, physiology, biochemistry and pharmacology, learners will develop the foundational competencies required for accurate diagnosis, treatment planning, and procedural execution in dentistry.

### **MODULE OUTCOMES**

- Apply topographic anatomy of the skull, scalp, facial layers, orbit, mandible, temporal/infratemporal/pterygopalatine fossae, and paranasal sinuses to identify key landmarks and foramina for clinical assessment.
- Map extracranial courses and branches of the trigeminal (V), facial (VII), oculomotor (III), trochlear (IV), and abducent (VI) nerves, and explain their relevance to facial sensation, expression, and anesthesia techniques.
- Correlate TMJ structure and histology with neuromuscular biomechanics—including motor units, muscle spindles, and Golgi tendon organs—to analyze normal function and common TMJ pathologies.
- Explain neuromuscular physiology and muscle and connective tissue biochemistry by detailing membrane potentials, action potential generation and propagation, neuromuscular junction transmission, and excitation—contraction coupling in skeletal muscle.
- Integrate pharmacology of neuromuscular blockers (depolarizing and non-depolarizing agents) with clinical indications and side-effect profiles for safe perioperative management along with basic concepts of microbiology.
- Demonstrate surface marking techniques for extracranial branches of cranial nerves and major facial vessels to guide diagnostic palpation, nerve blocks, and minor surgical procedures.

### SUBJECTS INTEGRATED IN THE MODULE

- Oral Biology
- Anatomy
- Physiology
- Biochemistry
- Microbiology
- Pharmacology



### **THEORY**

# **ORAL BIOLOGY & TOOTH MORPHOLOGY**

CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HOURS = 20	
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	ТОРІС
	Describe the organic and inorganic components of the		
	bone matrix		
	Distinguish between compact and spongy bone, and		
	their locations and functions.		
	describe the origin of bone cells and the molecular		
	factors involved	Oral Histology	
	Describe the functions of osteoblasts, osteocytes, and	General	
CFII-OB- 001	osteoclasts in Bone Formation and Remodeling	Histology Oral Histology OMFS	Bone
001	Understand the processes of intramembranous and		
	endochondral ossification.		
	Describe the microscopic Structure of Bone: (Osteon,		
	central canal, lamellae, lacunae, canaliculi, and blood		
	vessels).		
	Relate bone histology to dental procedures such as		
	tooth extraction, implant placement, and bone grafting.		
	Describe the histology of the temporomandibular joint		Temporomand
CFII-OB- 002	(temporal and condylar bone, muscles, capsule, disk,	Anatomy	ibular Joint
002	synovial membrane, and ligaments)		
	Describe the concept of muscle contraction illustrating		
	the role of the motor unit, muscle spindles, and Golgi	Physiology	
CFII-OB-	tendon organs.		Muscle
003	Describe the nerve supply of the joint emphasizing the	Oral Histology	Contraction
	role of nerve endings	Oral Histology, Anatomy, Oral	(TMJ)
	Describe the biomechanics of TMJ	Medicine	

	identify the common TMJ associated clinical		
	manifestations		
CFII-OB- 004	Describe the anatomy and histology of the maxillary sinus	Gross Anatomy	Maxillary Sinus
	GROSS ANATOMY		
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HOURS = 28	
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	TOPIC
	Describe the features and structures of different views		
	of skull (Anterior, Posterior, Superior, Inferior, Lateral)		
CFII-A-	Discuss the sutures and fontanelles of skull, their age	Human	Claril
001	changes and clinical significance.	Anatomy	Skull
	Identify and enlist all the formina of the skull along with		
	their neurovascular contents		
	List the layers of scalp and describe the anatomical		
	features with neurovascular supply and lymphatic	Neuro	
CFII-A-	drainage of scalp.	Anatomy, Human Anatomy	Scalp
002	Give anatomical justification of spread of scalp		
	infections, profuse bleeding in superficial scalp		
	lacerations, gaping of scalp wounds		
	Enlist in tabulated manner the muscles of facial		
	expression, giving their nerve supply and actions.		
	Describe the extracranial course, branches, and		
	distribution of the facial nerve.		
	Explain the causes and clinical consequences of		
	damage to the nerve.		
CFII-A- 003	Describe the extracranial course, branches, and	Anatomy	Face
	distribution of trigeminal nerve. Explain the causes and		
	clinical consequences of damage to the nerve.		
	Describe the innervation of the maxillary and		
	mandibular teeth, and their supporting structures and		
	the anatomical basis of common variations		
	in sensory innervation of the teeth.		

face.  Describe the danger area of face with it its clinical Pathology, significance. Define the routes of spread of infection  General Pathology, Anatomy	
Describe the danger area of face with it its clinical Pathology,	
significance. Define the routes of spread of infection Anatomy	
from face and scalp to brain	
Define the boundaries and openings of orbital cavity.	
List the structures traversing these openings.	
In a tabulated manner enlist the extraocular and	
intraocular muscles of eyeball and eyelid muscles	
giving their nerve supply and actions	
List and define the movements of eyeball with special	
reference to the axis	
List the parts of Lacrimal apparatus giving their	
location and anatomical features. Describe the nerve	Vision
004 Describe the extracranial course, distribution and Anatomy	
branches of oculomotor, trochlear and abducent	
nerves. Describe the location, roots and distribution of	
ciliary ganglion	
Give the clinical correlates of nerves supplying the	
muscles of the eyeball	
Describe the course and branches of ophthalmic artery	
mentioning its origin and termination	
Give the anatomical structure of eyeball emphasizing	
on its three coats and their neurovascular supply	
Describe the bony features of mandible.	
Describe temporomandibular joint mentioning its Anatomy Mandi	ble and
	romand
Identify and describe the muscles of mastication along	ular
with origin, insertion, action, and innervation of each Anatomy	oint
muscle	
Describe the boundaries contents and primary Tem	poral,
	emporal
pterygopalatine fossa a	nd

	Describe the location, roots and distribution of pterygopalatine ganglion		Pterygopalatin e fossa
CFII-A- 007	Describe the anatomical features and neurovascular supply of external ear  Describe the boundaries, contents, neurovascular supply and communications of middle ear cavity  Describe the anatomical features of auditory tube  Describe the parts, anatomical features and neurovascular supply of internal ear  Describe the course and distribution of vestibulocochlear nerve		Ear
CFII-A- 008	Describe the anatomical features and neurovascular supply of external nose  Describe the boundaries of nasal cavity: nasal septum, lateral wall of nose, roof and floor. Give their anatomical features and neurovascular supply  List the paranasal sinuses giving their locations, openings, neurovascular supply and clinical significance.  Discuss the clinical correlates of nose: Epistaxis, Foreign body in the nose.		Nose
CFII-A- 009	Identify and classify fractures of the maxilla based on anatomical patterns (Le Fort classification)  Identify and classify fractures of the mandible based on anatomical regions	OMFS, Anatomy	Applied Anatomy
	BIOCHEMISTRY		
CODE	COFCIFIC LEADNING OF TACK TO	TOTAL HOURS = 24	
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	ТОРІС
CFII-B- 001	Describe the structure and function of myoglobin, its role in oxygen storage and delivery in muscle tissue,	Biochemistry	Biochemistry and Structural

	and its significance as a biochemical marker in muscle		Basis of
	injury and how is it different from hemoglobin		Muscle
	Describe the structure, types, and functions of		Function and Integrity
	collagen and elastin, and explain their roles in		3 ,
	maintaining the mechanical strength and elasticity of		
	muscle connective tissue.		
	Identify disorders associated with collagen and elastin		
	defects, particularly those affecting muscle support		
	structures and connective tissue integrity.		
	Explain the composition and function of the		
	extracellular matrix (ECM) in muscle tissue, including		
	the roles of proteoglycans, collagen, fibronectin, and		
	integrins in muscle cell adhesion, signaling, and repair.		
	Differentiate muscle fiber types (Type I, IIa, IIb) based		
	on structure, metabolism, and functional properties.		
	Describe the mechanism of glucose uptake into		
	tissues through glucose transporters and explain its		
	role in cellular energy availability.		
	Explain the function and regulation of the pyruvate		
	dehydrogenase (PDH) complex in linking glycolysis to		
	the tricarboxylic acid (TCA) cycle.		
	Describe the TCA cycle and explain how it generates		
	reduced coenzymes (NADH, FADH <sub>2</sub> ) that fuel		
	oxidative metabolism.	Biochemistry	_
CFII-B-	Explain the structure and function of the electron	Diochemistry	Energy production in
002	transport chain (ETC) and describe how oxidative		Muscles
	phosphorylation, utilizing ATP synthase, generates		
	ATP through the proton motive force.		
	Identify the effects of ETC inhibitors and uncouplers on		
	electron transport and ATP synthesis, and discuss their		
	implications for cellular energy production.		
	Explain the processes of glycogenesis and		
	glycogenolysis in muscle tissue, including their		
	regulation, the role of key enzymes, and their		
	contribution to ATP production during exercise.		

Discuss the role of muscle glycogen as an energy
source during different exercise intensities, its
depletion and recovery, and how regular exercise
influences glycogen storage capacity and muscle
adaptation.
Describe the ATP-PC system, its role in providing
immediate energy during high-intensity activities, and
the regeneration of ATP through phosphocreatine
breakdown.

### **MICROBIOLOGY**

CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HOURS = 07	
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	ТОРІС
CFII-Mic- 001	Describe the composition and types of culture media (e.g., selective, differential enrichment).  Compare and contrast the applications of different culture media in microbiology lab	Biochemistry, Microbiology	Culture Media
CFII-Mic- 002	Identify the factors influencing microbial pathogenicity, such as host and immune evasion	Immunology	Pathogenicity of microorganis ms
CFII-Mic- 003	Summarize the mechanism of action of major classes of chemotherapeutic agents (e.g., B-Lactams, aminoglycosides)  Identifying the appropriate chemotherapeutic agent for specific bacterial infections	Pharmacology, Microbiology	Mode of actions of chemotherape utic agents
CFII-Mic- 004	Explain the genetic and biochemical mechanisms of bacterial resistance to antibiotics		Mechanism of resistance in bacteria
CFII-Mic- 005	Define osteomyelitis. Enlist various osteomyelitis causing Microorganisms	Microbiology, Oral Pathology	Osteomyelitis
CFII-Mic- 006	Discuss Actinomycetes with its epidemiology, virulence factors, pathogenesis		Gram Positive Rods

PHARMACOLOGY				
CODE	SDECIEIC I EADNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HOURS = 02 EARNING OUTCOMES		
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	ТОРІС	
CFII-Ph- 001	<ul> <li>i. Classify skeletal muscle relaxants according to their mechanism of action.</li> <li>ii. Describe the mechanism of action of non-depolarizing skeletal muscle relaxants.</li> <li>iii. Explain the pharmacological actions of non-depolarizing skeletal muscle relaxant</li> <li>iv. Describe the mechanism of action of succinylcholine. Enumerate therapeutic uses of peripherally acting skeletal muscle relaxants.</li> </ul>	Neuro Muscular Blockers	ANS	
PHYSIOLOGY				
		TOTAL HOURS = 19		
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	ТОРІС	
CFII-P- 001	Describe the physiological anatomy of a neuron, including its structure and function.	Physiology, Anatomy	Membrane Potentials and Action Potentials (Nerve)	
CFII-P- 002	Enlist the neuroglia cells responsible for myelination in Central Nervous System (CNS) & Peripheral Nervous System (PNS)  Enlist the steps of myelination in peripheral nervous system.  Define Multiple sclerosis	Physiology	Myelinated and Unmyelinated Nerve Fibers.	
CFII-P- 003	Explain Nernst potential of Na & K.  Derive the Nernst equation.  Explain the physiological basis of the Goldman equation and write the equation.		Membrane Potentials	

CFII-P- 004	Describe the resting membrane potential of a nerve fiber and the role of various ion channels.  Discuss Role of different channels in calculating Resting membrane potential of a nerve fiber		Resting membrane potential
	Define Action potential and ionic basis.  Discuss the role of voltage-gated channels in generating action potentials		
CFII-P- 005	Define threshold stimulus  Define the All-or-None Law.  Define absolute refractory period, and relative refractory period also mention their physiological basis  Discuss the effects of hypocalcemia on nerve excitability		Action Potentials
	Explain the mechanism of local anesthetics on nerve excitability	Physiology, Pharmacology	
CFII-P-	Explain the propagation of action potentials  Define Saltatory conduction and its benefits?		Propagation
006	Explain mechanism of tetany	Physiology	of the action potential
CFII-P-	Describe the physiological anatomy of skeletal muscles	Physiology, Anatomy	Contraction of Skeletal
007	Describe the structure of Sarcomere		Muscle
CFII-P- 008	Explain general mechanism of skeletal muscle contraction		General mechanism of muscle Contraction
	Define and differentiate isotonic and isometric	Physiology	
CFII-P- 009	contraction with 2 examples of each  Give physiological basis of tetanization and multiple fiber summation  Define motor unit		Characteristic s of whole muscle
	Give physiological basis of Rigor mortis  Explain muscle fatigue	Pathology	Contraction

CODE		INTEGRATING	TOPIC
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HO	URS = 05
ANATOMY			
CFII-OB- 008	Draw & label the histological section of the temporomandibular joint, showing temporal bone, disc, condylar bone, capsule, articular disc, and synovial membrane.	Oral Anatomy	Temporomand ibular Joint
CFII-OB- 007	Analyze and interpret microscopic images of bone to identify its components and features.		Image analysis
CFII-OB- 005 CFII-OB- 006	Draw and label the histological factor of compact and spongy bone  Identify and interpret histological sections of bone tissue under a microscope.	Oral Histology	Bone Microscopic structure analysis
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HO INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	URS = 06 TOPIC
ORAL BIOLOGY & TOOTH MORPHOLOGY			
	benefits		
CFII-P- 011	comparison to skeletal muscle.  Explain latch phenomenon of smooth muscles and its	Physiology	Contraction of Smooth Muscle
	Differentiate between types of smooth muscles. Give their physiological anatomy  Describe mechanism of smooth muscle contraction in	Physiology, Anatomy	Excitation and
	Give pathophysiology of Myasthenia Gravis	Physiology, Pathology	Contraction Coupling
CFII-P- 010	Explain Mechanism of Neuromuscular transmission & generation of End Plate Potential	Physiology	Transmission and Excitation-
	Describe the physiological anatomy of Neuro Muscular Junction (NMJ)		Neuromuscula r

**DISCIPLINE** 

CFII-A- 010	Demonstrate the ability to accurately orient a dry human skull in normal verticals, occipitalis, frontalis, lateralis, and basalis views; and identify key anatomical and surface landmarks, sutures, and foramina with their content relevant to each view  Identify and describe the anatomical features, boundaries, and foramina of the anterior, middle, and		Skull
	posterior cranial fossae, including the grooves of the dural venous sinuses	Applied Anatomy	
CFII-A- 011	Identify and locate the major anatomical landmarks, foramina (with their contents), and surface features of the mandible; articulate it the skull; recognize surrounding anatomical relations (anterior, posterior, medial, and lateral); and demonstrate basic functional mandibular movements and differentiate the role of muscles of Mastication and accessory muscles in protrusion, lateral excursion, opening, and closing.		Mandible
CFII-A- 012	Demonstrate and systematically identify major arteries, veins, and nerves on anatomical models or cadaveric dissections; locate their course, branches, and anatomical relations; and correlate their clinical significance with surrounding structures	Applied Anatomy	Surface Anatomy
CFII-A- 013	Identify and demonstrate the origin, insertion, nerve supply, and actions of the muscles of mastication and facial expression on models or cadaveric specimens	Applied Anatomy	Jaw Muscle
CFII-A- 014	Demonstrate surface marking of extracranial branches of the facial nerve and trigeminal nerve in relation to relevant structures, and identify their anatomical pathways and clinical relevance.	Clinical Anatomy	Neurovascular Supply of face





# Module No. 05 NEUROSCIENCES



### **MODULE RATIONALE**

This module aims to provide a thorough understanding of the CNS, including its structure, function, and neurophysiological processes affecting motor and sensory systems. As future dental practitioners, students will learn how to address clinical scenarios involving neurological conditions like trigeminal neuralgia, Bell's palsy, and strokes. The module also covers the pharmacological management of these conditions to ensure safe and effective patient care, especially in those with neurological comorbidities

### **MODULE OUTCOMES**

- Describe the neuroanatomy, histology and microscopic anatomy of central nervous system
- Discuss the physiological mechanism of Autonomic Nervous System (ANS), motor and sensory System
- Explain the underlying pathophysiological mechanisms of common neurological conditions
- Describe the pharmacological principles underlying the management of common neurological conditions

### SUBJECTS INTEGRATED IN THE MODULE

- Physiology
- Anatomy
- Biochemistry
- Pharmacology
- Microbiology & Pathology



### **THEORY PHYSIOLOGY TOTAL HOURS = 55** CODE **SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES** INTEGRATING TOPIC DISCIPLINE Describe the general organization of nervous system. Classify synapse and explain the physiological anatomy of chemical synapse. Elaborate the role of synapse in processing information. Organization of the Classify the substances that act as neurotransmitters Nervous or synaptic transmitters. Enlist functions related to System, Basic dentistry of each group. Functions of NS-P-001 Synapses, Define Excitatory and inhibitory postsynaptic potential and and explain their mechanism of generation Neurotransmit Explain spatial and temporal summation ters Explain the mechanism of synaptic fatigue (its Physiology significance) and synaptic delay Discuss the effects of hypoxia, acidosis and alkalosis on synaptic transmission Sensory Define and classify the sensory receptors in the body Receptors, on the basis of stimuli they detect. Neuronal NS-P-002 Discuss tonic and phasic receptors with 2 to 3 Circuits for **Processing** examples of each. Information Sensory Receptors Transduction Classify the nerve fibers on the basis of diameter and NS-P-003 Physiology of sensory speed of conduction stimuli into

nerve impulses

	Classify somatic sensations. Explain two main		
	ascending pathways (DCML and Anterolateral system)		
	for transmitting sensation to CNS .		
	Enlist sensations carried by dorsal column medial		
	Lemniscal system and Anterolateral Pathway with		
	special reference to Trigeminal sensory system.		
	Trace these pathways from receptors to sensory		Somatosensor
NS-P-004	cortex and compare their features.		y cortex
	Give location and functions of Primary somesthetic		
	area and sensory association area of sensory cortex.		
	Name the sensations perceived by these areas.		
	Describe the sensations lost when there is damage to		
	somesthetic areas.		
	Discuss representation of body parts in sensory cortex	Physiology	
	Classify pain. Discuss location and stimulation of pain		
	receptors		Pain, Headache, and Thermal Sensations
	Discuss dual pain pathway of spinal cord and brain for		
	transmission of pain signals into CNS with especial		
	reference to tooth pain		
NO DOG	compare the features of dual pain pathways		
NS-P-005	Explain Analgesia system/pain suppression system of		
	brain and spinal cord. Discuss its significance		
	Define and give physiological basis of referred pain		
	with two examples.		
	Define Trigeminal Neuralgia and describe its clinical		
	features, basic causes, and dental relevance.		
	Name the motor areas of cerebral cortex and give		
	representation of body parts. Discuss the functions of		Cortical and
NS-P-006	motor areas		Brain Stem
	Enlist the functions of brain stem	Physiology	Control of Motor
	Name the descending motor tracts. Describe the		Function
	functions of corticospinal tract.		
	Give Functional organization of spinal cord. Define	DL. ' I	Spinal Cord
NS-P-007	motor unit.	Physiology	Motor Functions;
			,

	Define reflex action and identify the components of a reflex arc.		the Cord Reflexes
	Define, classify and enlist components of stretch reflex with special reference to jaw reflex).		
NS-P-008	Explain the features of upper motor neuron lesion.  Explain the features of lower motor neuron lesion.  Define and give types of cerebrovascular accident along with their salient features.	Medicine	Effect of Lesions in the Motor Cortex or in the Corticospinal Pathway
NS-P-009	Enlist the components of limbic system and its general functions.  Enlist functions of different portions hypothalamus  Explain the physiological basis and features of Alzheimer's disease	Physiology	The Limbic System and the Hypothalamus
NS-P-010	Define memory.  Classify memory on the basis of duration and information stored.  Define retrograde and anterograde amnesia		Memory
NS-P-011	Explain the effects of sympathetic and parasympathetic on various organs/ system of body		The Autonomic Nervous
NO-F -011	Enlist types of autonomic receptors present in heart, blood vessels, smooth muscles, GIT, & EYE.  Give features of Alarm or stress response		System and the Adrenal Medulla
NS-P-011	Enlist the functions of CSF  Define hydrocephalus		Cerebral circulation
NS-P-012	Give types and features of sleep. Also mention the neurotransmitters involved in sleep		Sleep
NS-P-013	Give functional divisions of cerebellum along with their functions  Enlist cerebellar nuclei  Enlist features of cerebellar dysfunction	Medicine	Cerebellum and Basal Ganglia Contributions to Overall Motor Control

	Enlist components of basal ganglia in relation to other		
NS-P-014	structures of the brain		Contributions
	Discuss functions of basal ganglia		to Overall
	Discuss pathophysiology and features of Parkinson's		Motor
	disease. Elaborate the role of Dopamine in basal		Control
	ganglia		
			Special
	Discuss functional anatomy of the eye.		senses
	Enlist refractive surfaces of the eye and elaborate		Optics of the
NS-P-015	·		eye Fluid
	mechanism of image formation on retina  Define cataract and glaucoma		system of the
	Define Cataract and gladcoma		eye— intraocular
			fluid
	Describe the principal visual pathway from retina to		
	visual cortex.		Central
NS-P-016	Define the physiological blind spot and describe its		Neurophysiolo
	location.		gy of Vision
	Explain Pupillary Light Reflex.	Physiology	
	Discuss how sound is conducted from tympanic		The sense of
	membrane to cochlea?		Hearing
NC D 047	Describe the mechanism of impedance matching and		Tympanic
NS-P-017	its significance		membrane
	Describe the mechanism of attenuation reflex and its		and the Ossicular
	significance		system
	Describe the physiological anatomy and function of		Functional
	basilar membrane & organ of corti		anatomy of
NS-P-018	Give the normal range of frequency for hearing		the cochlea  Auditory
	Describe the role of Place principle in determination of		nervous
	sound frequency		pathways
	Enlist the primary taste sensations.		
	Describe the physiological anatomy and location of		The Chemical
NS-P-019	taste buds.		Senses—
	Trace the taste pathway		Taste and Smell
	Enlist the primary sensations of smell		Onion
1	l .		

	Describe the physiological anatomy and location of			
	olfactory membrane and olfactory receptors			
	GENERAL ANATOMY			
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HOURS = 25		
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	ТОРІС	
NS-A-001	Briefly describe general organization of nervous system		Nervous System Overview	
NS-A-002	Define neuron and describe its structure		Neuron	
NS-A-003	Classify neurons morphologically and functionally with examples	General Anatomy	Neuron Classification	
NS-A-004	Briefly describe components of central and peripheral nervous system		CNS & PNS Overview	
NS-A-005	Describe the supporting cells in central and peripheral nervous system		Neuroglia	
NS-A-006	Define receptors and effectors		Receptors and Effectors	
NS-A-007	Describe classification of receptors		Receptor Classification	
NS-A-008	describe the major subdivisions of ANS into sympathetic and parasympathetic nervous system with comparison of anatomical differences.	General Anatomy	Sympathetic vs. Parasympathe tic System	
NS-A-009	Describe the structural and functional features of cranial nerves.	Neuroanatomy	Cranial Nerves Overview	
NS-A-010	Enlist all cranial nerves and describe their functions		Cranial Nerve Functions	
NS-A-011	Explain the classification, structure, and functions of peripheral nerve fibers in a typical spinal nerve.		Spinal Nerve Anatomy	
NS-A-012	Define dermatome		Dermatome	
NS-A-013	Enlist the parts of the brain.		Brain Regions	
NS-A-014	Identify the lobes, sulci & gyri and cortical areas of cerebrum		Cerebral Cortex Anatomy	

NS-A-015	Describe functional areas of cerebrum		Functional Cortex
NS-A-016	Describe internal structure of cerebral hemisphere (white matter, basal ganglia, lateral ventricle)		Cerebral Hemisphere Structure
NS-A-017	Describe ventricular system (Lateral, 3rd & 4th ventricles)		Ventricular System
NS-A-018	Describe various parts of internal capsule		Internal Capsule
NS-A-019	Label, and identify the key structures in cross-sectional anatomy of the brainstem at the levels of the midbrain, pons, and medulla, highlighting the distribution of grey and white matter.	Neuroanatomy	Brainstem Cross- Sectional Anatomy
NS-A-020	Describe the location of cranial nerve nuclei, their functional components, and distribution, and trace the course of cranial nerve V, VII, VIII, IX, and XII from its intracranial origin to the respective skull foramina.		Cranial Nerve Nuclei and Pathways
NS-A-021	Identify the lobes of cerebellum		Cerebellar Lobes
NS-A-022	Discuss the functional classification of cerebellum		Cerebellar Functions
NS-A-023	Define important clinical correlates, vermis syndrome, ataxia, dysarthria, dysdiadochokinesia, nystagmus, and vertigo.		Cerebellar Clinical Correlates
NS-A-024	Identify the location, extent, coverings, and blood supply of spinal cord	Neuroanatomy	Spinal Cord Overview
NS-A-025	Discuss & tabulate nuclear organization at different levels of spinal cord		Spinal Cord Nuclei
NS-A-026	Describe, draw & label the transverse section of spinal cord at mid cervical level showing ascending & descending tracts		Spinal Cord Cross-Section
NS-A-027	Elaborate the cross-sectional details of white and gray matter of cervical and thoracic segments of spinal cord		Spinal Cord Gray & White Matter
NS-A-028	Tabulate the sensory nerve endings, and anatomical sites of first, second, third order neurons of ascending tracts		Ascending Tracts

NS-A-029	Tabulate first, second, third order neurons of descending tracts		Descending Tracts
NS-A-030	Differentiate clearly between upper and lower motor neuron lesions		UMN vs. LMN Lesions
NS-A-031	Discuss/Draw and label the formation of Circle of Willis		Circle of Willis
NS-A-032	Discuss the location, origin and termination of dural venous sinuses.	Neuroanatomy	Dural Venous Sinuses
NS-A-033	Discuss the important structures associated with the cavernous sinus and its clinical significance in relation to the danger area of the face		Cavernous Sinus
NS-A-034	Discuss the anatomical basis of extradural, subdural and subarachnoid hemorrhages		Intracranial Hemorrhages
NS-A-035	Explain the formation, circulation and absorption of CSF (Cerebrospinal fluid)		CSF Physiology
NS-A-036	Discuss the origin, course, branches and distribution of internal carotid and vertebral artery		Brain Blood Supply
NS-A-037	Basal Reticular System		Reticular System
NS-A-038	Thalamus and hypothalamus in relation to limbic system		Thalamus & Hypothalamus Overview
NS-A-039	Discuss the blood supply, nuclei and major connections of thalamus and hypothalamus  Describe the Hypothalamo-Hypophyseal Portal System		Thalamus & Hypothalamus Connections Hypophyseal Portal System
	Discuss the clinical correlates of thalamus and hypothalamus (Thalamic Pain, Thalamic Hand, Diabetes Insipidus)		Thalamic & Hypothalamic Clinical Correlates

BIOCHEMISTRY			
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HOURS = 18	
	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	
NS-B-001	Elaborate the structure of mannitol & give its clinical uses.	Biochemistry	Osmotic diuretic
NS-B-002	Briefly describe the metabolism & importance of glutamine in human body.		Glutamine Metabolism
NS-B-003	Enlist inherited & acquired causes of hyperammonemia.  Describe the effects of hyperammonemia on brain.  Outline the management options for hyperammonemia.		Hyperammon emia
NS-B-004	Discuss chemistry, sources, RDA, biochemical role, deficiency & toxicity of B1, B6 & B12.		Neuropathies
NS-B-005	Explain the biosynthesis, mechanism of action, and physiological role of acetylcholine, and discuss the clinical consequences of its deficiency  Outline the reactions involved in biosynthesis of catecholamines.  Elaborate the mechanism of action of catecholamines.  Give the cause & management of Parkinson disease.  Describe the synthesis & biochemical importance of serotonin, melatonin & GABA.		Neurotransmit ters
NS-B-006	Briefly describe the cause, clinical features & management of Phenylketonuria.  Outline the metabolism of branched chain amino acids (BCAA).  Briefly describe the cause, clinical features & management of maple syrup urine disease (MSUD).		Inherited disorders of amino acid metabolism

PHARMACOLOGY & THERAPEUTICS			
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HOURS = 22	
	SPECIFIC ELARITING GOTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	TOPIC
NS-Ph- 001	Classify sedative-hypnotics Illustrate GABAA receptor-chloride ion channel macromolecular Complex and identify site of action of various sedative-hypnotics	Pharmacology & Therapeutics	Sedative/Hypno tics
	List their clinical uses and adverse Effects  Outline the management of overdose of sedative-hypnotics  Compare BZD, barbiturates; and BZD, Buspirone Identify the distinctive properties of buspirone, eszopiclone, ramelteon, zaleplon, zolpidem and suvorexant		
NS-Ph- 002	Classify local anesthetics Describe their mechanism of action Outline various methods of giving local anesthesia Explain the relationship among tissue pH, drug pKa, and the rate of onset of local anesthetic action Discuss 4 factors that determine the susceptibility of nerve fibers to local anesthetic blockade  Describe the major toxic effects of the local anesthetics Explain how hyperkalemia facilitates the cardiac toxicity of local anesthetics		Local Anesthetics
NS-Ph- 003	Name the major inhalation and intravenous anesthetic drugs.  Define the terms blood:gas partition coefficient and minimum alveolar concentration (MAC), and explain their significance in the pharmacology of inhalational anesthetics.		General Anesthetics

	Enlist the molecular targets of action of anesthetic		
	drugs and describe their associated toxicities.		
	List main pharmacokinetic characteristics of		
	commonly used intravenous and inhaled anesthetic		
	agents.		
	Write pharmacodynamic classification of Opioid		
	analgesics. Identify 3 opioid receptor subtypes and		
	describe ionic mechanisms that result from their		
	activation.		
NS-Ph- 004	Describe cardinal signs and treatment of opioid drug		Opioid
004	overdose and of the withdrawal syndrome.		Analgesics
	Describe the classification, mechanism of action,		
	therapeutic uses, and adverse effects of opioid		
	analgesics.		
	Classify antiseizure drugs		
	List the drugs of choice for partial seizures,		
	generalized tonic-clonic seizures, absence and		
	myoclonic seizures, and status epilepticus		
	Identify the mechanisms of antiseizure drug action at		
	the levels of specific ion channels and/or		Antiseizure drugs
NS-Ph- 005	neurotransmitter systems		
	Highlight the uses, adverse effects and drug		
	interactions of carbamazepine, phenytoin, and		
	valproic acid		
	Identify the distinctive toxicities of new antiseizure		
	drugs		
	Outline the management of status epilepticus		
NS-Ph- 006	Enlist types and sub types of various ANS receptors		
	along with their locations in different structures and		
	organ systems of the body		Introduction to
	Describe the synthesis, storage, release and		Introduction to ANS
	degradation of the neuro-transmitters of the ANS		
	Explain the negative and positive feedback controls of		
	neurotransmitter release		

	Classify cholinomimetics according to chemistry &		
	mechanism of action.		
	Describe actions of acetylcholine on different organ		
	systems of body.		
	Enumerate the adverse effects of acetylcholine &		
	cholinergic drugs		
	Explain the salient pharmacological properties of		
	cholinesterases with their appropriate clinical uses.		
	Differentiate between cholinergic and myasthenic		
	crisis		
	Describe the management of myasthenia gravis.		
	Explain the role of Pilocarpine in glaucoma		Chalinaraia
NS-Ph- 007	Enumerate the signs and symptoms of		Cholinergic Drugs
007	organophosphate poisoning due to cholinergic		(agonists)
	excess.		
	Enlist steps in the management of organophosphate		
	Compound (OPC) poisoning		
	Describe aging and role of oximes in the management.		
	Explain the prevention of OPC poisoning		
	Classify anti-cholinergic drugs (on the basis of		
	therapeutic uses)		
	Describe pharmacological actions of atropine		
	Differentiate between atropine and hyoscine		
	Enlist therapeutic uses of atropine		
	Enumerate adverse effects of anti-cholinergic drugs		
	Classify skeletal muscle relaxants according to their		
	mechanism of action.		
	Describe mechanism of action and adverse effects of		
	non-depolarizing skeletal muscle relaxants		
NS-Ph-	Describe mechanism of action and adverse effects of		Skeletal Muscle
800	depolarizing skeletal muscle relaxants.		Relaxants
	Enumerate therapeutic uses of peripherally acting		
	skeletal muscle relaxants.		
	Define and give pharmacological basis and treatment		
	of malignant hyperthermia		

	Classify sympathomimetics on the basis of chemistry	
	& receptor selectivity.	
	Explain the mechanism of action of adrenaline, the	
	prototype drug of the group.	
	Describe the important pharmacological actions of	
	adrenaline on different organ systems of the body.	
	Enlist and explain the therapeutic uses of adrenaline	
	Enumerate important adverse effects&	
	contraindications of the drug.	
NS-Ph-	Explain the differences in response, therapeutic uses&	Sympathomime
009	side-effects of other catecholamines with reference to	tic Drugs
	adrenaline	
	Differentiate between catecholamines and non-	
	catecholamines	
	Explain the pharmacological actions of important non-	
	catecholamines in light of their mode of action	
	Enlist important therapeutic uses and side-effects of	
	important non-catecholamines.	
	Classify sympathomimetics according to their clinical	
	indications	
	Classify alpha blockers according to receptor	
	selectivity.	
NO DI	Explain the pharmacological actions of alpha blockers	Alpha Receptor
NS-Ph- 010	Enlist and important clinical uses and side-effects of	Blocking drugs
	this drug group.	
	Describe their role in benign prostatic hyperplasia &	
	pheochromocytoma	
	Classify beta blockers according to receptor	
	selectivity, ISA, MSA, lipid solubility & duration of	
NO DI	action.	
NS-Ph- 011	Describe the pharmacological actions of beta blockers	Beta Receptor Blocking drugs
	on different systems of the body.	
	Explain important pharmacokinetic features of the	
	group	

	Enlist and explain important clinical uses of beta	
	blockers especially with reference to CVS	
	Enlist non-cardiac clinical uses of beta blockers	
	Enlist important side effects and contraindications of	
	beta blockers	
	Name central Sympathoplegics and centrally acting	
	alpha-2 agonists.	Centrally Acting
NS-Ph-	Explain mechanism of action, uses and side effects of	Sympathoplegic
012	alpha methyl Dopa & clonidine	Drugs
	Differentiate between alpha methyl Dopa & clonidine	

## PATHOLOGY & MICROBIOLOGY

CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HO	URS = 17
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	TOPIC
NS-Pa- 001	Define meningitis.  Identify different types of meningitis according to etiology.		Infections of CNS (meninges)
NS-Pa- 002	Define concussion and contusion Enlist their clinical features	Pathology	Trauma to CNS
NS-Pa- 003	Enumerate various demyelinating diseases of CNS Enlist clinical features and diagnosis of Multiple Sclerosis & Guillain-Barre syndrome		Demyelinating diseases of CNS
NS-Pa- 004	Introduction to viruses, structure of virus, classification of DNA and RNA viruses		Viruses
NS-Pa- 005	Discuss herpes simplex virus with its epidemiology, virulence factors, pathogenesis, lab diagnosis & prevention.		Herpes Simplex Virus infection related to CNS
NS-Pa- 006	Discuss varicella zoster virus with its epidemiology, virulence factors, pathogenesis, lab diagnosis & prevention.		Varicella Zoster Virus infection related to CNS

CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	TOPIC
CODE		TOTAL HO	URS = 04
NEUROANATOMY			
NS-P-029	Recording body temperature		Hypothalamus
NS-P-028	Examination of Deep tendon reflexes		Deep Reflexes
NS-P-027	Demonstrate following superficial reflexes: Corneal Reflex, Conjunctival Reflex & Plantar reflex.		Motor System
NS-P-026	Examination of 9 <sup>th</sup> , 10 <sup>th</sup> , 11 <sup>th</sup> & 12 <sup>th</sup> nerve	Physiology	CN IX, X, XI, XII
NS-P-025	Examination of facial nerve	Dhyeiology	CN VII
NS-P-024	Examination of trigeminal nerve		CN V
NS-P-023	Examination of 3 <sup>rd</sup> , 4 <sup>th</sup> and 6 <sup>th</sup> nerve		CN III, IV, VI
NS-P-022	Examination of Olfactory nerve		Sensory System
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	ТОРІС
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HO	OURS = 13
	PHYSIOLOGY		
	PRACTICALS		
NS-Pa- 008	Discuss Clostridium tetani and Clostridium botulinum with its virulence factors, pathogenesis, lab diagnosis		Clostridium tetani & Clostridium botulinum infections
NS-Pa- 007	Discuss Polio virus with its virulence factors, pathogenesis, lab diagnosis & prevention		Polio virus infections

NS-A-040	Demonstrate gross neuroanatomical knowledge of the brain and brainstem with particular focus on the cranial nerves, including identification of their origin, course, nuclei, associated foramina, functional components, and clinical correlations using anatomical models and dissected cadaveric specimens		Nervous system
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## Module No. 06 ALVEO-CEMENTAL COMPLEX



## **MODULE RATIONALE**

The alveo-cemental complex comprises critical structures including the periodontal ligament (PDL), cementum, alveolar bone, gingiva, and the physiological processes of tooth eruption and shedding. Understanding these components is essential for dental students to grasp the structural, functional, and dynamic aspects of periodontal health and disease. By focusing on these elements collectively, this module provides a comprehensive view of the interrelationship between the periodontal tissues, their roles in maintaining oral health, and their response to pathological changes.

The alveo-cemental complex module is a vital component of the oral histology curriculum, providing dental students with an in-depth understanding of the tissues that form the periodontium and their functional interrelationships. By linking histological features to clinical applications, this module ensures students develop the foundational knowledge required to excel in their dental education and future clinical practice. This holistic approach fosters critical thinking and prepares students to diagnose and manage periodontal conditions effectively.

## **MODULE OUTCOMES**

- Knowledge-Based Learning Outcomes: Describe the histological features, composition, and structural organization of the periodontal ligament (PDL), cementum, alveolar bone, and gingiva.
- Explain the functional roles of each component in the alveo-cemental complex in maintaining tooth support and stability.
- Identify the adaptive and regenerative capacities of periodontal tissues, including bone remodeling and cementum deposition.
- Skill-Based Learning Outcomes: Analyze histological slides of the PDL, cementum, alveolar bone, and gingiva to identify their structural features and clinical relevance.
- Attitude-Based Learning Outcomes: Appreciate the complexity and interdependence of the alveocemental complex in maintaining oral health.
- Demonstrate an understanding of the importance of histological knowledge in diagnosing and managing periodontal and developmental conditions.
- Develop an awareness of the role of scientific inquiry in advancing knowledge of periodontal tissue biology and its applications in dentistry.

## SUBJECTS INTEGRATED IN THE MODULE

- Oral Biology & Tooth Morphology
- Community Dentistry
- Dental Radiology

- Periodontology
- Pathology



## **THEORY**

## **ORAL BIOLOGY**

CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HOURS = 13		
332		INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	TOPIC	
ALC-OB- 001	Define the alveolo-cemental complex (periodontium) and explain its role in dental support.		Periodontium Overview	
ALC-OB- 002	Identify its components (cementum, PDL, alveolar bone, gingiva) and their diagrammatic arrangement around the tooth.	Oral Histology	Components of Periodontium	
ALC-OB- 003	Recognize and define key terms (e.g., cementoid, Sharpey's fibers, proprioception) related to alveolocemental complex		Periodontium Terminology	
ALC-OB- 004	Discuss the development of Supporting Tissues		Development of Supporting Tissues	
ALC-OB- 005	Enlist the structure and function of the periodontal ligament.		Periodontal Ligament Structure	
ALC-OB- 006	Describe the different groups of fibers in the periodontal ligament.		Periodontal Ligament Fiber Groups	
ALC-OB- 007	Describe the adaptation of the periodontal ligament to the functional demands.		Functional Adaptation of Periodontal Ligament	
ALC-OB- 008	Relate the study of the periodontal ligament with developmental disturbances and clinical implications.		Periodontal Ligament Clinical Relevance	
ALC-OB- 009	Differentiate between the structure of cellular and acellular cementum.		Cellular vs Acellular Cementum	
ALC-OB- 010	Classify and explain the structure of different types of cementum and their properties.		Types of Cementum	

ALC-OB- 011	Describe the role of cementum in the attachment apparatus.		Cementum in Attachment Apparatus
ALC-OB- 012	Describe resorption and repair of cementum and age changes.		Cementum Resorption and Repair
ALC-OB- 013	Relate the study of cementum with developmental disturbances and clinical implications.		Cementum Clinical Relevance
ALC-OB- 014	Describe the histology of bone cells and their molecular regulation.		Bone Cells and Molecular Regulation
ALC-OB- 015	Describe the structure and functions of alveolar bone.		Alveolar Bone Structure and Function
ALC-OB- 016	Elaborate its changes with age and its clinical considerations.		Alveolar Bone Age Changes and Clinical Relevance
ALC-OB- 017	Describe the histological aspects of gingiva.		Gingival Histology
ALC-OB- 018	Enumerate gingival fibers & their functions.	Oral Histology	Gingival Fibers
ALC-OB- 019	Tabulate blood and nerve supply of gingiva.		Gingival Blood and Nerve Supply
ALC-OB- 020	Describe the structural and functional characteristics of different areas of Gingival epithelium		Gingival Epithelium
ALC-OB- 021	Explain the structure of dentogingival junction.		Dentogingival Junction
ALC-OB- 022	Explain the structure of mucogingival junction.		Mucogingival Junction
ALC-OB- 023	Describe eruption and phases of tooth movement.		Tooth Eruption Phases
ALC-OB- 024	Elaborate pre-eruptive tooth movement.		Pre-eruptive Tooth Movement
ALC-OB- 025	Discuss the mechanism and factors responsible for eruptive tooth movement.		Eruptive Tooth Movement Mechanisms
ALC-OB- 026	Describe the types of movement a tooth makes post- eruption to maintain its functional position in the jaw in terms of mechanism and significance.		Post-eruptive Tooth Movements

ALC-OB- 027	Discuss histology and causes of tooth shedding.		Tooth Shedding
ALC-OB- 028	Describe the factors involved in abnormal tooth		Abnormal Tooth
	movement.		Movements
AL 0.0D		Oral Histology	Bone
ALC-OB- 029	Describe modeling and remodeling of bone.		Modeling and
023			Remodeling
ALC-OB-			Orthodontic
030	Explain orthodontic tooth movement.		Tooth
			Movement
ALC-OB-	Describe the investing layer associated with the		Investing Layer of
031	crowns of unerupted teeth.	Orthodontics	Unerupted
001	orowno or unorupted tooth.		Teeth
ALC-OB-	Define the alveolo-cemental complex (periodontium)		Periodontium
032	and explain its role in dental support.	Oral Histology	Overview
	and explain he fold in defical supports		370171017
COMMUNITY DENTISTRY			
	COMMUNITY DENTISTRY		
CODE		TOTAL HO	URS = 03
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HO INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	URS = 03 TOPIC
CODE		INTEGRATING	
ALC-CD-	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING	<b>TOPIC</b> Periodontal
	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES  Define the key periodontal indices used in epidemiological studies, including indices for gingivitis,	INTEGRATING	ТОРІС
ALC-CD-	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES  Define the key periodontal indices used in epidemiological studies, including indices for gingivitis, periodontitis, and plaque assessment.	INTEGRATING	TOPIC  Periodontal Indices
ALC-CD- 001	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES  Define the key periodontal indices used in epidemiological studies, including indices for gingivitis, periodontitis, and plaque assessment.  Explain the principles and methodology for measuring	INTEGRATING	TOPIC  Periodontal Indices  Periodontal
ALC-CD- 001	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES  Define the key periodontal indices used in epidemiological studies, including indices for gingivitis, periodontitis, and plaque assessment.  Explain the principles and methodology for measuring periodontal diseases in population-based studies.	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	TOPIC  Periodontal Indices  Periodontal Indices
ALC-CD- 001 ALC-CD- 002	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES  Define the key periodontal indices used in epidemiological studies, including indices for gingivitis, periodontitis, and plaque assessment.  Explain the principles and methodology for measuring	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE  Community	TOPIC  Periodontal Indices  Periodontal Indices  Gingivitis
ALC-CD- 001 ALC-CD- 002	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES  Define the key periodontal indices used in epidemiological studies, including indices for gingivitis, periodontitis, and plaque assessment.  Explain the principles and methodology for measuring periodontal diseases in population-based studies.	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	TOPIC  Periodontal Indices  Periodontal Indices  Gingivitis Indices in
ALC-CD- 001 ALC-CD- 002	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES  Define the key periodontal indices used in epidemiological studies, including indices for gingivitis, periodontitis, and plaque assessment.  Explain the principles and methodology for measuring periodontal diseases in population-based studies.  Describe various indices used for measuring gingivitis	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE  Community	TOPIC  Periodontal Indices  Periodontal Indices  Gingivitis Indices in Community
ALC-CD- 001 ALC-CD- 002	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES  Define the key periodontal indices used in epidemiological studies, including indices for gingivitis, periodontitis, and plaque assessment.  Explain the principles and methodology for measuring periodontal diseases in population-based studies.  Describe various indices used for measuring gingivitis (e.g., Löe & Silness Gingival Index) and their significance in assessing community oral health.	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE  Community	Periodontal Indices  Periodontal Indices  Gingivitis Indices in Community Health
ALC-CD- 001 ALC-CD- 002 ALC-CD- 003	Define the key periodontal indices used in epidemiological studies, including indices for gingivitis, periodontitis, and plaque assessment.  Explain the principles and methodology for measuring periodontal diseases in population-based studies.  Describe various indices used for measuring gingivitis (e.g., Löe & Silness Gingival Index) and their significance in assessing community oral health.  Discuss the different periodontitis measurement	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE  Community	Periodontal Indices  Periodontal Indices  Gingivitis Indices in Community Health  Periodontitis
ALC-CD- 001 ALC-CD- 002	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES  Define the key periodontal indices used in epidemiological studies, including indices for gingivitis, periodontitis, and plaque assessment.  Explain the principles and methodology for measuring periodontal diseases in population-based studies.  Describe various indices used for measuring gingivitis (e.g., Löe & Silness Gingival Index) and their significance in assessing community oral health.	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE  Community	Periodontal Indices  Periodontal Indices  Gingivitis Indices in Community Health

DENTAL RADIOLOGY			
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HOURS = 03	URS = 03
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	ТОРІС
ALC-DR- 001	Define the role of radiology in diagnosing and assessing periodontal diseases.		Role of Radiology in Periodontal Disease Diagnosis
ALC-DR- 002	Explain the radiographic features of healthy periodontium and pathological changes seen in gingivitis and periodontitis.	Dental Radiology	Radiographic Features of Health and Disease Interpretation of Radiographic Signs in Periodontal Disease
ALC-DR- 003	Interpret key radiographic signs of periodontal disease, including crestal bone loss, widening of the periodontal ligament space, and calculus deposits.		
	PERIODONTOLOGY		
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HOURS = 03	
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	ТОРІС
ALC-OP- 001	Define key terminologies related to periodontal diseases: Gingivitis, periodontitis, periodontal pockets, clinical attachment level and periodontal bone loss		Periodontal Disease Terminology
ALC-OP- 002	Identify the microbial composition of healthy gingival and periodontal tissues. Explain the role of commensal bacteria in maintaining periodontal homeostasis.	Oral Pathology and Periodontology	Healthy Microbial Composition and Periodontal Homeostasis
ALC-OP- 003	List key bacterial species involved in periodontal disease (e.g., Porphyromonas gingivalis, Tannerella forsythia, Treponema denticola).		Pathogenic Bacterial Species in Periodontal Disease

ALC-OP- 004	Explain how bacterial enzymes, toxins, and metabolic byproducts contribute to tissue destruction.		Role of Bacterial Enzymes and Toxins in Tissue Destruction	
ALC-OP- 005	What is Plaque biofilm and how is it form and what is its role in periodontal diseases.		Plaque Biofilm Formation and Role in Disease	
ALC-OP- 006	Describe dental plaque biofilm as the major factor contributing to development of periodontal disease, and its relationship with host, genetic and local predisposing factors in exacerbating periodontal conditions.		Biofilm-Host Interaction and Risk Factors	
ALC-OP- 007	Demonstrate the adherent nature of plaque and the inability to visualize easily. Describe why it is important to disclose plaque; and demonstrate the need for mechanical plaque removal both by the patient and professionally.		Plaque Visualization, Disclosure, and Mechanical Removal	
ALC-OP- 008	Explain the role of dental calculus in periodontal disease, differentiate between supragingival and subgingival calculus, describe the formation, mineralization, and microbial composition of calculus, and explain how calculus acts as a plaque-retentive surface contributing to periodontal disease progression.	Oral Pathology and Periodontology	Dental Calculus Formation, Composition, and Role in Disease	
ALC-OP- 009	Enlist other predisposing factors (other than calculus) that predispose to plaque formation and consequent periodontal disease like gingivitis.		Other Predisposing Factors for Plaque Formation	
ALC-OP- 010	Describe the etiology and pathogenesis of scurvy with emphasis on the biochemical role of Vitamin C in collagen synthesis and its clinical implications on periodontal tissue integrity		Scurvy and Vitamin C Role in Periodontal Health	
	PATHOLOGY-IMMUNOLOGY BASICS			
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HO	URS = 08	

		INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	ТОРІС
ALC-Pa- 001	Define acute inflammation and its pathological basis relevant to dental conditions.	Pathology and Immunology	Acute Inflammation in Dental Conditions
ALC-Pa- 002	Enlist stimuli for acute inflammation, including microbes, trauma, and chemical irritants relevant to oral infections.		Stimuli of Acute Inflammation in Oral Health
ALC-Pa- 003	Classify chemical mediators of acute inflammation and their role in dental diseases such as dental abscess formation.		Chemical Mediators of Acute Inflammation in Dentistry
ALC-Pa- 004	Explain vascular and cellular events in acute inflammation and its relation to dental conditions like pulpitis and periodontitis.		Vascular and Cellular Events in Acute Inflammation
ALC-Pa- 005	Describe systemic effects of acute inflammation, such as fever and leukocytosis, and their impact on dental treatment.		Systemic Effects of Acute Inflammation
ALC-Pa- 006	Recognize microbes causing acute inflammation in dental infections like Streptococcus mutans and Porphyromonas gingivalis.		Microbes Causing Dental Infections
ALC-Pa- 007	Analyze morphological patterns of acute inflammation, such as purulent or fibrinous types, in oral diseases.	Pathology and Immunology	Morphological Patterns of Acute Inflammation in Oral Diseases
ALC-Pa- 008	Define chronic inflammation and its significance in persistent oral and systemic conditions.		Chronic Inflammation and Its Oral/Systemic Significance
ALC-Pa- 009	Identify chronic inflammatory cells, such as macrophages and lymphocytes, and mediators like TNF- $\alpha$ and IL-1.		Chronic Inflammatory Cells and Mediators
ALC-Pa- 010	Discuss Porphyromonas and Fusobacterium with its pathogenesis.		Pathogenesis of

			Porphyromon as and Fusobacteriu m
	PRACTICALS		
	ORAL BIOLOGY		
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HO	URS = 07
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARINING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	TOPIC
ALC-OB- 033	Draw and label the periodontal ligament in a cross-section between teeth.		Periodontal Ligament Cross-Section
ALC-OB- 034	Draw and label the arrangement of principal fiber groups within the periodontium.	_	Principal Fiber Groups Arrangement
ALC-OB- 035	Draw and label the differentiation of cementoblasts from ectomesenchymal cells & the fragmentation of Hertwig's epithelial root sheath.		Cementoblast Differentiation and HERS Fragmentation
ALC-OB- 036	Draw and label the cementoenamel junction.		Cementoena mel Junction
ALC-OB- 037	Draw and label cellular cementum.		Cellular Cementum
ALC-OB- 038	Draw and label alveolar bone and bundle bone.		Alveolar and Bundle Bone
ALC-OB- 039	Draw and label different anatomical zones of gingiva; mucocutaneous junction, mucogingival junction, dentogingival junction & gingival group of fibers (gingival ligament).		Anatomical Zones of Gingiva and Gingival Fibers
	DENTAL RADIOLOGY		
CODE	SDECIFIC I FADNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HOURS = 03	
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	ТОРІС
ALC-DR- 004	Identify normal periodontal structures on radiographs (OPG and periapical).	Dental Radiology	Normal Periodontal Structures on Radiographs

ALC-DR- 005	Observe alveolar bone and assess bone levels.	Dental Radiology	Alveolar Bone Observation and Level Assessment	
ALC-DR- 006	Identify the periodontal ligament (PDL) space on radiographs.	Dental Radiology	Periodontal Ligament Space Identification	
ALC-DR- 007	Identify the lamina dura on radiographs.	Dental Radiology	Lamina Dura Identification	
ALC-DR- 008	Recognize the cementoenamel junction (CEJ) on radiographs.	Dental Radiology	Cementoena mel Junction Recognition	
ALC-DR- 009	Differentiate between cortical and cancellous bone on radiographs.	Dental Radiology	Cortical vs. Cancellous Bone Differentiation	
	PERIODONTOLOGY			
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HOURS = 03		
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING GOTCOMES	INTEGRATING	ТОРІС	
		DISCIPLINE	10110	
ALC-OP- 011	Demonstrate plaque disclosure and visualization techniques.	DISCIPLINE	Plaque Disclosure and Visualization	
		DISCIPLINE	Plaque Disclosure and	
011 ALC-OP-	techniques.	Periodontology	Plaque Disclosure and Visualization Plaque Index	
O11 ALC-OP- 012 ALC-OP-	techniques.  Record plaque index using standard methods.  Demonstrate plaque removal techniques including		Plaque Disclosure and Visualization Plaque Index Recording Brushing and Flossing	
ALC-OP- 012 ALC-OP- 013	techniques.  Record plaque index using standard methods.  Demonstrate plaque removal techniques including proper brushing and flossing.  Observe professional plaque removal techniques including scaling (formative observation only, not	Periodontology	Plaque Disclosure and Visualization Plaque Index Recording Brushing and Flossing Techniques Professional Plaque Removal	
ALC-OP- 012 ALC-OP- 013 ALC-OP- 014	techniques.  Record plaque index using standard methods.  Demonstrate plaque removal techniques including proper brushing and flossing.  Observe professional plaque removal techniques including scaling (formative observation only, not assessed).  PATHOLOGY IMMUNOLOGY BASIC	Periodontology	Plaque Disclosure and Visualization Plaque Index Recording Brushing and Flossing Techniques Professional Plaque Removal Observation	
ALC-OP- 012 ALC-OP- 013	techniques.  Record plaque index using standard methods.  Demonstrate plaque removal techniques including proper brushing and flossing.  Observe professional plaque removal techniques including scaling (formative observation only, not assessed).	Periodontology	Plaque Disclosure and Visualization Plaque Index Recording Brushing and Flossing Techniques Professional Plaque Removal Observation	

			of Acute
			Inflammation
			Clinical
ALC-Pa-	Perform a clinical examination to detect signs of acute		Examination
012	inflammation.		for Acute
			Inflammation
			Differentiation
			of
ALC Do	Distinguish between granulomatous and non-		Granulomatou
ALC-Pa- 013	granulomatous inflammation in histological slides.		s and Non-
013			Granulomatou
			S
			Inflammation
			Clinical
ALC-Pa-	Identify clinical signs of chronic inflammation such as		Identification
014	ulcers, gingival swelling, and oral lesions.		of Chronic
	alcoro, gingival owolling, and oral loolono.		Inflammation
			Signs
	COMMUNITY DENTISTRY		
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HO	URS = 02
CODE	S. Len le Leattine de l'estiles	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	TOPIC
ALC-CD- 005	CPITN	Community Dentistry	Indices in Community dentistry





# BDS Integrated Curriculum 2K25 Version 01









## Module No. 07 BLOOD & CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM



## **MODULE RATIONALE**

The Blood and Cardiovascular System (CVS) module is a vital component of the Biological Basis of Health & Disease in the dental curriculum. Blood and CVS are essential for maintaining systemic equilibrium and have direct implications for oral health, wound healing, and comprehensive patient care in dentistry.

It is important to highlight that the structure, function, and clinical aspects of Red Blood Cells (RBCs) were thoroughly covered in the Foundation Module, while the Introduction to Inflammation was previously explored in the Alveolo-cemental Module. Inflammation will now be studied in detail in this module, with a focus on cellular and molecular mechanisms, clinical manifestations, and relevance to systemic and oral disease processes.

This current module builds upon those themes by exploring the remaining components of blood—such as white blood cells, platelets, plasma proteins, immunity, hemostasis, and blood groups—as well as the anatomy and physiology of the heart and vasculature, key pathologies, and relevant pharmacological interventions.

A unique feature of this block is the addition of upper limb anatomy, specifically tailored to support intravenous cannulation skills. This enhancement is aimed at building essential clinical competencies in dental students for managing medical emergencies and improving their understanding of vascular access. This module is designed in a fully integrated format, where Anatomy, Biochemistry, Physiology, Pathology & Microbiology, and Pharmacology come together to deliver cohesive and clinically contextual knowledge.

## Clinical Relevance to Dentistry

Understanding the Blood and Cardiovascular System is indispensable in dental practice due to its widespread influence on diagnosis, treatment planning, and patient safety. Key relevance areas include:

- Hemostasis and Coagulation: Essential for managing dental extractions, periodontal surgeries, and post-operative care, especially in patients with bleeding disorders.
- Infective Endocarditis: Recognizing cardiac risk factors and implementing prophylactic strategies during invasive procedures is critical.
- Anemia and Systemic Conditions: Oral manifestations of systemic diseases, such as pallor, glossitis, or delayed healing, are frequently encountered in dental settings.
- Hypertension and Cardiovascular Diseases: Common comorbidities that affect the choice of anesthetic agents, treatment timing, and stress management.
- Drug Interactions: Familiarity with cardiovascular pharmacology aids in safely managing patients on anticoagulants, antihypertensives, or antiplatelet agents.

- Inflammatory and Immune Responses: Integral to the pathogenesis of periodontal disease, periapical infections, and oral ulcers. The study of anti-inflammatory diseases enhances understanding of chronic immune modulation in oral and systemic health.
- Emergency Preparedness: Knowledge of vascular anatomy, including the upper limb, underpins emergency response skills such as intravenous access, medication administration, and cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR).

This module aims to build a foundation of knowledge that enables students to relate systemic pathophysiology to oral findings and make informed, safe decisions in their future dental practice.

## **MODULE OUTCOMES**

- Blood and Immune System: Describe the composition and functions of blood, including plasma, red and white blood cells, and platelets.
- Explain the process of hematopoiesis and the regulation of blood cell production.
- Interpret normal and abnormal complete blood count (CBC) and relate findings to clinical conditions.
- Discuss the role and types of white blood cells in innate and adaptive immunity.
- Explain the physiological mechanisms of hemostasis, coagulation, fibrinolysis, and the role of antifibrinolytic agents in controlling bleeding.
- Identify common bleeding and clotting disorders and describe their relevance to dental procedures.
- Classify blood groups and explain their importance in transfusion medicine and emergency care.
- Describe the cellular and molecular basis of inflammation and distinguish between acute and chronic inflammation.
- Discuss the systemic and oral manifestations of inflammatory and anti-inflammatory diseases.
- Correlate laboratory markers of inflammation (e.g., CRP, ESR) with underlying pathology in dental practice.
- Identify key pharmacological agents related to the blood and immune systems, including:
- Antiplatelet and anticoagulant drugs (e.g., aspirin, heparin, warfarin, DOACs)
- Antifibrinolytics (e.g., tranexamic acid), especially in managing bleeding risks during dental procedures
- Immunosuppressive agents used in inflammatory and autoimmune conditions
- Corticosteroids and NSAIDs: their mechanisms, uses, and considerations in dental care
- Therapies for anemia (e.g., iron, folate, vitamin B12, erythropoietin)
- Discuss drug-related complications and interactions that may affect dental treatment, particularly in patients receiving systemic therapies affecting hemostasis and immunity.
- Describe the gross, microscopic, and functional physiological anatomy of the heart, blood vessels, and lymphatics, with a focus on their relevance to oral tissues.

- Explain the physiology of the cardiac cycle, including electrical conduction, heart sounds, and mechanical events.
- Understand blood pressure regulation and homeostasis, and identify normal and abnormal values.
- Discuss the pathophysiology of common cardiovascular diseases, including hypertension, atherosclerosis, and heart failure.
- Describe dental management considerations for patients with cardiovascular conditions, including antibiotic prophylaxis and emergency response.
- Identify and explain the pharmacological agents used in cardiovascular medicine, including:
- Antihypertensives (e.g., beta-blockers, ACE inhibitors, calcium channel blockers, diuretics)
- Antianginal and antiarrhythmic drugs
- Lipid-lowering agents (e.g., statins)
- Emergency cardiovascular drugs (e.g., adrenaline, glyceryl trinitrate)
- Evaluate the dental implications of cardiovascular medications, including side effects such as xerostomia, gingival hyperplasia, and increased bleeding risk.
- Recognize oral manifestations of cardiovascular diseases and correlate them with systemic conditions.
- Demonstrate anatomical knowledge of the upper limb venous system to support the development of intravenous cannulation skills.
- Apply integrated understanding of CVS in interpreting ECG basics, measuring blood pressure, and assessing cardiovascular risks in dental patients.
- Reflect on the significance of cardiovascular health in maintaining oral health and ensuring safe, patient-centered dental care.

## SUBJECTS INTEGRATED IN THE MODULE

- Anatomy
- Biochemistry
- Physiology
- Pathology
- Pharmacology



## **THEORY**

## **ANATOMY**

CODE	COECIFIC I FADNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HOURS = 13	
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	ТОРІС
	Describe the Blood components		
	Describe the structure of heart wall and functioning of heart		
	Classify and exemplify various types of blood vessels		
CVS-A-	Describe and exemplify various types of anastomoses	General	Circulatory
001	Describe three circulatory routes	Anatomy	system
	Define portal system and describe its two varieties		
	Describe the vascular supply of blood vessels		
	Describe various components of lymph vascular		
	system  Describe the boundaries and contents of cubital fossa		
	Describe the boundaries and contents of cubital lossa		
CVS-A- 002	Describe the clinical significance of cubital fossa:	Gross Anatomy	Phlebotomy
002	taking blood pressure and collecting blood sample		
	Describe the superficial veins, muscles, nerves and		
	vessels of flexor/anterior compartment of forearm		
CVS-A- 003	Describe the clinical significance of median forearm	Gross Anatomy	Phlebotomy
	vein.		

CVS-A- 004	Describe the superficial veins, muscles, tendons, vessels and nerves of dorsum of hand  Describe the boundaries, contents and clinical importance of anatomical snuff box.  Describe the clinical importance of dorsal venous arch, cephalic and basilic veins	Gross Anatomy	Phlebotomy
	BIOCHEMISTRY		
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HO	URS = 13
		INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	ТОРІС
CVS-B- 001	Define Zwitter ion and isoelectric pH.	Biochemistry	Chemistry and classification of amino acids
CVS-B- 002	Define limiting amino acids and provide suitable examples of limiting amino acids.		Classification of proteins
CVS-B- 003	Understand the nutritional importance of proteins and correlate this information to protein energy malnutrition.  Compare and contrast the salient features of kwashiorkor and marasmus.	Pediatric dentistry	Protein energy malnutrition (PEM)
CVS-B- 004	Define conjugated proteins and provide suitable examples of conjugated proteins in the human body (lipoproteins, glycoproteins, nucleoproteins, chromoproteins, and metalloproteins).	Oral pathology	Conjugated proteins
CVS-B- 005	Elaborate the role of chaperones in protein folding.	Periodontology	Structural organization of proteins

CVS-B- 006	Briefly describe the consequences of protein misfolding (Alzheimer's disease and prion diseases).	Gen Medicine	Protein misfolding
CVS-B- 007	Differentiate between denaturation and coagulation.	Immunology	Protein Structure and Denaturation
CVS-B- 008	Enlist the functions and give the clinical importance of plasma proteins (albumin, fibrinogen, and transferrin).	Physiology, Gen Pathology Gen Medicine	Plasma proteins
CVS-B- 009	Draw and label the general structure of an antibody.  Enlist five major types of immunoglobulins and give functions/significance of each class separately.	lmmunology	Immunoglobu lin Classes and Their Functions
CVS-B- 010	Explain the process of beta-oxidation of fatty acids and how it contributes to ATP production during sustained, low-intensity exercise.	Bichemistry	Lipid metabolism
CVS-B- 011	Define eicosanoids.  Outline classification and biomedical importance of eicosanoids.  Enlist functions of prostaglandins, leukotrienes and thromboxanes.  Explain how low-dose aspirin therapy helps in the management of patients with IHD.	Physiology, Pathology, Pharmacology, Gen Medicine	Eicosanoids
	PHYSIOLOGY		
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HOU	JRS = 20
3032		INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	ТОРІС
BLOOD			

CVS-P- 001	Enumerate the types of white blood cells along with their normal blood count.  Discuss their site of genesis.		Resistance of the Body to Infection: I. Leukocytes, Granulocytes, the Monocyte-Macrophage System, and Inflammation
CVS-P- 002	Describe the characteristics and functions of Neutrophils  Explain the process of phagocytosis and lysis of invading agent by neutrophils  Explain the process of phagocytosis and lysis of invading agent by macrophages  Explain the process of opsonization  Describe the process of inflammation  Enlist different lines of defense during inflammation	Pathology	Resistance of the Body to Infection: I. Leukocytes, Granulocytes, the Monocyte- Macrophage System, and Inflammation
CVS-P- 003	Explain the process of Migration of neutrophils from the blood into inflamed tissue  Explain the functions of eosinophils and basophils  Give normal lifespan of white blood cells		Resistance of the Body to Infection: I. Leukocytes, Granulocytes, the Monocyte- Macrophage System, and Inflammation
CVS-P- 004	Classify lymphocytes		Resistance of the Body to Infection:

	Classify T lymphocytes and enlist their salient functions  Define immunity  Describe innate immunity  Describe and classify acquired immunity		II. Immunity and Allergy
CVS-P- 005	Define passive immunity  Discuss the role of T cells and B cells in acquired immunity  Define plasma cells  Describe the structure of antigen and immunoglobulin.  Enlist types of immunoglobulins  Describe the mechanism of direct action of antibodies	Pathology Immunology	Specific attributes of the B- lymphocyte system— humoral immunity and antibodies
CVS-P- 006	Enumerate different blood group types.  Explain the basis of ABO and Rh blood system  Discuss the features and complications of mismatched blood transfusion reaction  Enlist the Hazards of blood transfusion.	Pathology Haematology	Blood Types; Transfusion
CVS-P- 007	Discuss the pathophysiology, features and treatment of Rh incompatibility.  Define hemostasis.  Enlist and explain the mechanisms that secure hemostasis  Give characteristics and functions of platelets.	Physiology	Hemostasis and Blood Coagulation

CVS-P- 009	Explain the physiological anatomy of cardiac muscle.  Describe and draw the phases of action potential of ventricle	Anatomy	Cardiac Muscle; The Heart as a Pump and Function of
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	торіс
		TOTAL HO	URS = 11
	HEART		
	Define Prothrombin time and mention its significance		humans
CVS-P- 008	Thrombocytopenia)		excessive bleeding in
	bleeding (Vitamin K deficiency, Hemophilia,		Conditions that cause
	Enlist and explain the conditions that cause excessive		
	oxalate & citrate) used in laboratory.		
	Name and give mechanism of anticoagulants (heparin,		
	Describe mechanism of clot formation after injury		
	Name vitamin K dependent clotting factors  Explain the Intrinsic & extrinsic clotting pathway.		
	Enlist the clotting factors in blood.		
	Explain consequences of thrombocytopenia		
	Enlist causes of thrombocytopenia		
	Define thrombocytopenia.		
	platelet plug to seal small vascular holes		
	Explain the steps involved in formation of primary		
	platelets		
	Mention normal platelet count in blood and life span of		

Valves

CVS-P- 010	Describe and draw the phases of action potential of SA node along with explanation of the mechanism of self-excitation/ Auto rhythmicity of SA node.  Draw and explain the conducting system of heart	Anatomy Anatomy	Rhythmical Excitation of the Heart
CVS-P- 011	Describe the mechanism of excitation-contraction coupling in cardiac muscle.  Draw & explain pressure & volume changes of left ventricle during cardiac cycle.  Define & give the normal values of the cardiac output, stroke volume, end diastolic volume, end systolic volume and venous return  Describe the Frank starling mechanism.  Describe the autonomic regulation of heart pumping.  Describe the effect of potassium, calcium ions & temperature on heart function.		Cardiac Muscle; The Heart as a Pump and Function of the Heart Valves
CVS-P- 012	Define Electrocardiogram  Enlist, draw, and explain the physiological basis & give durations of waves, intervals, and segments of normal ECG.	General	Fundamental s of Electrocardio graphy
CVS-P- 013	Define tachycardia and enlist its causes.  Define bradycardia and enlist its causes.  Define sinus arrhythmia and its physiological basis	Medicine	Cardiac Arrhythmias
	CIRCULATION		
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HO	URS = 15
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	ТОРІС
CVS-P- 014	Explain the functional parts of circulation (arteries, arterioles, capillaries, veins, venules)	Anatomy/Oral Medicine	Overview of the Circulation  Nervous Regulation of

	Mention the pressures in systemic & pulmonary circulation.		the Circulation
	Describe nervous regulation of blood vessels and functioning of vasomotor centers.		
	Explain vasovagal syncope		
CVS-P- 015	Identify vessels constituting microcirculation.  Enumerate starling forces (hydrostatic and osmotic forces) and explain their role in capillary filtration and formation of interstitial fluid.  Define edema		The Microcirculati on and Lymphatic System: Capillary Fluid Exchange, Interstitial Fluid, and Lymph Flow
	Describe local control of blood flow in response to		
CVS-P- 016	Discuss role of Humoral factors in control of blood flow Explain acute mechanism of local blood flow control (tissue metabolism & oxygen/nutrient demand)  Describe autoregulation of blood flow during changes in arterial pressure—(metabolic and myogenic mechanisms)	Physiology	Local and Humoral Control of Tissue Blood Flow
CVS-P- 017	Define blood pressure and its two primary determinants (cardiac output and total peripheral resistance).  Define pulse pressure and mean arterial pressure.  Give normal blood pressure value and mean arterial		Clinical methods for measuring systolic and diastolic pressures
	pressure value  Define hypertension		Primary (essential) Hypertension

CVS-P- 018	Define Cardiac output and venous return. Give their normal values.  Enlist and explain factors that affect cardiac output and venous return	Cardiac Output, Venous Return, and Their Regulation
CVS-P- 019	Describe role of the nervous system in rapid control of arterial pressure.  Enumerate nervous reflex mechanisms for regulation of blood pressure  Explain the role of baroreceptors in regulation of arterial blood pressure.  Explain the role of chemoreceptors in regulation of arterial blood pressure  Explain the role of chemoreceptors in regulation of arterial blood pressure  Explain CNS ischemic response  Explain Cushing reaction	Nervous regulation of the circulation and rapid control of arterial pressure
CVS-P- 020	Describe role of renin angiotensin aldosterone mechanism in blood pressure regulation  Explain stress relaxation and capillary fluid shift  Enlist immediate (seconds to minutes), intermediate (after several minutes) and long-term mechanism of blood pressure regulation	Role of the kidneys in long- term control of arterial pressure
CVS-P- 021	Define & enlist different types of shock. Explain the causes, features, and pathophysiology of hypovolemic/hemorrhagic shock.  Explain the causes, features, and pathophysiology of septic shock.  Explain the causes, features, and pathophysiology of neurogenic shock.  Explain the causes and features of anaphylactic shock.	Circulatory Shock and its treatment

	Explain cardiogenic shock						
	Explain stages of shock						
CVS-P- 022	Enlist & explain compensatory mechanisms during non-progressive shock						
CVS-P- 023	Define angina pectoris and myocardial infarction	Medicine	The Coronary Circulation and Ischemic Heart Disease				
	Enlist the different types of heart sounds and explain						
	the physiological basis of each Heart sounds		Heart Valves				
CVS-P- 024	Enlist the causes of 3rd and 4th heart sounds.		and Heart Sounds				
	Define murmur						
	PATHOLOGY						
CODE	SDECIFIC LEADNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HOURS = 17					
CODE	SDECIEIC I FADNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HO	URS = 17				
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	TOPIC				
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES  BLOOD	INTEGRATING					

CVS-Pa- 002	Differentiate between reactive and neoplastic WBC disorders based on clinical and laboratory findings.  Explain the pathophysiology of leukemoid reactions and leukemias.	Pathology	Disorders of WBCs
CVS-Pa- 003	Define the clinical aspects of innate and acquired immunity, including active and passive immunity.  List the types of immune cells, such as phagocytes, T cells, B cells, and NK cells, and explain their roles in immunity and disease progression.  Describe the complement activation pathways (classical, alternative, and lectin)	Oral Pathology Oral Medicine Oral Surgery Periodontology	Immunology
CVS-Pa- 004	List the types of antibodies (IgG, IgA, IgM, IgE, IgD) and discuss their relevance in hypersensitivity reactions.		Immunology
CVS-Pa- 005	Explain the types and pathogenesis of hypersensitivity reactions (Type I–IV) and their implications in dental conditions like latex allergies, drug reactions, and autoimmune oral lesions.		Hypersensitiv ity reactions
CVS-Pa- 006	Define the principles of ABO and Rh blood grouping systems.  State the importance of compatibility testing, including crossmatching, for safe transfusions.  Identify scenarios in dentistry where blood grouping knowledge is essential, such as surgeries or trauma management.	Hematology  General  Medicine  Oral and  Maxillofacial  Surgery	Blood grouping & complications of blood transfusion
CVS-Pa- 007	Define thrombosis, embolism, infarction, and hemorrhage as hemodynamic disorders relevant to systemic and oral health.	General Medicine Oral Pathology	Hemodynami c disorders

	Describe the types of thrombosis, including arterial and	Oral Medicine	
	venous, and their potential impact on dental procedures, such as delayed healing or increased	Oral and Maxillofacial	
	bleeding risks.	Surgery	
	Discuss the pathophysiology of thrombosis, focusing		
	on Virchow's triad (endothelial injury, stasis, and		
	hypercoagulability), and its relevance to dental		
	patients with cardiovascular disorders.		
	Explain the mechanisms and clinical features of		
	embolism, including pulmonary and systemic		
	embolism.		
	Explain the pathophysiology of embolism, including		
	detachment of thrombi and subsequent vascular		
CVS-Pa- 008	occlusion, and its potential effects on oral tissues or emergency scenarios during dental care.		hemodynami cs
	Outline the types of infarctions (white and red) and their effects on oral tissues, such as necrosis or		
	ischemic lesions.		
	Describe the pathophysiology of infarction, focusing on		
	ischemia and necrosis in oral and systemic contexts.		
	Define bleeding disorders and their relevance to		
CVS-Pa- 009	clinical dentistry.	Oral Pathology	
	Classify bleeding disorders into vascular, platelet,	Pharmacology	Hemodynami cs
	coagulation, and mixed types.	and Dental Therapeutics	Platelets &
	Enlist causes of thrombocytopenia, such as decreased	Oral and	Bleeding disorders
	production, increased destruction, or sequestration of	Maxillofacial	disorders
CVS-Pa-	platelets.	Surgery	
	List first-line laboratory investigations for bleeding		Hemodynami
010	disorders, including complete blood count (CBC),		cs
<u> </u>			<u> </u>

CVS-Pa- 011	candidiasis, hairy leukoplakia, and periodontal disease, in immunosuppressed patients.  Identify oral ulcerations caused by Cytomegalovirus (CMV) or Epstein-Barr Virus (EBV) in immunocompromised individuals.  Apply infection control protocols to prevent crosscontamination and transmission of bloodborne pathogens and parasites during dental procedures.	Oral Pathology  Oral  Microbiology  Oral Medicine	Relevance and Implications in Dentistry
	clinical correlation in diagnosing bleeding disorders (platelet & coagulation related disorder) in dental patients.  Apply knowledge of Streptococcus viridans and Staphylococcus aureus to recognize their role in infective endocarditis and bacteremia, and their implications for dental care.  Recognize oral manifestations of HIV, including candidiasis, hairy leukoplakia, and periodontal		and
	platelet count, bleeding time (BT), clotting time (CT), prothrombin time (PT), activated partial thromboplastin time (aPTT), and international normalized ratio (INR).  Discuss interpretation of laboratory findings and their		

CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HOURS = 03	
0002	SI ZEM TE ZZAKTNIKO OG TEGMIZO	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	TOPIC
CVS-Pa- 012	Define and classify types of shock (hypovolemic, cardiogenic, septic) and evaluate their pathophysiology and relevance in dental emergencies.		Hemodynami cs
CVS-Pa- 013	Correlate septicemia caused by cardiovascular pathogens (e.g., Staphylococcus aureus,	General Medicine	Microbiology related to CVS & dentistry

	Pseudomonas aeruginosa) with oral manifestations such as petechiae or splinter hemorrhages.  Identify microbial causes of myocarditis, such as Coxsackievirus and their systemic effects influencing dental care.  Assess the role of oral pathogens like Treponema denticola and Porphyromonasgingivalis in contributing to cardiovascular diseases, including atherosclerosis, and integrate this knowledge into periodontal therapy.	Oral Pathology Oral Medicine Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery	
	PHARMACOLOGY		
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HOU	JRS = 04
		INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	ТОРІС
	BLOOD		
CVS-Ph- 001	Classify anti-clotting drugs  Compare their usefulness in venous and arterial thrombosis  Describe the mechanisms of action, clinical uses and adverse effects of anticoagulants  Compare Unfractionated heparin, LMW heparins and oral anticoagulants  Compare and contrast the mechanism of action,	Gen surgery Medicine Oral medicine Oral & maxillofacial surgery	Anticoagulant s

Describe the mechanisms of action, clinical uses and	
adverse effects of antiplatelet drugs	
Illustrate where the 4 major classes of antiplatelet	
drugs act	
Differentiate between Clopidogrel and Ticlopidine	
Discuss the mechanism of action, clinical uses,	
adverse effects and contraindications of Thrombolytics	
Tabulate differences between Streptokinase &	
recombinant tissue plasminogen activators.	
Classify and give clinical uses of various iron	
preparations along with their adverse effects.	

#### cvs

CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HO	JRS = 20
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	TOPIC
CVS-Ph- 002	Classify vasodilators on the basis of site, route and mechanism of action.  Describe the pharmacokinetic properties and side effects of vasodilators.  Classify the drugs acting on renin-angiotensin aldosterone system (RAAS).  Explain their mechanisms of action, clinical indications, adverse effects and contraindications.	Medicine Oral medicine Oral & maxillofacial surgery	Anti- hypertensive drugs-I  ACE inhibitors, AT receptor antagonist, Direct acting vasodilators
CVS-Ph- 003	Classify antihypertensives according to site and mechanism of action.  Describe the role of sympatholytic drugs in hypertension.	Medicine Oral medicine Oral & maxillofacial surgery	Anti- hypertensive drugs-II Sympatholyti c drugs, Diuretics, Ca++

Recount the relevance of calcium channel blockers in hypertension  Tabulate the compensatory mechanisms of antihypertensive drugs  Classify the drugs used in the management of angina pectoris  Describe important pharmacokinetic aspects of nitrates.  Explain mechanism of action of nitrates.  Give pharmacological basis for the use of nitrates in angina  Enumerate adverse and toxic effects of nitrates  Explain briefly the pathophysiology of heart failure.  Recall the compensatory mechanisms in a failing heart.  Outline a treatment plan for patients with compensated or decompensated CHF.  Enlist major drug groups used for management of congestive heart failure.  Explain the role of diuretics, angiotensin-converting		Recall the role of diuretics in hypertension.		Channel blockers
Tabulate the compensatory mechanisms of anti-hypertensive drugs  Classify the drugs used in the management of angina pectoris  Describe important pharmacokinetic aspects of nitrates.  Explain mechanism of action of nitrates.  Give pharmacological basis for the use of nitrates in angina  Enumerate adverse and toxic effects of nitrates  Explain briefly the pathophysiology of heart failure.  Recall the compensatory mechanisms in a failing heart.  Outline a treatment plan for patients with compensated or decompensated CHF.  Enlist major drug groups used for management of congestive heart failure.  Explain the role of diuretics, angiotensin-converting				S.O.S.N.O.O
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CVS-Ph- 004  CVS-Ph- 004  CVS-Ph- 004  CVS-Ph- 005  CVS-Ph- 006  CVS-Ph- 007  CVS-P		•		
Describe important pharmacokinetic aspects of nitrates.  CVS-Ph-004  Explain mechanism of action of nitrates.  Give pharmacological basis for the use of nitrates in angina  Enumerate adverse and toxic effects of nitrates  Explain briefly the pathophysiology of heart failure.  Recall the compensatory mechanisms in a failing heart.  Outline a treatment plan for patients with compensated or decompensated CHF.  Enlist major drug groups used for management of congestive heart failure.  Explain the role of diuretics, angiotensin-converting  Medicine Oral & Medicine Oral medicine		hypertensive drugs		
CVS-Ph- 004  Explain mechanism of action of nitrates.  Give pharmacological basis for the use of nitrates in angina  Enumerate adverse and toxic effects of nitrates  Explain briefly the pathophysiology of heart failure.  Recall the compensatory mechanisms in a failing heart.  Outline a treatment plan for patients with compensated or decompensated CHF.  Enlist major drug groups used for management of congestive heart failure.  Explain the role of diuretics, angiotensin-converting  Medicine Oral & maxillofacial surgery  Medicine Oral medicine				
CVS-Ph- 004  Explain mechanism of action of nitrates.  Give pharmacological basis for the use of nitrates in angina  Enumerate adverse and toxic effects of nitrates  Explain briefly the pathophysiology of heart failure.  Recall the compensatory mechanisms in a failing heart.  Outline a treatment plan for patients with compensated or decompensated CHF.  CVS-Ph- 005  CVS-Ph- 005  Enlist major drug groups used for management of congestive heart failure.  Explain the role of diuretics, angiotensin-converting  Cral medicine Oral & maxillofacial surgery  Anti-anginal drugs  Anti-anginal drugs		Describe important pharmacokinetic aspects of		
Explain mechanism of action of nitrates.  Give pharmacological basis for the use of nitrates in angina  Enumerate adverse and toxic effects of nitrates  Explain briefly the pathophysiology of heart failure.  Recall the compensatory mechanisms in a failing heart.  Outline a treatment plan for patients with compensated or decompensated CHF.  CVS-Ph-005  Enlist major drug groups used for management of congestive heart failure.  Explain the role of diuretics, angiotensin-converting  Oral & maxillofacial surgery  Medicine Oral medicine Oral & maxillofacial surgery		nitrates.		Anti anginal
Enumerate adverse and toxic effects of nitrates  Explain briefly the pathophysiology of heart failure.  Recall the compensatory mechanisms in a failing heart.  Outline a treatment plan for patients with compensated or decompensated CHF.  CVS-Ph- 005  Enlist major drug groups used for management of congestive heart failure.  Explain the role of diuretics, angiotensin-converting	_	Explain mechanism of action of nitrates.	maxillofacial	
Enumerate adverse and toxic effects of nitrates  Explain briefly the pathophysiology of heart failure.  Recall the compensatory mechanisms in a failing heart.  Outline a treatment plan for patients with compensated or decompensated CHF.  Enlist major drug groups used for management of congestive heart failure.  Explain the role of diuretics, angiotensin-converting			surgery	
Explain briefly the pathophysiology of heart failure.  Recall the compensatory mechanisms in a failing heart.  Outline a treatment plan for patients with compensated or decompensated CHF.  CVS-Ph-005  Enlist major drug groups used for management of congestive heart failure.  Explain the role of diuretics, angiotensin-converting  Explain briefly the pathophysiology of heart failure.  Medicine Oral medicine Oral & maxillofacial surgery		angina		
Recall the compensatory mechanisms in a failing heart.  Outline a treatment plan for patients with compensated or decompensated CHF.  CVS-Ph-005  Enlist major drug groups used for management of congestive heart failure.  Explain the role of diuretics, angiotensin-converting  Medicine Oral medicine Oral & maxillofacial surgery		Enumerate adverse and toxic effects of nitrates		
heart.  Outline a treatment plan for patients with compensated or decompensated CHF.  CVS-Ph-005  Enlist major drug groups used for management of congestive heart failure.  Explain the role of diuretics, angiotensin-converting  Medicine Oral medicine Oral & maxillofacial surgery  treatment for heart failure		Explain briefly the pathophysiology of heart failure.		
Outline a treatment plan for patients with compensated or decompensated CHF.  CVS-Ph- 005  Enlist major drug groups used for management of congestive heart failure.  Explain the role of diuretics, angiotensin-converting  Medicine Oral medicine Oral & maxillofacial surgery  treatment for heart failure		Recall the compensatory mechanisms in a failing		
or decompensated CHF.  CVS-Ph- 005  CVS-Ph- 005  Enlist major drug groups used for management of congestive heart failure.  Explain the role of diuretics, angiotensin-converting  Oral medicine Oral & maxillofacial surgery  treatment for heart failure		heart.		
CVS-Ph- 005 Enlist major drug groups used for management of congestive heart failure.  Explain the role of diuretics, angiotensin-converting  Oral & maxillofacial surgery  treatment for heart failure		Outline a treatment plan for patients with compensated		
congestive heart failure.  Explain the role of diuretics, angiotensin-converting	_	or decompensated CHF.		
Explain the role of diuretics, angiotensin-converting		Enlist major drug groups used for management of		heart failure
		congestive heart failure.	Surgery	
enzyme inhibitors and beta blockers, in treating		Explain the role of diuretics, angiotensin-converting		
		enzyme inhibitors and beta blockers, in treating		
patients with congestive heart failure		patients with congestive heart failure		
Discuss digoxin and its use in long-term management Medicine of congective heart failure Drug				Drug
CVS-Ph- Oral & treatment for		of congestive heart failure.		
Describe the mechanism of action of Digoxin.  maxillofacial surgery heart failure	006	Describe the mechanism of action of Digoxin.		heart failure

	Recount the mechanical and electrical effects of		
	Digoxin. Enumerate and explain the clinical uses of		
	Digoxin.		
	Describe the important side-effects, contraindications		
	& drug interactions of Digoxin.		
	Explain the treatment and management of digitalis		
	toxicity.		
	Classify anti-arrhythmic drugs.		
	Describe cardiac, noncardiac effects of class I drugs		
	(all subgroups).		
	(all subgroups).		
	Enumerate therapeutic uses and major side-effects of		
	all class I antiarrhythmic drugs.		
	Describe the important antiarrhythmic actions of class		
	Il drugs.	Medicine	Anti-
	in drugs.	Oral medicine	arrhythmic
CVS-Ph- 007	Enumerate clinical indications and side-effects of class	Oral &	drugs
	II drugs.	maxillofacial surgery	
	Evalois the actions upon and side effects of class III	Jan.go.y	
	Explain the actions, uses and side-effects of class III		
	drugs(amiodarone).		
	Describe the actions, uses and adverse effects of		
	calcium channel blockers (class IV drugs).		
	Describe briefly the salient features of adenosine as an		
	antiarrhythmic and its toxicity		
	Describe the mechanism of action, indications/clinical	_	
CVS-Ph-	uses and adverse effects of tranexamic acid and	Oral & maxillofacial	Antifibrinolytic
800	aminocaproic acid	surgery	S

CVS-Ph- 009	Identify cardiovascular risks associated with NSAID use and briefly explain the underlying pharmacological mechanisms  Describe the antiplatelet mechanism of action of low-dose aspirin and its role in the prevention of myocardial infarction	Oral medicine Oral & maxillofacial surgery	Analgesics
	Differentiate between the use of low-dose and high-dose aspirin in cardiovascular vs. anti-inflammatory indications		

#### **PRACTICALS**

#### **ANATOMY**

CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HOU	JRS = 04
CODE	SP LOW TO LEAKTING SO TO MILES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	TOPIC
CVS-A- 005	Identify under light microscope/ draw and label arteries	Microscopic Anatomy	Arteries
CVS-A- 006	Identify under light microscope/ draw and label veins and capillaries	Microscopic Anatomy	Veins
CVS-A- 007	Demonstrate proper hand hygiene and use of personal protective equipment (PPE) during preparation for the procedure.	Clinical Skills / Medical Emergencies	Infection Control and PPE in Clinical Practice
CVS-A- 008	Identify appropriate venous access sites on a simulation model using surface anatomy and vein palpation techniques.	Clinical Skills / Medical Emergencies	Venous Access Site Identification
CVS-A- 009	Perform intravenous cannulation on a simulation arm model, including: Patient preparation and positioning, Tourniquet application, Site cleaning and asepsis, Cannula insertion, flashback confirmation, and	Clinical Skills / Medical Emergencies	IV Cannulation Procedure

	securing the IV line, Disposal of sharps and used materials.		
CVS-A- 010	Manage post-procedure care, including documentation, patient monitoring, and recognizing signs of infiltration or complications.	Clinical Skills / Medical Emergencies	Post-IV Cannulation Care and Complication s Management
CVS-A- 011	Communicate effectively and empathetically with simulated patients or team members before, during, and after the procedure.	Professionalism / Communication Skills	Effective Patient and Team Communicati on
CVS-A- 012	Demonstrate confidence and competence in performing the procedure under faculty supervision.	Professionalism / Clinical Competency	Professional Conduct in Clinical Skills
CVS-A- 013	Reflect on the importance of IV access in medical emergencies related to dental practice (e.g., anaphylaxis, hypoglycemia, cardiac emergencies).	Medical Emergencies / Dental Practice	IV Access in Dental Medical Emergencies
	BIOCHEMISTRY		
CODE		TOTAL HOL	JRS = 06
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HOU INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	JRS = 06 TOPIC
CODE  CVS-B- 012		INTEGRATING	
CVS-B-	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES  Understand the principle, procedure and uses of	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	TOPIC Introduction to laboratory
CVS-B- 012 CVS-B-	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES  Understand the principle, procedure and uses of electrophoresis (demonstration only).  Describe the types of plasma proteins and explain their	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE  Biochemistry  General	TOPIC Introduction to laboratory techniques Plasma
CVS-B- 012 CVS-B- 013 CVS-B-	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES  Understand the principle, procedure and uses of electrophoresis (demonstration only).  Describe the types of plasma proteins and explain their general functions.  Describe serum albumin and globulins and explain	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE  Biochemistry	TOPIC  Introduction to laboratory techniques  Plasma proteins  Plasma

CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HO	URS = 18
CVS-P- 025	Observe the demonstration of blood grouping procedure and explain its clinical relevance in dental practice, including its role in managing medical emergencies.	Physiology / Oral Surgery / Medical Emergencies	Blood Grouping Awareness in Clinical Dentistry
CVS-P- 026	Observe the demonstration of bleeding time measurement and explain its importance in assessing bleeding risk in dental procedures.	Physiology / Oral Surgery / Hemostasis	Bleeding Time Awareness in Clinical Dentistry
CVS-P- 027	Observe the demonstration of clotting time measurement and explain its relevance to safe dental practice.	Physiology / Oral Surgery / Hemostasis	Clotting Time Awareness in Clinical Dentistry
CVS-P- 028	Observe and identify the normal waveforms and intervals on a sample ECG tracing.	Physiology / Oral Medicine / Cardiology	ECG Waveform Recognition
CVS-P- 029	Calculate heart rate from a provided normal ECG tracing and describe its clinical significance.	Physiology / Oral Medicine / Cardiology	ECG-Based Heart Rate Calculation
CVS-P- 030	Demonstrate how to locate and palpate the apex beat on a simulation model or peer under supervision.	Physiology / Oral Medicine / Clinical Skills	Cardiac Examination Basics
CVS-P- 031	Demonstrate the correct method to auscultate the precordium for heart sounds under supervision.	Physiology / Oral Medicine / Clinical Skills	Cardiac Auscultation Basics
CVS-P- 032	Demonstrate blood pressure measurement using palpatory and auscultatory methods in the sitting position under supervision.	Physiology / Oral Medicine / Clinical Skills	Blood Pressure Measurement Techniques
CVS-P- 033	Demonstrate the effect of posture on blood pressure measurement under supervision.	Physiology / Oral Medicine / Clinical Skills	Postural Influence on Blood Pressure
CVS-P- 034	Observe and describe the radial pulse characteristics, including rate, rhythm, and volume, under supervision.	Physiology / Oral Medicine / Clinical Skills	Pulse Examination Awareness
CVS-P- 035	Demonstrate the basic steps of cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) on a simulation model under supervision.	Medical Emergencies / Oral Medicine / Clinical Skills	Basic Life Support (BLS) Introduction
	DATHOLOGY-CVS		

#### PATHOLOGY-CVS

CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HOURS = 04		
CVS-Pa- 014	Perform differential WBC count and correlate findings with clinical cases of leukocytosis or leukopenia. (Practical) Identify oral manifestations of WBC disorders (e.g., gingival bleeding, delayed wound healing). (Tutorial) Demonstrate infection control measures for patients with compromised immunity. (Tutorial)	Oral Medicine	Disorders of WBCs	
CVS-Pa- 015	Demonstrate skin prick testing for Type I hypersensitivity reactions. (Practical) Identify oral manifestations of autoimmune diseases. (Tutorial)	Pathology, Oral Medicine	Immunology	
CVS-Pa- 016	Perform blood typing and crossmatching procedures. (Practical) Recognize clinical signs of transfusion reactions and their emergency management. (Tutorial) Identify scenarios in dentistry requiring knowledge of blood grouping (e.g., trauma management). (Tutorial)	Hematology, General Medicine Oral and Maxillofacial surgery General Surgery	Blood Grouping & Transfusion Complication s	
CVS-Pa- 017	Identify clinical signs of thrombosis, embolism, or hemorrhage during oral examinations. (Tutorial) Interpret lab findings related to coagulation profiles (e.g., INR, PT, aPTT). (Practical) Manage dental patients on anticoagulant therapy to minimize bleeding risks. (Tutorial)	General Medicine, Oral Pathology Oral and Maxillofacial Surgery General Surgery	Hemodynami c Disorders	
PHARMACOLOGY				
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HOURS = 05		
CVS-Ph- 010	Describe the common classes of antihypertensive and anticoagulant medications and their relevance to dental care.	Pharmacology / Oral Medicine / Medical Emergencies	Pharmacologi cal Consideration s in Dental Practice	

CVC DL	Identify potential drug interactions and describe the	Pharmacology /	Drug
		Oral Medicine /	Interactions
CVS-Ph- 011	importance of modifying dental procedures for patients	Medical	and
011	on these medications.	Emergencies	Procedural
			Modifications





# Module No. 08 GASTROINTESTINAL TRACT



#### **MODULE RATIONALE**

The Gastrointestinal (GI) Tract module has been designed to integrate foundational biomedical knowledge with clinical application, fostering a comprehensive understanding of this essential system. This module is pivotal for dental students to understand the interrelationship between systemic health and oral conditions, enabling them to provide holistic patient care.

- 1. **Anatomical and Physiological Correlation**: Dental practitioners must understand the intricate anatomy and physiology of the GI system to effectively interpret oral signs of systemic diseases.
- 2. **Systemic Interrelations**: Disorders such as gastroesophageal reflux disease (GERD) often present with oral symptoms, including halitosis, xerostomia, and mucosal lesions. This module emphasizes the bidirectional relationship between oral and systemic health.
- 3. Oral Complications of GI and UG Disorders: The module highlights conditions such as:
  - Peptic ulcers and their implications for prescribing NSAIDs in dental practice.
  - o Hormonal influences from the GI system affecting periodontal health.
- Pharmacological Considerations: To understand the dental implications of drugs commonly
  prescribed for GI conditions, such as proton pump inhibitors, and antacids.

**Public Health Perspective**: To inculcate awareness regarding the prevalence of malnutrition, dehydration, and infections related to the GI system and their impact on oral and systemic health in the community.

#### **MODULE OUTCOMES**

- Describe in detail Oral Cavity functions and its regulations
- Demonstrate a functional understanding of GI system anatomy, physiology, pathology and biochemistry.
- Discuss the anatomy, development, histological structure, and functions of salivary glands.
- Describe the functional physiological anatomy of the GI system and its associated structures.
- Explain the movements, secretions, and regulations of gastrointestinal functions.
- Describe common pathological conditions like Peptic Ulcers, Ulcerative Colitis & Irritable Bowel Syndrome.

#### SUBJECTS INTEGRATED IN THE MODULE

- Anatomy
- Oral Biology and Tooth Morphology
- Physiology
- Biochemistry

- Pharmacology
- General Pathology & Microbiology
- Oral Pathology
- Preventive & Community Dentistry



#### **ANATOMY TOTAL HOURS = 26** CODE SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES **INTEGRATING TOPIC** DISCIPLINE Anatomy / Oral Oral Cavity GIT-A-Describe the parts and boundaries of oral cavity. 001 Biology Anatomy Describe the anatomical features of tongue with **Tongue Structure** Anatomy / Oral GIT-Aemphasis on its musculature, vascular supply and and Vascular 002 Biology Supply lymphatic drainage. Describe the extracranial course, distribution and **Extracranial Cranial** branches of nerves with special reference to their Anatomy / Oral GIT-A-Nerve Anatomy 003 lesions: Trigeminal, Glossopharyngeal, Hypoglossal, Biology and Lesions Vagus. Palate Anatomy Describe the anatomical features of hard and soft Anatomy / Oral GIT-Aand Neurovascular 004 palate with their neurovascular supply. Biology Supply Describe the attachments of muscles of soft palate Muscles of Soft Anatomy / Oral GIT-A-005 Palate along with their actions and nerve supply. Biology Salivary Glands Describe anatomical features and neurovascular Anatomy / Oral Anatomy and GIT-A-006 supply of salivary glands. Biology Neurovascular Supply Discuss the clinical correlates of parotid gland: Anatomy / Oral Parotid Gland GIT-A-Biology Clinical Correlates 007 Mumps, Frey's syndrome. Describe the location, roots and distribution of Anatomy / Oral Submandibular and GIT-A-800 submandibular and otic ganglia. Biology Otic Ganglia

GIT-A- 009	Name the parts of pharynx giving their extent, anatomical features, structure and neurovascular supply.	Anatomy / Oral Biology	Pharynx Anatomy and Neurovascular Supply
GIT-A- 010	Describe the attachments of muscles of pharynx along with their actions and nerve supply.	Anatomy / Oral Biology	Muscles of Pharynx
GIT-A- 011	Discuss the location, anatomical features and vascular supply of palatine tonsils.	Anatomy / Oral Biology	Palatine Tonsil Anatomy and Vascular Supply
GIT-A- 012	Discuss the clinical correlates of piriform fossa and tonsils: Adenoids, Quincy, Tonsilitis.	Anatomy / Oral Biology	Piriform Fossa and Tonsils Clinical Correlates
GIT-A- 013	Enlist the structures forming the Waldeyer's ring of lymphatic tissue.	Anatomy / Oral Biology	Waldeyer's Ring of Lymphatic Tissue
GIT-A- 014	Describe the anatomical features of cervical part of esophagus with its neurovascular supply.	Anatomy / Oral Biology	Cervical Esophagus Anatomy and Neurovascular Supply
	SYSTEMS-BASED HISTOLO	GY	
6005	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HOURS = 02	
CODE		INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	ТОРІС
GIT-A-	Describe the light microscopic structure of lip	Systems- Based	Oral Cavity
015	Describe the light microscopic structure of lip	Histology	
	SYSTEMS-BASED EMBRYOLO	DGY	
		TOTAL HOURS = 02	
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	ТОРІС

GIT-A- 016	Describe the development of tongue	Systems- Based Embryology	Oral Cavity		
	ORAL BIOLOGY				
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL	HOURS = 15		
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	ТОРІС		
	Describe the introduction to oral mucosa				
	Explain the morphological and histological structure of oral mucosa.				
	Describe and explain the component tissues and glands of oral mucosa.	Oral Histology	Oral Mucosa		
GIT-OB- 001	Enumerate and discuss the details of the non-keratinocytes in the oral epithelium and lamina propria.				
	Discuss the vasculature and innervations of oral mucosa along with the structural variations observed in it.				
	Explain the mucocutaneous junctions in the oral mucosa.				
	Describe the age-related changes in oral mucosa				
GIT-OB- 002	Introduction to taste and its different events. What are the major taste support systems?	Physiology	Physiology of Taste		
002	Discuss the four basic taste sensations/ taste stimuli				

	Elaborate the structure and location of taste buds		
	Explain the mechanism of taste		
	What do you know about abnormal taste sensations?		
	Enumerate or enlist the different conditions affecting taste		
	Describe the development of major & minor salivary Glands.	Oral Embryology	
GIT-OB- 003	Describe the histology of major and minor salivary glands	Oral Histology	Salivary Glands
	Elaborate its changes with age and its clinical considerations	- Oral Histology	
GIT-OB- 004	Discuss the mechanism of saliva formation and how the saliva modifies in the duct.		Saliva
	Define Mastication and what are the structures involved in masticatory movement.		
GIT-OB- 005	Elaborate chewing cycle of mastication.	Oral Physiology	
	What are the different stages of mastication?		Physiology of Mastication
	What are the different muscles involved in mastication? Give their origin, insertions, innervation, and functions		

		I .	
	Briefly describe the neurological control of mastication		
	Introduction to the term swallowing and deglutition		
GIT-OB- 006	What are the stages of swallowing?		Physiology of Swallowing
	Elaborate the pathway of swallowing and its neural control.		3
	PHYSIOLOGY		
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL	HOURS = 15
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	ТОРІС
	Describe physiologic anatomy of gastrointestinal tract.		
			General Principles
GIT-P- 001	tract.	Physiology	General Principles of GIT Function - Motility, Nervous Control
	tract.  Discuss electrical activity of smooth muscles of GIT.  Describe the mechanism of excitation of smooth	Physiology	of GIT Function - Motility, Nervous
	tract.  Discuss electrical activity of smooth muscles of GIT.  Describe the mechanism of excitation of smooth muscle of gastrointestinal tract.  Discuss the factors that depolarize and hyperpolarize	Physiology	of GIT Function - Motility, Nervous

	Describe the Meissner's plexus and differentiate between myenteric and Meissner's plexuses		
	Enlist the gastrointestinal reflexes & explain the functions of these reflexes.		
	Give the stimuli, site of release and actions of cholecystokinin, Gastrin, Secretin & Motilin (enteroendocrine cells)		
	Differentiate between sympathetic and parasympathetic modulation of the enteric nervous system and the effector organs of the GI tract	Physiology & Pharmacology	
GIT-P- 003	Discuss functional movements of GIT (propulsive & mixing)	Physiology	Functional types of movements in the GI tract
GIT-P- 004	Discuss the pathophysiology& features of achalasia & Mega esophagus.	Pathology & Physiology	Esophagus
GIT-P- 005	Enlist the functions of saliva		Role of mucous and saliva
GIT-P- 006	Describe the stages of vomiting act.  Appraise the location and function of vomiting center/ chemoreceptor trigger zone in the brain	Physiology	Vomiting Reflex
GIT-P- 007	Explain motor function of stomach.  Explain factors which regulate stomach emptying		Motor function of Stomach
GIT-P- 008	Describe characteristics & functions of the gastric secretions.		Gastric secretion

GIT-P- 009	Discuss the role of Intrinsic factor from gastric parietal cells		
GIT-P-	Define and discuss basic causes of gastritis and Pernicious anemia.	Pathology &	Pathophysiology of
010	Define & enumerate the causes and pathophysiology of peptic ulcer	Physiology	Stomach
GIT-P- 011	Enumerate the types of movements taking place in small intestine and mention their function.	Physiology	Movements of the small intestine
	What is peristaltic rush and enteritis?		General
GIT-P- 012	Enumerate the types of movements taking place in colon and give their functions	Physiology & Microbiology	Movements of the Colon
	Discuss defecation reflex.	······································	
	BIOCHEMISTRY		
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HOURS = 10	
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	ТОРІС
	Elaborate the composition and functions of saliva.		
	Give etiology and clinical features of xerostomia.	Physiology	
GIT-B- 001	Suggest the management options for patients suffering from xerostomia	Oral biology, Oral pathology, Operative dentistry	Saliva
	Give biochemical explanation for rampant caries in cases of xerostomia.	2354	

GIT-B- 002	Give composition and functions of gastric juice.  Correlate chronic use of NSAIDs with development of peptic ulcer		Gastric secretions
GIT-B- 003	Give composition and functions of pancreatic juice, bile and succus entericus		Pancreatic juice, bile and succus entericus
	Describe the mechanism of digestion and absorption of dietary carbohydrates	Physiology, Biochemistry,	
	Give cause, clinical features, diagnosis and management of lactose intolerance.	Pharmacology, General Medicine	
GIT-B- 004	Describe the mechanism of digestion and absorption of dietary proteins.		
	Give the causes and clinical features of:		
	Hartnup Disease		
	Cystinuria     Explain the process of digestion and absorption of		
	dietary lipids.		
	PHARMACOLOGY		
		TOTAL	10URS = 08
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES		100k3 = 08
		INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	ТОРІС
	Classify the drugs used for the treatment of Acid- Peptic Disease (APD)		
	Explain their mechanism of action, uses and		
GIT-Ph- 001	adverse effects	Pharmacology	Acid Peptic disease
001	Correlate chronic use of NSAIDS with development of peptic ulcer.		
	Write down Tripple and Quadruple regimen for APD		

	Classify antiemetics		
	Describe the mechanism of action, clinical uses, and		
OLT DI	adverse effects of metoclopramide		Antiemetics and
GIT-Ph- 002	Compare metoclopramide and Domperidone		Prokinetics
	Name the drugs used in the prevention of		
	chemotherapy- or radiation-induced emesis		
	List prokinetic agents		
GIT-Ph-	Classify Laxatives		Laxatives,
003	Classify antidiarrheals		antidiarrheals
	GENERAL PATHOLOGY		
CODE	COECIFIC I FADNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL I	HOURS = 05
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	ТОРІС
	Define heartburn and describe its pathophysiology as		
	a symptom of gastroesophageal reflux disease		
GIT-Pa- 001	(GERD).		GERD
001	Enumerate the etiology and clinical features of GERD		
	and peptic ulcer disease.		
	Define peptic ulcer disease (PUD) and distinguish	General	
	between gastric and duodenal ulcers.	Pathology, Oral Pathology, Oral	
	Discuss H. Pylori as Peptic Ulcer Disease causing	Medicine &	
GIT-Pa- 002	organism, its epidemiology, virulence factors,	Microbiology	Peptic Ulcer
002	pathogenesis, lab diagnosis & prevention.		
	Enlist causes of PUD		
	Explain the pathogenesis of PUD		
GIT-Pa-	Discuss the pathophysiology of irritable bowel		IBD
003	syndrome		100
	MICROBIOLOGY		
CODE	CDECIFIC LEADAUNG OUTCOMES	TOTAL I	HOURS = 08
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	ТОРІС
GIT- Mic-001	Enlist different organisms causing oral lesions.	Microbiology	Oral lesions

	Briefly discuss HPV, EBV, as disease causing organisms, their epidemiology, virulence factors, pathogenesis, lab diagnosis & prevention.		
	Define terms as: constipation, Acute Diarrhea & Chronic Diarrhea, Vomiting and Dysentry		
	Enlist different Diarrhea causing organisms.		
	Briefly discuss E. coli with its epidemiology, virulence		
	factors, pathogenesis, lab diagnosis & prevention.		
	Briefly discuss Salmonella as diarrhea and typhoid		
GIT-	causing organism, its epidemiology, virulence		Diarrhea causing
Mic-002	factors, pathogenesis, lab diagnosis & prevention.		organisms
	Briefly discuss Clostridium botulinum, Clostridium		
	difficile with its epidemiology, virulence factors,		
	pathogenesis, lab diagnosis & prevention.		
	Briefly discuss intestinal protozoa (Entamoeba		
	histolytica, Giardia, Cryptosporidium)		
	with its epidemiology, virulence factors,		
	pathogenesis, lab diagnosis & prevention.		
	ORAL PATHOLOGY		
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HOURS = 04	
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	ТОРІС
OIT OD	Discuss clinical abnormalities of Salivary secretions.		Abnormalities of
GIT-OP- 001	Give etiology and clinical features of xerostomia.		salivary secretions
	Define and enlist the types of aphthous ulcers (minor,		
	major, herpetiform)	Oral Pathology	
GIT-OP-	Enlist their distinguishing features.		Aphthous ulcers
002	Discuss the potential etiological factors, including		1
	stress, trauma, and nutritional deficiencies.		
COMMUNITY DENTISTRY & PUBLIC HEALTH			

		INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	ТОРІС
	Define obesity, classify obesity		
GIT-CD-	Outline the epidemiology of obesity and related	Community	Epidemiology of
001	issues in respect of oral health.	Dentistry and Public Health	obesity and related
	Understand hazards, prevention and control of	Public Health	issues
	obesity		
	PRACTICALS		
	MICROSCOPIC ANATOMY	1	
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL I	HOURS = 04
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	ТОРІС
GIT-A-	Identify under light microscope and draw and label		Microscopic
015	the light microscopic structure of lip.		Structure of Lip
GIT-A-	Identify under light microscope and draw and label	Oral Histology	Microscopic
016	the light microscopic structure of tongue.		Structure of Tongue
	PHARMACOLOGY		
CODE	COFCIFIC I FADNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HOURS = 05	
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	ТОРІС
0.7.5.	Demonstrate the preparation and dispensing of three	Pharmacy /	Preparation of
GIT-Ph- 004	doses of Carminative mixture under supervision.	Clinical Pharmacology	Carminative Mixtures
	Demonstrate the preparation and dispensing of four	Pharmacy /	Preparation of Oral
GIT-Ph- 005	doses of ORS solution under supervision.	Clinical Pharmacology	Rehydration Solution
	Demonstrate the preparation of Normal Saline or	Pharmacy /	Preparation of IV
GIT-Ph- 006	Dextrose Water solution under supervision.	Clinical Pharmacology	Solutions
	PHYSIOLOGY		
CODE	CDECIFIC I FADNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HOURS = 04	
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	ТОРІС

GIT-P- 013	Demonstrate the examination of the sensory and motor parts of the Trigeminal nerve under supervision.	Physiology / Clinical Neurology	Cranial Nerve V (Trigeminal) Examination
GIT-P- 014	Demonstrate the examination of the sensory and motor parts of the Glossopharyngeal nerve under supervision.		Cranial Nerve IX (Glossopharyngeal) Examination
GIT-P- 015	Demonstrate the examination of the sensory and motor parts of the Vagus nerve under supervision.		Cranial Nerve X (Vagus) Examination
GIT-P- 016	Demonstrate the examination of the sensory and motor parts of the Hypoglossal nerve under supervision.		Cranial Nerve XII (Hypoglossal) Examination

#### **ORAL HISTOLOGY & ORAL PHYSIOLOGY**

CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HOURS = 05	
		INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	TOPIC
GIT-A- 017	Draw and label the keratinized and non-keratinized oral epithelium, specialized mucosa including tongue papillae and mucocutaneous junction.	Oral Histology	Oral Epithelium and Specialized Mucosa
GIT-A- 018	Draw and label the histological structure of the taste bud, and mention the specificity of the tongue for different taste sensations.	Oral Histology / Physiology	Taste Bud Structure and Tongue Sensory Map
GIT-A- 019	Identify in images or slides the histological section of the tongue showing different tongue papillae and the location of taste buds.	Oral Histology	Tongue Papillae and Taste Bud Identification
GIT-A- 020	Draw and label the histological section of major salivary glands, showing serous and mucous acini, serous demilunes, and cells of intercalated, striated, and excretory ducts.		Salivary Gland Histology
GIT-A- 021	Identify the correct stage of swallowing on provided images or models.	Physiology / Oral Biology	Swallowing Mechanism Stages





### Module No. 09 OCCLUSION-I



#### **MODULE RATIONALE**

Occlusion forms the cornerstone of understanding normal dental anatomy, function, and the dynamic relationships between the teeth, and associated structures. The Occlusion 1 module, focusing on incisors and canines is a foundational course designed to equip dental undergraduates with essential knowledge and skills for analyzing, diagnosing, and managing occlusal relationships and related conditions. By concentrating on anterior segments in this module, students can build a solid understanding of occlusal principles before advancing to more complex posterior and full-arch concepts. By focusing on incisors and canines, this module ensures a systematic and progressive approach to mastering occlusion, bridging the gap between dental anatomy and complex clinical procedures. This early exposure to occlusion will enhance students' ability to deliver functionally and esthetically sound treatments, setting the stage for more advanced learning in their dental education.

#### **MODULE OUTCOMES**

- Describe the morphology and functional roles of incisors and canines in occlusal dynamics.
- Analyze the occlusal relationship of incisors and canines using models, articulators, and clinical examinations.
- Demonstrate an understanding of the importance of incisors and canine's occlusion in maintaining oral function and preventing dysfunction

#### SUBJECTS INTEGRATED IN THE MODULE

Oral Biology & Tooth Morphology



#### **THEORY**

#### ORAL BIOLOGY & TOOTH MORPHOLOGY

	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HOURS = 16	
CODE		INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	торіс
Oc1-OB- 001	Describe the basic concepts of occlusion and its importance and relevance in dentistry.	Tooth Morphology & Occlusion	Occlusion
Oc1-OB- 002	Describe the crown morphology of deciduous & permanent incisors.		
	Describe the key identification points of deciduous & permanent incisors		Deciduous & Permanent Incisors
	Describe the normal root and pulpal morphology of maxillary and mandibular incisors		
	Identify and classify common structural anomalies of incisors		
	Interpret periapical radiographs of incisors, recognizing normal anatomy and common anomalies.		
Oc1-OB- 003	Describe the crown morphology of deciduous & permanent canines		Deciduous & Permanent canines
	Describe the normal root and pulpal morphology of maxillary and mandibular canines		

			,				
	Describe the key identification points of deciduous & permanent canines						
	Identify and classify common structural anomalies of canines						
	Interpret periapical radiographs of canines, recognizing normal anatomy and common anomalies.						
	Define and differentiate between overjet and overbite, and explain their clinical significance.						
Oc1-OB- 004	Define forensic odontology and explain the significance of forensic odontology in dental identification and legal investigations.	Oral Biology	Forensic odontology				
PRACTICALS							
ORAL BIOLOGY & TOOTH MORPHOLOGY							
CODE	SPECIFIC LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOTAL HOURS = 18					
CODE		INTEGRATING DISCIPLINE	ТОРІС				
	Draw the outlines of all deciduous & permanent incisors: labial, lingual, mesial, distal & incisal aspects						
Oc1-OB- 005	Label each aspect pointing their morphological features (Incisal corners, marginal ridges, fossa, cingulum, pit, developmental depressions, imbrication	Tooth Morphology & Occlusion	Deciduous & Permanent Incisors				

	Carve anatomically accurate models of incisors from soap blocks.	
	Identification on models (Permanent Incisors)	
	Draw the outlines of all deciduous & permanent canines: labial, lingual, mesial, distal & incisal aspects	
	Label each aspect pointing their morphological features (Incisal slopes, labial/lingual ridges, marginal ridges, fossa, cingulum, developmental depressions, imbrication lines & contact points)	
	Identification on models (Permanent Canines)	
Oc1-OB- 006	Carve anatomically accurate models of canines from soap blocks.	Deciduous & Permanent canines
	Describe the principles and purpose of preparing ground sections of teeth.	
	Prepare a ground section of a tooth with appropriate thickness for microscopic examination.	
	Recognize key structural details of enamel, dentin, and cementum in the sectioned sample.	





## BDS Integrated Curriculum 2K25

Version 01



The Holy Quran

#### 1. MODULE RATIONALE

The Holy Quran provides wisdom and knowledge to be followed in every applied component of modern civilization covering Ethical, Social, Legal, Financial and Healthcare Domains. The complete Quran encompasses the guidelines, all full of 'Hikmah' (wisdom) to deal with all practical scenarios encountering patients and health professionals. As the Holy Quran is the guiding light for humanity and a way of life for all the believers of one true Allah, therefore, understanding the message of this Holy Book is mandatory for realizing the duties which one has towards other human beings in general and the profession in particular. Holy Quran is a guide for the modern society and scientific development therefore, orbiting around Quranic doctrines and axioms of Hadith, all challenges faced by modern healthcare can be solved. Therefore, this longitudinal curriculum is developed so that all health professionals can get, as enunciated by the Holy Quran itself, "the best of this world as well as the best of the Hereafter".

#### 2. VISION & MISSION

- **2.1: Vision:** Building the personality and character of health professionals in light of teachings of the Holy Quran and Sunnah, to alleviate human sufferings.
- **2.2: Mission:** Teaching Holy Quran and Sunnah to undergraduate students of Health Sciences, building their personality and character, enabling them to apply these principles in patient care and innovative research.

#### 3. CURRICULUM DESIGN AND ORGANIZATION

- **3.1: Course Aim:** The Holy Quran course aims to imbibe Health profession students with professionalism, general and medical, based on Divine teachings. The professionals thus groomed shall be able to correlate religion with healthcare delivery and modern science with an understanding that evidence-based practice itself originated from the system by which the "Hadith" was preserved after centuries.
- **3.2: Mode of Delivery:** The module will be taught in the form of interactive lectures.
- **3.3: Learning Experience:** Classroom environment will be used.
- **3.4: Attendance**: Eighty five percent (85%) attendance is mandatory to be eligible to sit in the professional examination.

#### 3.5: Course Modules for Year 1 and Year 2

The curriculum will be taught under three Major Sections

- Faith
- Worship
- Specific Quranic Commandments

**3.6: Module Credit hours & Contact hours:** This will be a three (03) credit hour course where each credit hour will be equivalent to eighteen (18) contact hours.

#### 3.7: Assessment Portfolio

The assessment will be done through student portfolios based on four written assignments and two quizzes per year. The portfolio submission to the Quran teacher will be mandatory for sending admission to the university and sitting in the professional examination. The assignments will be based on the topics discussed during the year. One will be given after first half of the course will be completed for the year and second will be given at the completion of the Quran course.

#### 3.8: Reference Material

- Translations of the Holy Quran approved by the Quran Board
- Six Authentic Books of Hadith

#### 3.9. Module Faculty

At least one full time faculty member (Lecturer or above) will be hired for running the Holy Quran course throughout four years. The qualifications of the faculty member will be certified by the academic council of the college/institution to be declared as the teacher of Holy Quran course.



#### Quran: Year-1

#### **SECTION ONE: FAITH (AQAID)**

#### **LEARNING OUTCOMES**

#### a. Oneness of Allah (SWT) (Tawheed)

- i. Describe Unity of Allah in being
- ii. Describe Unity of Allah in attributes
- iii. Describe concept of Shirk
- iv. Impact of Tawheed in human life

#### b. Prophethood (Risalat)

- i. Explain Significance of Risalat
- ii. Identify Prophets as role models
- iii. Recognize finality of Prophethood Prophet Muhammad (PBUH)

#### c. Belief in Hereafter (Aakhirat)

- i. Appraise continuity of life beyond material world
- ii. Concept of Doomsday and its various stages
- iii. Concept of Day of Judgment and accountability in the Hereafter
- iv. Concept of "Meezan"

#### d. Divine Revelations (Holy Books)

- i. Explain the divine decree in sending the Holy Books
- ii. Identify the Holy Quran as the only preserved & authenticated divine revelation to date
- iii. Interpret Quran as Furgan

#### e. Angels

- i. Discuss belief in angels and its significance
- ii. Describe the universal role of angels (their specific duties)

#### f. Qadr

- i. Identify Taqdeer as Knowledge of Allah
- ii. Explain the concept of Faith in Good and Evil

#### **CONTENTS**

- 1. Oneness of Allah subhan wa taala (Tawheed)
- 2. Prophethood (Risalat)
- 3. Belief in Hereafter (Akhirat)

4. Devine revelations (Holy Books)

#### **SECTION TWO: WORSHIP (IBADAAT)**

#### **LEARNING OUTCOMES**

#### a. Prayer (Namaz)

- i. Recognize the importance of physical purity (Taharah)
- ii. Discuss the philosophy of prayer and its role in purification of soul
- iii. Recognize the importance of prayer in building personal character sense of duty, patience, perseverance, punctuality and self/social discipline
- iv. Spiritual, moral and social impact of prayer in building of righteous community
- v. Role in creating brotherhood, equality and unity in ummah
- vi. Identify the conditions in which relaxation in prayer is allowed e.g. during operation, travelling etc.

#### b. Obligatory Charity (Zakat)

- Identify obligatory importance of Zakat and other items as outlined under the title of 'Infaq-feesabilillah'
- ii. Categorize the people who can be the beneficiaries of Zakat
- iii. Role of zakat in eradication of greed and love of material world
- iv. Effect of Zakat and sadagat in circulation of wealth and alleviation of poverty
- v. Explain the essence of zakat and sadaqat in building just communities
- vi. Describe the role of state in collection and disbursement of zakat

#### c. Fasting (Roza)

- i. Discuss the importance and significance of fasting
- ii. Relate the Holy Quran and the month of Ramadan
- iii. Role of fasting in building personal qualities like self-control, piety and soft corner for the poor and needy persons
- iv. Identify the applications of "Tagwa" through fasting

#### d. Pilgrimage (Hajj)

- i. Discuss the importance and significance of Hajj
- ii. Identify the conditions in which Hajj becomes an obligation
- iii. Role of manasik-e-Hajj in producing discipline and complete submission
- iv. Recognize the importance of Hajj in uniting the ummah
- v. Sacrifice for Allah subhan wa taala (essence of qurbani)

#### **TOPIC AREAS**

- 1. Prayer (Salah/Namaz)
- 2. Obligatory charity (Zakat)
- 3. Fasting (Saum/Roza)
- 4. Pilgrimage (Hajj)

#### Quran: Year-2

#### **SECTION THREE: SPECIFIC QURANIC COMMANDMENTS**

#### LEARNING OUTCOMES

#### a. Importance of the protection of Human life

- i. Concept of the sanctity of human life in Quran and Sunnah
- ii. Importance and significance of a single human being even during war
- iii. Concept of punishment in regard to the killing of a human being, voluntarily or involuntarily

#### b. Jihad

- i. Concept of Jihad and its significance (hikmat)
- ii. Different forms of Jihad and their importance
- iii. Principles and preparation of Jihad
- iv. Devine reward of Jihad

#### c. Heirship/Inheritence (Virasat)

- i. Heirship and division of wealth in accordance with divine teachings
- ii. Heirs and their shares
- iii. Legal aspect of virasat (Hud-e-Illahi)

#### d. Amar-bil-maroof-wa-Nahi-anil-munkar

- i. Differentiation between Maroof and Munkar
- ii. Importance and significance (effects of avoiding this principle)
- iii. Necessary conditions of both amar-bil-maroof and nahi-anil-munkar
- iv. The different stages and the necessary prerequisites

#### e. Hadood-e Illahee and taazeerat

- i. Meaning and various types of hadood-e-Illahee
- ii. Authority for fixation of limit (hudd)
- iii. Criteria and permissible relaxation in fixing the limits
- iv. Difference between 'Hadood', 'Qisas' and 'Tazeerat'. Punishments which are left to the court of law
- v. Benefits for the good of community

#### f. Justice (Adal-o-insaf)

- i. Justice of Allah subhan wa taala
- ii. Importance of justice for the survival of community
- iii. Need of justice to be prevailed irrespective of religion
- iv. Devine reward for fair justice

#### g. Business (Bay-o-tijarat)

- i. Importance of fair business and its necessary constituents
- ii. Permissible and impermissible conditions of businesses
- iii. Concept of loan in businesses

#### h. Interest (Riba or Sudi karobar)

- i. Meaning of Riba or interest and its different forms
- ii. Impact of Riba on a society in general
- iii. Devine declaration and its punishment both in this world and Hereafter

#### i.Nikah-o-talaq

- i. Basic rulings regarding marriage and divorce
- ii. Importance of Nikah and its constituents
- iii. Conditions of Nikah and various forms of prohibited/impermissible nikah
- iv. Misconception of dowry
- v. Talaq and its various forms
- vi. Meaning of Khula and its conditions

#### **CONTENTS**

- 1. Importance of the protection of Human life
- 2. Jihad
- 3. Heirship/Inheritence (Virasat)
- 4. Amar-bil-maroof-wa-Nahi-anil-munkar
- 5. Hadood-e Illahee and taazeerat
- 6. Justice (Adal-o-insaf)
- 7. Business (Bay-o-tijarat)
- 8. Interest (Riba or Sudi karobar)
- 9. Nikah-o-talag



Version 01



<u>Islamiyat &</u>
Pakistan Studies

#### **MODULE RATIONALE**

This module comprises of Islamiyat & Pakistan Studies. All the medical or other curricula relate to our core context and internal fiber. The study of religion and country endorses all relevancy and competency acquisition for the purpose of service to humanity and community orientation.

#### **ISLAMIYAT** (Total Hours = 30)

A short course on Islamic Studies will be completed in First and Second year with an exam at the end of second year.

#### **Course Content:**

- 1. Understand the basic principles of Islam.
- 2. Explain the concept of the Islamic state.
- 3. Explain the Quran as a guide for modern society and scientific development.
- 4. Describe the life of the Holy Prophet Peace be upon him as an example to follow.
- 5. Explain ethics in the Islamic prospective.
- 6. Describe the rights of the individual in Islam.
- 7. Describe the rights of women and children in Islam.
- 8. Explain the contribution of Islamic scholars to science and medicine.
- 9. Understand Islam in terms of modern scientific development.
- 10. Explain the concept of Rizk-e-Hilal.
- 11. Explain the concept of Hukook-ul-Ibad.

#### **PAKISTAN STUDIES (Total Hours = 30)**

A short course on Pakistan Studies will be completed in First and Second year with an exam at the end of second year.

#### **Course Content:**

- 1. Describe brief the salient features of the Pakistan movement.
- 2. Explain the basis for the creation of Pakistan.
- 3. Give a brief account of the history of Pakistan.
- 4. Explain the ethnic and cultural distribution of the population of Pakistan.
- 5. Describe the Provinces and resources available in Pakistan.
- 6. Explain current problems faced by Pakistan.
- 7. Describe the social, economic and health problems of the rural population of Pakistan.

#### **ISLAMIYAT AND PAKISTAN STUDIES BOOKS**

- Standard Islamiyat (Compulsory) for B.A, B.Sc., M.A, M.Sc., MBBS by Prof. M.Sharif Islahi Ilmi Islamiyat (Compulsory) for B.A. B.Sc., & equivalent.
- Pakistan studies (Compulsory) for B.A. B.Sc., B.Com., Medical/Engineering by Prof. Shah Jahan Kahlun
- Pakistan studies (Compulsory) for B.A, B.Sc., B.Com., B.Ed., Medical/Engineering by Prof.
   Shah Jahan Kahlun



Version 01



**Civics** 

#### 1. MODULE RATIONALE

Civics is part and parcel of life and the study of Civics has major thrust on improvement of the quality of life and welfare of human beings. This discipline enhances the approach towards rational behavior and daily life.

There is a need for us to know role of a citizen with specific reference to Global Village, the Citizen and Daily life issues, Citizenship, Rights and Responsibility, Role of Government and State, Implementation

Issues of Devolution plan, Social Welfare Institutions/ NGOs and their role at basic level, social interactions and the new discoveries in IT and mass media, relations with International Organizations and Pakistan and its neighbors. Civics goes beyond the cognitive level to deal with social values and attitudes. From the earliest stages of the course, it is important to respect students' opinions while helping them to develop a rationale for their opinions. This curriculum is adapted from Agha Khan University Examination Board curriculum for higher secondary examination.

#### 2. VISION & MISSION

- 2.1: Vision: Building the personality and character of health professionals
- **2.2: Mission:** Teaching Civics to undergraduate students of Health Sciences, building their personality and character, enabling them to apply these principles in patient care.

#### 3. CURRICULUM DESIGN AND ORGANIZATION (Total Hours = 30)

#### 3.1: Course Aim:

- To develop understanding of the social nature and significance of civics, its key concepts and civic life.
- To emphasize learning of related themes in a way that encourages creativity, curiosity, observation, exploration and questioning.
- To create awareness of the nature of civic life and the relationship between civics and other social sciences.
- To promote understanding about the ideology of Pakistan and the struggle of an independent state.
- To inculcate the behavior patterns of national character, and qualities of a good citizen,
- · self-reliance, patriotism and leadership.
- To create a strong sense of national unity, integration and cohesion.

- To prepare students as future citizens, conscious of their positive role in a society and the world at large.
- **3.2: Mode of Delivery:** The module will be taught in the form of interactive lectures.
- **3.3: Learning Experience:** Classroom environment will be used.
- **3.4: Attendance:** Eighty-five percent (85%) attendance is mandatory to be eligible to sit in the professional examination.
- **3.5: Assessment:** The assessment will be done through two written assignments and two quizzes per year. The assignments will be based on the topics discussed during the year. One will be given after first half of the course will be completed for the year and second will be given at the completion of the course.
- **3.7: Module Faculty:** At least one full time faculty member (Lecturer or above) will be hired to run the civics course throughout four years. The qualifications of the faculty member will be certified by the academic council of the college/institution to be declared as the teacher of civics.



	LEARNING OUTCOMES	TOPICS	
i.	Define civics		
ii.	Describe how civics can improve the citizenship	Civics-Meaning &	
iii.	Illustrate the scope of civics	Nature	
iv.	Discuss the nature of civics	Ivaluie	
V.	Give examples how civics can help in the national development		
i.	Examine the significance of civics		
ii.	Explain how civics is important to know the problems of daily life		
iii.	Discuss how civics can help to bring improvements in the civics life		
	of citizens	Significance and	
iv.	Evaluate how civics can improve the sense of love and respect for	Utility	
	human relationship		
v.	Discuss that studying civics can develop a sense of gratitude		
vi.	Give examples how civics is important to develop the global unity		
i.	Compare civics with political science, history, economics, sociology	Relationship with	
	and ethics	Social Sciences	
i.	Describe the term harmonic relationship		
ii.	Describe the term harmonic relationship  Explain the harmonic relationship among different members of	Harmonic	
11.	·		
:::	society. (Women, children and senior citizens)	Relationship	
iii.	Explain how harmonic relationship develop for respect of religion		
i. 	Define the term individual in relation to civics		
ii.	Define the term state	Individual and	
iii.	Explain the relation between an individual and a state	state	
iv.	Describe the importance of an individual in a state		
V.	Enlist the responsibilities of an individual in a state		
i.	Identify the basic unit of social institution Discuss and characterize		
	the different types of family		
ii.	Give the importance of basic unit of social institution in the		
	development of a state Enlist the responsibilities of family in general	Family	
iii.	Analyze your role for the betterment of the family Compare and		
	contrast the impact of the deterioration of family in the western		
	society and give examples		

i.	Define community	
ii	. Explain the nature and significance of community	Community
ii	i. Discuss the role of a family in community	Community
iv	v. Analyze the role of an individual for the betterment of the community	
i.	Define society	
ii	. Elaborate the relation between an individual and society and	Society
	society and state	Coolety
ii	i. Analyze the role of an individual for the betterment of society	
i.	Define the term nation, nationality and ummah differentiate	
	between nation and nationality distinguish between nation and	
	ummah analyze the value, behavior and the pattern of society	Nation, Nationality
	based on religions	
ii	. Evaluate the characteristics of society developed by religions	
i.	Trace the origin of state with reference to the theories of Divine	
	Origin, Force and Social	
ii	. Contract (Hobbs, Lock, Rousseau)	Origin and
ii	i. Describe the elements of a state (sovereignty, population, territory,	elements of State
	Government)	
iv	v. Compare and distinguish the role of state, society and government	
i.	Describe the functions of state	
ii	. Describe the factors which are necessary for proper functioning of	Functions of state.
	state	
ii	i. Analyze the situation when a state does not function properly	(Defense, law and
iv	v. Describe the characteristics of a welfare state Analyze how a	order, welfare
	welfare state guarantees the equity and justice on the issues of	etc.)
	gender, religion, and social classes	
i.	Define the concept of sovereignty in west	
ii	. Discuss different kinds of sovereignty	Sovereighty
ii	i. Explain Austin's concept of sovereignty	Sovereignty
iv	v. Analyze critically Austin's concept of sovereignty	









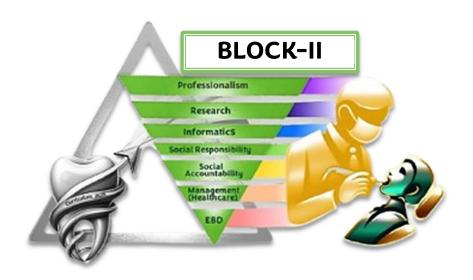
University of Health Sciences Lahore

BDS Integrated Curriculum 2K25

Version 01







## **BLOCK II**

Domain	Topic & References	Integrated Subjects	Learning Objectives
		Hours= 30	
	Introductory Lecture: Introduction to Professionalism and its Attributes (AMEE guide 61)	Behavioral Sciences	Define Professionalism  Discuss Different Attributes of Professionalism
Professionalism	Ethics and Morals in Dentistry GDC Professional Standards: https://standards.gdc-uk.org/ PM&DC Ethical Guidelines Articles from Academic Medicine on Professionalism in Health Education IPEC Core Competencies: https://www.ipecollaborative.org/ipec-core-competencies FGDP: https://www.fgdp.org.uk/ ADEA Competencies: https://www.adea.org/professionalism ADEA Resources: https://www.adea.org/ethics ADC Professional Competencies:https://adc.org.au/files/accreditation/competencies/ADC_Professional_Competencies_of_the_Newly_Qualified_Practitioner.pdf Gibbs Reflective Cycle Guide: Creately – Gibbs Cycle	Behavioral Sciences	Understand and describe ethical codes (GDC, ADA, PM&DC)
	Introduction to Research (Part IV: Pg 508)	Community Dentistry & Public Health	Define research and its types  Explain the need for research in healthcare Recognize research applications
Research Reference Book: Text Book of Preventive & Community Dentistry (S.S	Types of Research (Part IV: Pg 508)	Community Dentistry & Public Health	Distinguish between qualitative and quantitative research  Define basic, applied, clinical, and translational research
Hiremath 2nd Edition	Research Cycle (Part IV: pg 508)	Community Dentistry & Public Health	Identify and describe key stages of the research cycle
	Literature Search I (Hands on)	Community Dentistry & Public Health / All subjects	Conduct effective literature searches through searching databases (PubMed, Google Scholar etc.)

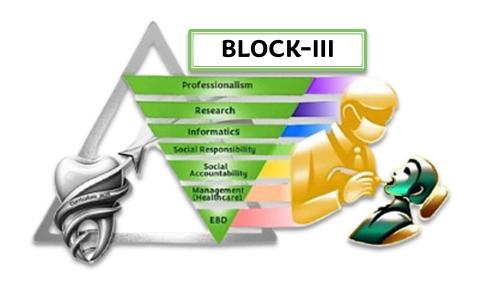
	Literature Search II (Hands on)	Community Dentistry & Public Health / All subjects	Learn research through keywords and MESH terminologies Conduct literature search in computer lab (By the students)  Conduct effective literature searches through searching databases (PubMed, Google Scholar etc.)  Learn research through keywords and MESH
	Literature Review I IMRAD article: Resource: How to critically appraise a research paper (Derek Alderson)	Community Dentistry & Public Health / All subjects	terminologies Identify the structure of research article (IMRAD) Critically review scientific papers (Observational Studies only).  Identify problem and gap in scientific literature
	Literature Review II	Community Dentistry & Public Health / All subjects	Critically review scientific papers (Observational Studies only).  Identify problem and gap in scientific literature
	Assessment I	Community Dentistry & Public Health / All subjects	Conduct Mock exercise of literature review to be carried out led by faculty  (To be attended by all research proposal/ synopsis supervisors for second year BDS)
	Define informatics and differentiate it from IT, data science and computer science  Describe the data-information-knowledge-wisdom (DIKW) hierarchy using dental examples  Explain how informatics supports evidence-based practice and patient-centered care in dentistry.		Introduction to Informatics
Informatics	Define Artificial Intelligence.  Enlist the types of Artificial Intelligence (AI) based on capabilities and functionality  Define Generative AI and which Category of Artificial Intelligence does it belong?  Define and Enlist Types of Generative AI i.e. Single Modality Generative AI and Multimodal Generative AI Model along with Examples		Foundations of Artificial Intelligence (non- coding)

Compare and Contrast between Large Language Models (LLM) and Large Multimodel Models (LMM). Also compare both the models with conventional rule base AI.	
Describe World Health Organization's ethical principles for Al in health.  https://www.who.int/news/item/28-06-2021-who-issues-first-global-report-on-ai-in-health-and-six-guiding-principles-for-its-design-and-use  https://iris.who.int/bitstream/handle/10665/341996/9789240029200-eng.pdf?sequence=1  Explain the principles and applications of Artificial Intelligence (Al) in various dental specialties, and evaluate its current use in diagnostic and clinical practices, particularly in low- and middle-income countries (LMICs).  Critically assess the challenges, ethical considerations, and future opportunities for integrating Al into dental education and practice in LMIC settings.	Ethical, Social and Legal Implications of AI
Explain cognitive-load limit and recognise at least three cognitive-load pitfalls in slide design (extraneous text, visual clutter, distracting animations).  List and explain the core design rules for slide decks  1. 6 × 6 Rule 2. One Idea per Slide 3. High Contrast 4. Readable Fonts 5. Consistent Visual Hierarchy 6. Balanced Whitespace 7. Quality Imagery over Text 8. Colour-Blind—Safe Palette 9. Minimal Animation Accessible Content  Describe the psychological principles that affect legibility, including appropriate font size, dyslexia-friendly typefaces, and optimal line spacing.  Explain how colour psychology influences audience attention, emotion, and memory during a presentation.	Fundamental Principles & Psychology of Presentation

<b>Outline and illustrate</b> the multimedia-learning principles of dual coding, signalling, and segmenting as methods for turning a cluttered slide into an audience-friendly format.	
<b>Describe</b> the components of visual hierarchy (titles, headings, call-outs) that guide audience gaze across a three-slide sequence.	
<b>Distinguish</b> between decorative and informative graphics, noting which add genuine cognitive value	
<b>Discuss</b> common cues of audience disengagement and suggest straightforward remedies based on presentation-psychology insights.	
<ul> <li>Identify key interface elements (Ribbon, Quick-Access Toolbar, status bar).</li> <li>Recognise the difference between character</li> </ul>	
and paragraph formatting.  List common document layout tools (page breaks, margins, orientation).  Describe how to insert and caption basic objects (tables, pictures).  Demonstrate saving, exporting to PDF and printing a document.	Microsoft Word Fundamentals
PRACTICALS	
Generate a patient-friendly post-op instruction sheet via Gen-Al with ≥90 % factual accuracy after peer-review.  Modify the prompt to accommodate dyslexic patients (font & readability) and patients with low health literacy.	Generative AI
Generateandinterpret a basic frequency report (e.g., count of missing teeth) on DIKW hierarchy on Word Document with proper formatting of the draft.	Informatics
Transform one "busy" slide from the PDF into a compliant version that integrates key design rules, colour codes, layout grid, accessibility, and multimedia-learning principle and Run MS Accessibility Checker and correct critical errors.	Fundamentals of Presentation
<b>Design</b> and present on any topic related to the subjects being taught that integrates key design rules, accessibility, and multimedia- learning principle.	

	Critique a poor's alida dook for adharance to		
	<b>Critique</b> a peer's slide deck for adherence to accessibility standards and provide constructive feedback.		
	Introduction to Social Responsility Section D: Sociology and Anthropology (p.125-141) • Sociology and Health • Anthropology and Health	Behavioral Sciences & DDE	Define the concept of social responsibility.
	Cultural Identity, Norms, and Beliefs in Oral Health Section D: Sociology and Anthropology (p.125-141)  • Anthropology and Health Section E: Psychosocial Peculiarities of Dentistry (p.170)	Behavioral Sciences	Discuss the role of dentists in promoting social welfare through professional practice.  Analyze how cultural backgrounds influence oral health beliefs and behaviors.  Develop strategies for delivering culturally inclusive dental care.
Social Responsibility, Cultural Sensitivity & Accountability including Ethics and Jurisprudence  Reference HANDBOOK OF BEHAVIORAL SCIENCES BY MH RANA	Understanding Social Determinants of Oral Health Section D: Sociology and Anthropology (p.125-141)  • Sociology and Health Section E: Psychosocial Aspects of Health and Disease (p.143-174)	Behavioral Sciences	Define key social determinants affecting oral health.  Explain the impact of income, education, and housing on oral hygiene behaviors.  Identify social barriers to accessing oral health services.  Apply real-world examples showing how non-clinical factors influence oral health behaviors.
	Community Participation, Mutual Respect, and Service Ethics Section B: Medical Ethics and Professionalism (p.36-61)  • Professionalism in Health Care  • Doctor-Patient Relationship Section D: Sociology and Anthropology (p.125-141)	Behavioral Sciences	Discuss the importance of mutual respect in community engagement.  Describe ethical practices for health promotion in dentistry.  Explain informed consent in the context of community dental outreach.  Assess the role of cultural sensitivity in ethical community dental services.

	Dentist's Role in Public Advocacy Section B: Medical Ethics and Professionalism (p.36-61) • Responsibilities of the Doctor • Professionalism in Health Care	Behavioral Sciences	Identify the dentist's role in improving community oral health beyond clinical settings.  Describe the impact of public education campaigns on oral health awareness.  Highlight priority oral health issues requiring advocacy.  Justify the dentist's role in shaping oral health policies for community benefit.
Management & Entrepreneurship	Introduction to Management Antoniadou, M. Leadership and Managerial Skills in Dentistry: Characteristics and Challenges Based on a Preliminary Case Study. Dent. J. 2022, 10, 146. https://doi.org/10.3390/dj10080146 Satwik, A. T. (2016). Practice management skills of graduating dental students entering the work force. Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences and Research, 8(9), 1094.	DDE	Define basic management concepts and explain their relevance in a dental healthcare setting.
	<b>Time Management</b> https://www.ada.org/resources/practice/practice-management/office-hours and https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/37208799/	DDE (Students Academic time manageme nt skills workshop)	Demonstrate techniques to manage academic time management



## **BLOCK III**

Domain	Topic & References	Integrated Subjects	Learning Objectives
			Hours= 30
	Integrity & Respect <a href="https://www.dentalprotection.org/uk/articles/professionalism-and-integrity">https://www.dentalprotection.org/uk/articles/professionalism-and-integrity</a>	All subjects	Demonstrates academic honesty and respectful conduct
Professionalism	Self-Directed Learner Resources: uwaterloo.ca/centre-for-teaching- excellence/catalogs/tip-sheets/self-directed- learning-four-step-process https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/ S0002945923016492	All subjects	To independently develop understanding and demonstration of professional patient communication by exploring relevant literature, observing rolemodel behavior in clinical environments, and reflecting on their interactions during simulated or observed patient encounters
	Accountability & Ethical Foundations Refer to institutional policy and case studies GDC Accountability Guidelines https://fdiworlddental.org/ethics- dentistry#:~:text=Accountability%20and%20vera city%3A%20Be%20truthful,promote%20the%20 highest%20professional%20standards.	All subjects	Recognizes the importance of accountability in learning
	Define what a "Prompt" is in the context of generative AI and identify its role in influencing the model's response.  Explain how different types of prompts (instructional, role-based, and descriptive) affect the tone and content of AI outputs.  Identify and explain key parameters that are use when designing a prompt which influence AI-		Foundations of Artificial Intelligence: Designing and Modulating Prompts in Generative AI: Principles, Types, and
Informatics	generated responses—temperature, top-k, top-p, max tokens, frequency penalty, and presence penalty—and how are they applied appropriately to control creativity, coherence, and specificity.		Parameter Control
	Identify and critically analyse the major risks posed by use of AI in healthcare—including hallucination, dataset bias, patient-data privacy breaches, lack of explainability (Black Box), automation bias, adversarial attacks, and model drift.  List key mitigation strategies that help prevent hallucination, dataset bias, patient-data privacy breaches, lack of explainability (Black Box),		Ethical, Social and Legal Implications of AI

	automation bias, adversarial attacks, and model drift		
	Demonstrate the ability to adjust at least three		
	prompt modulation techniques (e.g.,		
	temperature, contextual framing, and presence		
	penalty) in a generative AI tool (e.g., ChatGPT,		_
	DALL-E, or GPT-4o etc) to produce two accurate		Generative Al
	and context-appropriate visual or textual outputs		
	related to oral histology or tooth morphology.		
	(The workflow should illustrate Prompt → Model → Output)		
	Write a clear, step-by-step plan for handling an ethical problem—such as being asked to create a fake radiograph with AI for a case report—showing how they would check the rules, seek guidance, and choose a safe and honest action and would comply with legal and ethical standards.		Ethics
Social Responsibility, Cultural Sensitivity & Accountability	Disparities, Fairness, and Policy Barriers Section D: Sociology and Anthropology (p.125-141) • Sociology and Health • Anthropology and Health	Behavioral Sciences	Differentiate between equality and equity in dental care access.  Compare rural and urban oral health challenges.  Recommend strategies to promote fair and equitable dental services.  Identify structural and policy barriers limiting access to dental care in
including Ethics and Jurisprudence  Reference HANDBOOK OF BEHAVIORAL SCIENCES BY MH RANA	Legal Foundations in Public Dental Practice Section B: Medical Ethics and Professionalism (p.36-61)  • Rights and Responsibilities of Patients and Doctors  • Guiding Principles of Medical Ethics	Behavioral Sciences	underserved populations.  Articulate health as a fundamental human right.  Explain confidentiality obligations in community dental programs.  Summarize dentists' legal responsibilities during public health initiatives.  Provide examples of patient legal protections in community dental services.
	Communication Skills https://citeseerx.ist.psu.edu/document?repid=re	To be integrated	Apply effective verbal and non-verbal
		<u> </u>	1 11 211

Management & Entrepreneurshi	p1&type=pdf&doi=fd8e3e5d078260658a258d2c 5570a7c6b4e15061 https://bmcmededuc.biomedcentral.com/articles/ 10.1186/s12909-018-1174-6	and covered by Professional ism & Social Responsibili ty Domain	communication strategies to enhance clarity, teamwork, and decision-making in clinical and administrative dental settings.
р	Introduction to Teamwork Learning in interprofessional teams: AMEE Guide no 38	DDE	Describe the characteristics of effective teams and basic communication strategies for collaboration.
Evidence Based Dentistry	EBD Foundations https://www.fdiworlddental.org/evidence-based-dentistry-ebd https://libquides.ecu.edu/c.php?q=836585&p=76 50778	Community Dentistry	Define and explain the concept and importance of Evidence-Based Dentistry.  Differentiate between levels of evidence and types of research (e.g., RCTs, cohort studies, case reports).



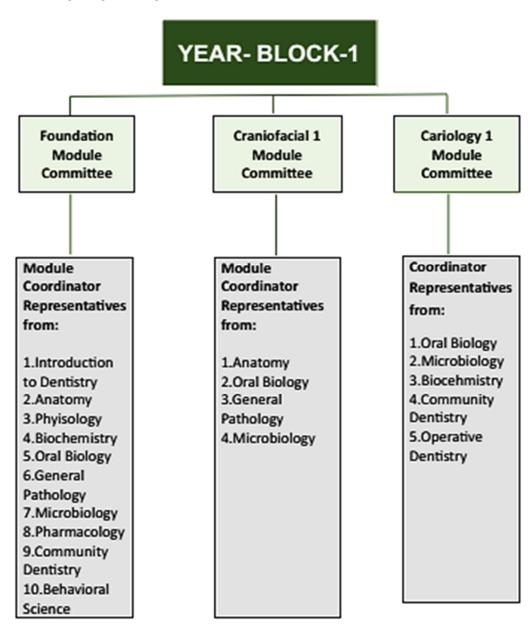




### **RECOMMENDED IMPLEMENTATION SOPS**

The implementation of the modular integrated approach requires to be categorical and methodical. It is recommended that the institutes should have an internal hierarchy for the smooth conduction of the educational process and for fine detailing the interpretation of the curricular guidelines.

A recommended organogram is given below:



A few recommended organizational titles and responsibilities are as follows:

#### YEAR COMMITTEE

- Identify the philosophy for implementing future Curriculum.
- Ensures module requirements ahead of time.
- · Any adjustment of schedule if required.
- Liaison with the chairperson of the mentoring program.
- · Quality assurance of teaching and learning.
- · Hold regular meetings.
- Compliance to schedule and timetable.
- Compliance to proposed internal assessment.
- Oversee completion of Logbooks and Portfolio.
- Oversee the foundation component of C-FRC.
- Ensure student centeredness and feedback from students.
- Develop timetables.
- Analyze the implementation of current curriculum.
- Strategize communication with both faculty and students.

#### **MODULE COMMITEE**

- Module committee should be headed by module coordinator.
- The nomination of the 'Module Coordinator' will be based on the maximum content present in the respective module e.g., Musculoskeletal will have a module coordinator from Anatomy.
- The coordinator will develop module team.
- Collaboration and consultation with all the relevant departments.
- Follow the curricular guidelines by the modules provided by UHS.
- Coordinate with the Assessment Cell.
- Arrange regular meetings.
- Develop study guides in collaboration with the Department of Medical Education
- Liaison with the PBL Committee.
- PBL committee should be headed by PBL coordinator.
- Responsible for coordination of the PBL meetings
- Responsible for training of tutors by incorporating experiential learning, small

#### **GROUP WORK AND CRITICAL REFLECTION**

- The tutors must possess both content expertise and group facilitation skills.
- Forwarding the PBL to coordinator year committee / DME for the purpose of Quality assurance
- Ensure the teaching resources available for delivery of PBL.
- Quality assurance visits to the PBL site.
- Coordination with year committee head as well as Director Medical Education.

#### **MENTORING COMMITTEE**

- Design a mentorship program by establishing the idea and need for program to increase professional competence of students and interest in research and postgraduation.
- A senior faculty member with a keen interest in medical education and student affairs can chair the committee.
- Members of the committee include faculty from basic as well as clinical side voluntarily.
- Training of volunteer mentors through a workshop
- Assigning of mentorship groups (10-12 mentees per mentor)
- Build up a professional network for the mentees and personal growth.
- Improve their level of performance and satisfaction.
- Build relationships with colleagues and feel part of the community.
- Manage the integration of job, career, and personal goals.
- Regular monitoring of program and providing support to mentorship groups
- Evaluation every 6 months based on feedback from the faculty and students and individual performance of students.

#### DEPARTMENT OF MEDICAL EDUCATION

- The department of medical education serves as a backbone to provide effective and high-quality education to both undergraduate and post graduate medical and dental students.
- The Department of Medical Education needs to play the integral role in the implementation and adoption of BDS Integrated Curriculum 2K25 version 1.0.
- DME will be overall responsible for the spirals of PERLs & C-FRC.

- DME will be monitoring the portfolio development by the students and the completion of logbook.
- DME will be responsible for developing a mentoring platform.
- Faculty development trainings for mentoring, reflective writing and portfolio development will be undertaken.
- Planning the affective training competency acquisition framework with the academic council will be the most pivotal role.
- Collaboration with other disciplines for the training sessions for different aspects of Professionalism, Ethics, Research and Leadership skills.

#### **GENERAL RESPONSIBILITIES OF DME**

- Contribute and design, train the trainer activities which fulfil the need for undergraduate and post graduate training.
- Shape and develop medical education research activities of the college.
- Facilitating & organizing workshops, seminars, symposia & conferences
- Conducting CME activities to leverage culture of awareness, journal club.
- Networking by representing the college, when needed, in national /international meetings or conferences.
- Student counseling
- Supervising students' academic progress
- Academic Committees Development and Support
- Staff Support and Development
- Curriculum development and reform
- Collaborate with curriculum committee and faculty members to develop quality instructional material such as modules, lecture, or study guides.
- Standard Operating Procedures for DME development
- Skill lab management
- Assessment analysis which includes blue printing, pre-exam review, item analysis and standard setting and provide feedback to concerned faculty and students on the learning outcome achievement.
- Develop and conduct periodical review of process of the program, learning and teaching activities, and assessment process.
- Identify opportunities for use of IT in teaching and learning, assessment and faculty development activities.

- Exam Cell management
- Quality Assurance Cell management
- Record keeping of departmental data.
- Leadership and management
- Participation in overall planning and management of teaching in liaison with the departments

### **INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES**

Delivery of a curriculum also needs a diversity of educational vernacular for the different learning styles. Following are a few of the recommended instructional strategies. It is advised that at least **three different methods of instructions** should be adopted in the institutional planning. This will enable the diversity of learning patterns to be facilitated.

#### Large Group Interactive Session (LGIS)

Lecture format is the most widely used approach to teaching especially in a large class size with average attention span of 20-30 mins. Interactive lecturing involves a two-way interaction between the presenter and the participants. Interactive methods like brainstorming, buzz group, simulation, role play, and clinical cases can be used.

#### Significance of its usage

- Relaxed environment, diverse opinions, active involvement
- Increase attention and motivation.
- Independence and group skills.
- Cost effective.
- Suitable for taking advantage of available audiovisual technologies.

#### Team based learning (TBL)

TBL is a uniquely powerful form of small group learning. It provides a complete coherent framework for building a flipped course experience. There are four essential elements of TBL which include:

- Teams must be properly formed and managed (5-7 students)
- Getting students ready
- Applying course concepts
- Making students accountable

#### Significance of its usage

- Students are more engaged.
- Increased excitement in TBL classroom
- Teams outperforms best members.
- Students perform better in final and standardized exams.

#### Problem based learning (PBL)

It is an instructional student-centered approach in which students work in small groups on a health problem, identifying their own educational needs and being responsible for the acquisition of the knowledge required to understand the scenario.

#### Significance of its usage

- Teamwork
- Critical evaluation of literature
- Self-directed learning and use of resources
- Presentation skills
- Leadership
- Respect for colleagues' views

#### **Tutorials**

Tutorial is a class or short series of classes, in which one or more instructors provides intensive instruction on some subject to a small group. Its purpose is to explore students' point of view, allowing time for discussion, and inculcating self-directed, reflective learning skills.

#### Significance of its usage

- Develop and assess the extent of background knowledge of students, which enables them to properly understand concepts which may not have been understood in lectures.
- Develop problem-solving skills.
- Develop practice of self-learning.
- Reduced time to understand the topic.

#### Reflective Writing

It is a metacognitive process that occurs before, during and after the situation with the purpose of developing greater understanding of both the self and situation so that future encounters with the situation are informed from previous encounters.

#### Significance of its usage

- Questioning attitude and new perspectives.
- Areas for change and improvement.
- Respond effectively to new challenges.
- Critical thinking and coping skills

## **Clinical Teaching**

Teaching and learning that occurs with actual patient as the focus. It occurs in the dental simulation labs, Dental Clinics and for OMFS in the wards and operation theatre

#### Significance of its usage

- Stimulus of clinical contact
- Psychomotor skills
- Communication skills
- Language skills
- Interpersonal skills
- Professional attitudes and empathy
- Role modelling

### **Laboratory Practical**

Lab practical involve things like identifying a structure, a type of stain through a microscope, a problem with a preparation, reading biochemical test results and answering safety questions. These simulations allow students to attempt the experiments in the laboratory in a risk-free way that provides the opportunity to make mistakes and learn how to correct them using the immediate feedback generated.

### Significance of its usage

- Enhance mastery of subject matter.
- Develop scientific reasoning.
- Develop practical skills.
- Develop teamwork abilities.

#### **Demonstrations**

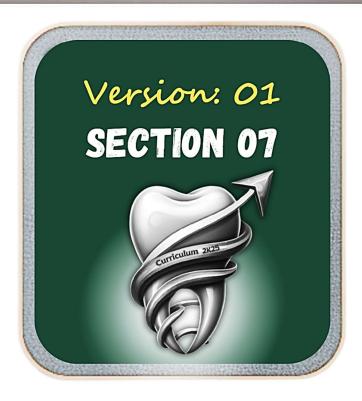
The demonstration method in teaching can be defined as giving a demo or performing a specific activity or concept. It is a teaching-learning process carried out in a very systematic manner.

#### Significance of its usage

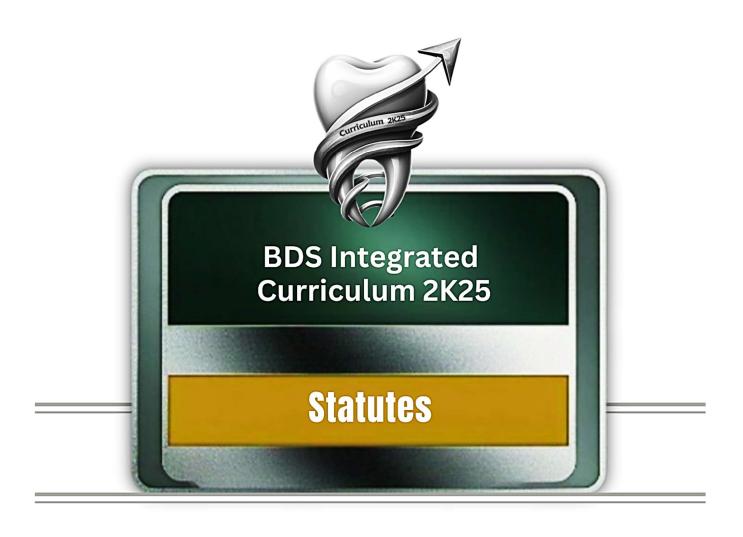
- Promotes learning and correlates theory with practice.
- Sharpens the observation skills.
- Sustain interests in learning environment.
- Helps teacher to evaluate students' response



# **BDS Integrated Curriculum 2K25**







#### **Statutes**

- 1. The First Professional BDS Examination shall be held at the end of the first year.
- 2. Every candidate shall be required to study contents of relevant to Each Block and will be assessed accordingly. PRISME (Professionalism, Research, Informatics, Social Responsibility including Ethic and Jurisprudence, Management and Entrepreneurship including Leadership and Evidence Based Dentistry) will be portfolio (log book) based for First year and will be counted towards Internal Assessment of Block 2 and Block 3.
- 3. The teaching and assessment shall be done in three modular blocks.
- 4. There will be four papers in the first professional examination.

#### First Professional Exam:

- a. Paper I will be based on contents of Block 1;
- b. Paper II will be based on contents of Block 2;
- c. Paper III will be based on contents of Block 3;
- d. Paper IV will be based on contents of Islamic studies/Civics and Pakistan Studies
- 5. Each paper will comprise of two components "Written" and "Oral/Practical/Clinical" examinations.
- 6. The "Written" and "Oral/Practical/Clinical" examination in each paper will carry **150** marks each, making the total marks of **300** for each of the papers 1,2, and 3 (inclusive of Internal Assessment).
- 7. Total marks for the First Professional Examinations shall be **1000**, each. Marks of Islamic Studies/Civics and Pakistan Studies shall not be counted towards total marks of First Professional examination, and determination of position or merit of a candidate. However, the candidates failing in the subject of Islamic Studies/Civics & Pakistan Studies, while passing other subjects of First professional examination, may not be subjected to detention, as the subject has no contribution towards total marks of any professional examination, and determination of position or merit. The students may rather be allowed to pass the examination in the subject, before appearing in their final professional BDS examination, and in case of their failure to clear the subject they may not be allowed to take their final professional BDS examination.

#### 8. Written Examination

- a. The written component of Papers 1, 2, and 3 will consist of 'One-best-type' Multiple Choice Questions (MCQ) and Structured Essay Questions (SEQ)
- b. Each MCQ will have five options (one best response and four distractors) and will carry one (01) mark.
- c. There will be no negative marking.
- d. There will be no sections within an SEQ, and it will be a structured question with five (04) marks each.
- e. SEQ's will only be based on the major content areas of the year.
- f. There will be total of **80** MCQs and **10** SEQs in every written paper in Papers 1, 2, and 3.
- g. The duration of each written paper will be 190 minutes (03 hours &10 min).

 h. The MCQ section will be of 80 minutes duration and the SEQ section of 110 minutes.

#### 9. Oral/Practical/Clinical Examination

- a. The 'Oral/Practical/Clinical' component of each Papers 1, 2, and 3 will consist of a total of Sixteen (16) OSPE/OSCE/OSVE stations in each 'Oral/Practical/Clinical' examination.
- b. There will be Eight (08) Observed interactive OSVE (Objective Structured Viva Examination) and Eight (08) OSPE/OSCE Stations. Each OSVE station will have a structured viva, to assess a practical component along with evaluation of the underlying principle relevant to that practical with a component of applied/practical knowledge and related clinical application.
- c. Each OSPE/OSCE station will carry nine (09) marks.
- d. Each OSVE station will carry sixteen (06) marks
- e. Time for each OSPE. OSCE and OSVE station will be SIx (06) minutes.
- 10. Every candidate shall take the examination in the following Blocks (modules) in First Professional BDS Examinations: -

Paper	Block/s	Marks
l.	Block 1 (Foundation + Craniofacial-I + Cariology)	300
II.	Block 2 (Craniofacial-I + Neurosciences + Alveocemental complex)	300
III.	Block 3 (Blood & Cardiovascular system+ Gastrointestinal Tract + Occlusion-I)	300
IV.	Islamic Studies/ Civics + Pakistan Studies	100

#### A. Block 1 (Foundation + Craniofacial-I + Cariology)

The examination in Block 1 shall be as follows: -

- I. One written paper of 120 marks having two parts:
  - i. Part I shall have eighty Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs) of total 80 marks (01 mark for each MCQ) and the time allotted shall be 80 minutes. There will be no negative marking.
  - ii. Part II shall have ten(10) Structured Essay Questions (SEQs) of total 40 marks (04 marks for each SEQ) and the timeallotted shall be 110 minutes.
- II. 'Oral/Practical/Clinical' examination shall have 120 marks in total.
- III. The continuous internal assessment through 'Block Examination', conducted by the college of enrollment shall carry 60 marks, i.e., 20% of the total allocated marks (300) for the block. The scorewill be equally distributed to the Written and 'Oral/Practical/Clinical' Examinations.

#### B. Block 2 (Craniofacial-I + Neurosciences + Alveo- cemental complex)

The examination in Block 2 shall be as follows: -

- I. One written paper of 120 marks having two parts:
  - i. Part I shall have eighty Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs) of total 80

- marks (01 mark for each MCQ) and the time allotted shall be 80 minutes. There will be no negative marking.
- ii. Part II shall have Ten(10) Structured Essay Questions (SEQs) of total 40 marks (04 marks for each SEQ) and the timeallotted shall be 110 minutes.
- II. 'Oral/Practical/Clinical' examination shall have 120 marks in total.
- III. The continuous internal assessment through 'Block Examination', conducted by the college of enrollment shall carry 60 marks, i.e., 20% of the total allocated marks (300) for the block. The scorewill be equally distributed to the Written and 'Oral/Practical/Clinical' Examinations.

#### C. Block 3 (Blood & Cardiovascular system+ Gastrointestinal Tract + Occlusion-I)

The examination in Block 3 shall be as follows: -

- I. One written paper of 120 marks having two parts:
  - i. Part I shall have eighty Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs) of total 80 marks (01 mark for each MCQ) and the time allotted shall be 80 minutes. There will be no negative marking.
  - ii. Part II shall have Ten(10) Structured Essay Questions (SEQs) of total 40 marks (04 marks for each SEQ) and the timeallotted shall be 110 minutes.
- II. 'Oral/Practical/Clinical' examination shall have 120 marks in total.
- III. The continuous internal assessment through 'Block Examination', conducted by the college of enrollment shall carry 60 marks, i.e., 20% of the total allocated marks (300) for the block. The scorewill be equally distributed to the Written and 'Oral/Practical/Clinical' Examinations.

#### D. ISLAMIC STUDIES/CIVICS AND PAKISTAN STUDIES

The examination in Islamic Studies/Civics and Pakistan Studies shall be as follows: -

- I. One written paper of 100 marks in Islamic Studies/ Civics and Pakistan Studies having two components:
  - The Islamic Studies/Civics component having total 60 marks. There will be three (3) Long Essay Questions (LEQs) to be attempted out of five (5), having 20 marks each.
  - ii. Pakistan Studies component having total 40 marks. There will be two (2) Long Essay Questions (LEQs) to be attempted out of four (4), having 20 marks each.

Note: Islamic Studies for Muslims, and Civics for Non-Muslims candidates.

11. The marks distribution in each subject is given in Table 1:

Table 1

YEAR-1						
Subject	Theory	,	Practical			Total
Block 1	Part I MCQs (80)	80 Marks	Dractical /	08 OSPE 08 OSVE	Marks 72 48	
	Part II SEQS (10)	40 Marks	Examination			300
(Foundation + Craniofacial-I + Cariology)	Internal Assessment 10%	30 Marks	Internal Assessment 10%	30 Mark	s	
	Total	150	Total	150		
Block 2  Modules (Craniofacial-I + Neurosciences + Alveo- cemental complex	Part I MCQs (80)	80 Marks	Practical /	06 OSPE 02 OSCE 08 OSVE	Marks 54 18 48	
	Part II SEQS (10)	40 Marks	Examination	08 03 VL	40	300
	Internal Assessment 10%	30 Marks	Internal Assessment 10%	30 Mark	s	
	Total	150	Total	150		
Block 3	Part I MCQs (80)	80 Marks	Practical /	07 OSPE 01 OSCE 08 OSVE	Marks 63 09 48	
Modules (Blood & Cardiovascular	Part II SEQS (10)	40 Marks	Examination	U6 USVE	40	300
system+ Gastrointestinal Tract + Occlusion-I)	Internal Assessment 10%	30 Marks	Internal Assessment 10%	30 Mark	s	
	Total	150	Total	150		
Islamic Studies/ Civics and Pakistan Studies	Islamic Studies/Civics 3 LEQs of 20 marks each		60 Marks		100	
	Pakistan Studies			40 Ma	nrks	100
	2 LEQs of 20 marks each  Total Marks: 1000					

12. No grace marks shall be allowed in any examination or practical under any guise or name.



## Regulations

- 1. Professional examination shall be open to any student who: -
  - has been enrolled/registered and completed one academic year preceding the concerned professional examination in a constituent/affiliated college of the University.
  - b. has his/her name submitted to the Controller of Examinations, for the purpose of examination, by the Principal of the college in which he / she is enrolled & is eligible as per all prerequisites of the examination.
  - c. has his/her marks of internal assessment in all the Blocks sent to the Controller of Examinations by the Principal of the college along with the admission form.
  - d. produces the following certificates duly verified by the principal of his / her college:
    - (i) of good character;
    - of having attended not less than cumulative 85% of the full course of lectures delivered and practical conducted in the particular academic session, while maintaining 75 % attendance in each block,
    - (iii) Certificate of having appeared at the Block Examinations conducted by the college of enrolment with at least 65 % cumulative percentage in aggregate of blocks 1,2 and 3 for the 1<sup>st</sup> Year;
    - (iv) Candidates falling short of block/s attendance shall not be admitted to the annual examination unless they take remedial classes to complete the requirement.
- 2. The minimum number of marks required to pass the professional examination for each paper shall be fifty-five percent (55%) in Written and fifty-five percent (55%) in the "Oral/Practical/Clinical" examinations and with an overall aggregate of **sixty-five percent (65%)**,at one and the same time.
- 3. Candidates who secure eighty five percent (85%) or above marks in any of the papers shall be declared to have passed "with distinction" in that Block, subject to having at least 80 % marks in the written component of that paper, concomitantly. However, no candidate shall be declared to have passed "with distinction" in any paper, who does not pass in all the papers of the Professional Examination as a whole at one and the same time.
- **4.** A candidate failing in one or more paper of the annual examination and failing to appear in the annual examination shall be provisionally allowed to join the next professional class till the commencement of supplementary examinations. Under no circumstances, a candidate shall be promoted to the next professional class till he / she has passed all the papers in the preceding professional examination.
- 5. If a student appears in the supplementary examination for the first time as he/she did not appear in the annual examination because of any reason and fails in any paper in

- the Supplementary Examination, he/she will be detained in the same class and will not be promoted to next class.
- **6**. The colleges may arrange remedial classes and one re-sit for each block examination after approval from the Competent Authority.
- **7.** The remedial classes and re-sit examination can be conducted during summer vacation/weekends, before or during preparatory leave, for the concerned professional examination, subject to the following conditions:
  - i. At the completion of each block, the principals of the colleges shall submit a detailed report to the university, including cases of students with short attendance, poor performance/absence in the block examination along with the reasons and evidence for the same, proposed schedule for remedial classes and re-sit examination.
  - ii. Competent Authority UHS will have the cause and the submitted evidence evaluated and documented, before permitting the colleges to arrange remedial classes and re-sit examination at the concerned block. No college is allowed to conduct remedial classes or re-sit examination without prior approval of the competent authority.
  - iii. The students can appear in remedial classes / re-sit of a block examination, However, conduct of remedial classes shall be permitted only in the cases of students, who shall have attended at least 50 % of total attendance of the concerned block in the first instance.
    - a. However, in special circumstances a student can be allowed to attend the 'remedial classes/re-sit exam' for a certain block, with the permission of the Competent Authority, to complete his/her requirement of attendance, even if the block attendance is less than 50%. In such cases, the evidence of reason will be provided by the college after the Principal has endorsed the case.
    - b. The students who have attained a cumulative attendance of 85% directly or with remedial classes, can appear in the 'annual' professional examination.
    - c. The valid reasons for short attendance in a block or absence from a block examination may include major illness/accident/surgery of the student or sickness / death of an immediate relative/being afflicted by a natural/manmade calamity or disaster or supplementary exam or detained students (missed the first block of the year) or UHS permitted late admission students
- 8. The application for admission of each candidate for examination shall be submitted to the Controller of Examination, through the Principal of the College, in a prescribed format, as per notified schedule, accompanied by the prescribed fee.
- 9. The marks of internal assessment through block/s exam and attendance shall be submitted to Controller of Examinations three times, within two weeks of completion of each block examination.
- 10. At the end of each block, the colleges are required to submit question papers and keys for the block examination (after block/s exam), internal assessment marks and attendance record to the Department of Examinations UHS. Further, parent-teacher

meetings shall be arranged by the colleges after every block examination to share feedback on the progress of students with their parents. Minutes of parent teacher meetings, study guides and block/s schedule/timetable shall be submitted to the Department of Medical Education UHS.

- 11. It is emphasized that fresh internal assessment or a revision of assessment for supplementary examination shall not be permissible. However, a revised internal assessment for the detained students can be submitted. The internal assessment award in a particular year will not be decreased subsequently detrimental to the detainee candidate. A proper record of the continuous internal assessment shall be maintained by the concerned department/s in the colleges.
- 12. The candidates shall pay their fee through the Principals of their respective Colleges who shall forward a bank draft / pay order / crossed cheque in favor of Treasurer, University of Health Sciences Lahore, along with their Admission Forms.
- 13.Only one annual and one supplementary of First Professional BDS Examinations shall be allowed in a particular academic session. In exceptional situations, i.e., national calamities, war or loss of solved answer books in case of accident, special examination may be arranged after having observed due process of law. This will require permission of relevantauthorities, i.e., Syndicate and Board of Governors.



## BDS Integrated Curriculum 2K25, 1st Professional Exam

## **BLOCK 1 - ASSESSMENT PARAMETERS AND DIVISION OF MARKS**

	Written Exam			Oral/Practical Exam			
Subject	MCQ (1 mark and I minute each)	SEQ (4 marks each and 11 minutes for each SEQ)	Marks	OSPE (9 Marks Each and 6 minutes each)	OSCE (9 Marks Each and 6 minutes each)	OSVE (6 Marks Each and 6 minutes each)	Marks
Anatomy	13	2	21	2	0	1	24
Physiology	12	1	16	1	0	1	15
Biochemistry	9	1	13	0	0	1	6
Oral Biology	21	3	33	3	0	1	33
General Pathology & Microbiology	12	1	16	1	0	1	15
Pharmacology	7	1	11	0	0	1	6
Community Dentistry and Public Health	3	0	3	0	0	1	6
Oral Pathology / Operative Dentistry	3	1	7	1	0	1	15
Total Questions	80	10		8	0	8	
Net Total	80x1=80	10x4=40	120	8x9=72	0	8x6=48	120
Internal Assessment Marks*	sment 30			30			
Grand Total	150			150			

Block 1 Internal Assessment for Theory Examination - 30 Marks					
Scoring Parameter	Percentage Allocation	Marks Allocation			
Attendance in lectures*	20%	6			
Block Examination (Theory)	50%	15			
Continuous Assessment (Class Tests, Mock Exam, Assignments, Attitudes)	30%	9			
Total	100%	30			

<sup>\*</sup> Attendance Marks will be according to the following criteria:

- 2. if  $> 90\% \le 93\% = 3$  marks
- 3. if  $> 93\% \le 95\% = 5$  marks
- 3. if > 95% = 6 marks

## Block 1 Internal Assessment for Practical/ Tutorials Examination - 30 Marks

Scoring Parameter	Percentage Allocation	Marks Allocation
Attendance in Practicals/ Tutorials*	20%	6
Block Examination (Practical/ Oral Examination)	50%	15
Continuous Assessment/ Log Books / Practical Notebooks/ Assignments / Attitudes	30%	9
Total	100%	30

<sup>\*</sup> Attendance Marks will be according to the following criteria

<sup>1.</sup> if 85 % = Eligible

<sup>1.</sup> if 85 % = Eligible

<sup>2.</sup> if  $> 90\% \le 93\% = 3$  marks

<sup>3.</sup> if  $> 93\% \le 95\% = 5$  marks

<sup>3.</sup> if > 95% = 6 marks

## BDS Integrated Curriculum 2K25, 1st Professional Exam

## **BLOCK 2 - ASSESSMENT PARAMETERS AND DIVISION OF MARKS**

	Written Exam			Oral/Practical Exam			
Subject	MCQ (1 mark and I minute each)	SEQ (4 marks each and 11 minutes for each SEQ)	Marks	OSPE (9 Marks Each and 6 minutes each)	OSCE (9 Marks Each and 6 minutes each)	OSVE (6 Marks Each and 6 minutes each)	Marks
Anatomy	18	2	26	1	0	1	15
Physiology	14	2	22	0	1	1	15
Biochemistry	6	1	10	0	0	1	6
Oral Biology	14	2	22	2	0	1	24
General Pathology & Microbiology	12	1	16	1	0	1	15
Pharmacology	9	1	13	0	0	1	6
Community Dentistry/ Dental Radiology	3	0	3	1	1	1	24
Oral Pathology- Periodontology	4	1	8	1	0	1	15
<b>Total Questions</b>	80	10		6	2	8	
Net Total	80x1=80	10x4=40	120	6x9=54	2x9=18	8x6=48	120
Internal Assessment Marks*	essment 30		30				
Grand Total	150				150		

Block 2 Internal Assessment for Theory Examination - 30 Marks					
Scoring Parameter	Percentage Allocation	Marks Allocation			
Attendance in lectures*	20%	6			
Block Examination (Theory)	50%	15			
Continuous Assessment (Class Tests, Mock Exam, Assignments, Attitudes)	30%	9			
Total	100%	30			

<sup>\*</sup> Attendance Marks will be according to the following criteria:

- 2. if  $> 90\% \le 93\% = 3$  marks
- 3. if  $> 93\% \le 95\% = 5$  marks
- 3. if > 95% = 6 marks

## Block 2 Internal Assessment for Practical/ Tutorials Examination - 30 Marks

Scoring Parameter	Percentage Allocation	Marks Allocation
Attendance in Practicals/ Tutorials*	20%	6
Block Examination (Practical/ Oral Examination)	50%	15
Continuous Assessment/ Log Books- Portfolio for PRISME / Practical Notebooks/ Assignments / Attitudes	30%	9
Total	100%	30

<sup>\*</sup> Attendance Marks will be according to the following criteria

<sup>1.</sup> if 85 % = Eligible

<sup>1.</sup> if 85 % = Eligible

<sup>2.</sup> if  $> 90\% \le 93\% = 3$  marks

<sup>3.</sup> if  $> 93\% \le 95\% = 5$  marks

<sup>3.</sup> if > 95% = 6 marks

## BDS Integrated Curriculum 2K25, 1st Professional Exam

## **BLOCK 3 - ASSESSMENT PARAMETERS AND DIVISION OF MARKS**

	Written Exam			Oral/Practical Exam			
Subject	MCQ (1 mark and I minute each)	SEQ (4 marks each and 11 minutes for each SEQ)	Marks	OSPE (9 Marks Each and 6 minutes each)	OSCE (9 Marks Each and 6 minutes each)	OSVE (6 Marks Each and 6 minutes each)	Marks
Anatomy	10	1	14	1	0	1	15
Physiology	22	2	30	1	1	1	24
Biochemistry	6	1	10	0	0	1	6
Oral Biology	12	1	16	3	0	1	33
General Pathology & Microbiology	12	2	20	2	0	1	24
Pharmacology	17	1	21	0	0	1	6
Community Dentistry	0	1	4	0	0	1	6
Oral Pathology	1	1	5	0	0	1	6
<b>Total Questions</b>	80	10		7	1	8	
Net Total	80x1=80	10x4=40	120	7x9=63	1x9=9	8x6=48	120
Internal Assessment Marks*	30			30			
Grand Total	150		150				

Block 3 Internal Assessment for Theory Examination - 30 Marks					
Scoring Parameter	Percentage Allocation	Marks Allocation			
Attendance in lectures*	20%	6			
Block Examination (Theory)	50%	15			
Continuous Assessment (Class Tests, Mock Exam, Assignments, Attitudes)	30%	9			
Total	100%	30			

<sup>\*</sup> Attendance Marks will be according to the following criteria:

- 2. if  $> 90\% \le 93\% = 3$  marks
- 3. if  $> 93\% \le 95\% = 5$  marks
- 3. if > 95% = 6 marks

## Block 3 Internal Assessment for Practical/ Tutorials Examination - 30 Marks

Scoring Parameter	Percentage Allocation	Marks Allocation
Attendance in Practicals/ Tutorials*	20%	6
Block Examination (Practical/ Oral Examination)	50%	15
Continuous Assessment/ Log Books- Portfolio for PRISME / Practical Notebooks/ Assignments / Attitudes	30%	9
Total	100%	30

<sup>\*</sup> Attendance Marks will be according to the following criteria

<sup>1.</sup> if 85 % = Eligible

<sup>1.</sup> if 80 % = Eligible

<sup>2.</sup> if  $> 90\% \le 93\% = 3$  marks

<sup>3.</sup> if  $> 93\% \le 95\% = 5$  marks

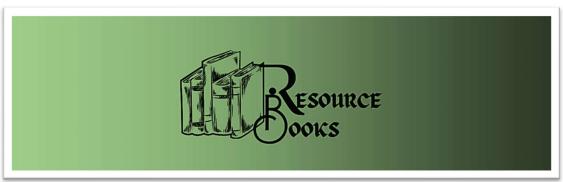
<sup>3.</sup> if > 95% = 6 marks



# **BDS Integrated Curriculum 2K25**







## **Block 1: Learning Resources**

Subject	Learning Resources
Oral Biology	<ol> <li>Nanci, A. (2024). Ten Cate's Oral Histology, Development, Structure, and Function (10th ed.). Elsevier Health Sciences.</li> <li>Berkovitz, B. K., Holland, G. R., &amp; Moxham, B. J. (2017). Oral Anatomy, Histology, and Embryology (5th ed.). Elsevier Health Sciences.</li> <li>Kumar, G. S. (2023). Orban's Oral Histology &amp; Embryology (13th ed.). Elsevier Health Sciences.</li> <li>Fuller, J. L. (4th ed.). Concise Dental Anatomy &amp; Morphology.</li> <li>Nelson, S. J. (2015). Wheeler's Dental Anatomy, Physiology and Occlusion (1st SAE).</li> </ol>
General Anatomy, Histology & Embryology	<ol> <li>Junqueira's Basic Histology: Text and Atlas (17th ed.)</li> <li>Wheater's Functional Histology</li> <li>Siddiqui, L. H. Medical Histology: Text and Atlas</li> <li>General Anatomy by Laiq Hussain Siddiqui</li> <li>Langman's Medical Embryology (15th ed.)</li> <li>The Developing Human (10th ed.) by Moore et al.</li> </ol>
Physiology	1. Guyton & Hall. Textbook of Medical Physiology (14th ed.).
Biochemistry	<ol> <li>Harper's Illustrated Biochemistry (32nd ed.) by Rodwell et al.</li> <li>Lippincott Illustrated Reviews: Biochemistry (8th ed.) by Abali et al.</li> </ol>
Pathology & Microbiology	<ol> <li>Robbins &amp; Cotran Pathologic Basis of Disease</li> <li>Review of Medical Microbiology and Immunology by Levinson</li> <li>Textbook of Pathology by Walter &amp; Israel</li> </ol>
Pharmacology	<ol> <li>Katzung &amp; Trevor's Pharmacology Examination &amp; Board Review (12th ed.)</li> <li>Lippincott Illustrated Reviews: Pharmacology (7th ed.)</li> </ol>
Community Oral Health	<ol> <li>Textbook of Preventive and Community Dentistry by S.S. Hiremath</li> <li>Community Oral Health by Cynthia Pine &amp; Rebecca Harris</li> </ol>
Oral Pathology	Contemporary Oral and Maxillofacial Pathology by Wysocki, Sapp & Eversole     Cawson's Essentials of Oral Pathology & Oral Medicine
Operative Dentistry	<ol> <li>Sturdevant's Art and Science of Operative Dentistry</li> <li>Summitt's Fundamentals of Operative Dentistry</li> <li>Dental Caries: The Disease and Its Clinical Management by Fejerskov &amp; Kidd</li> </ol>

1. Hand book of Behavioral sciences, by MH Rana, 3rd ed. 2. Humayun A., Herbert M. (2010). Integrating behavioural science healthcare. Islamabad: HEC.	s in

## **Block 2: Learning Resources**

Subject	Learning Resources		
Physiology	1. Guyton & Hall. Textbook of Medical Physiology (14th ed.).		
Anatomy	1. Snell's: Neuroanatomy		
Anatomy	2. General Anatomy by Laiq Hussain Siddiqui		
Histology	1. Medical Histology: Text and Atlas by Laiq Hussain Siddiqui		
Disabansiatus	1. Harper's Illustrated Biochemistry (32nd ed.) by Rodwell et al.		
Biochemistry	2. Lippincott Illustrated Reviews: Biochemistry (8th ed.) by Abali et al.		
Pathology & 1. Robbins & Cotran Pathologic Basis of Disease			
Microbiology 2. Review of Medical Microbiology and Immunology by Levinson			
	1. Hand book of Behavioral sciences, by MH Rana, 3rd ed.		
Behavioral Sciences	2. Humayun A., Herbert M. (2010). Integrating behavioural sciences in		
	healthcare. Islamabad: HEC.		

Subject	Learning Resources		
Oral Biology & Tooth Morphology	<ol> <li>Nanci, A. Ten Cate's Oral Histology, Development, Structure, and Function (10th ed.)</li> <li>Berkovitz, B. K., Holland, G. R., &amp; Moxham, B. J. Oral Anatomy, Histology, and Embryology (5th ed.)</li> <li>Kumar, G. S. Orban's Oral Histology &amp; Embryology (13th ed.)</li> <li>Rajkumar, K. Oral Anatomy, Histology, Physiology &amp; Tooth Morphology (2nd ed.)</li> </ol>		
Gross Anatomy	1. Snell's Clinical Anatomy by Regions (12th ed.)		
Physiology	1. Guyton & Hall. Textbook of Medical Physiology (14th ed.)		
Biochemistry  1. Harper's Illustrated Biochemistry (32nd ed.) by Rodwell et al. 2. Lippincott Illustrated Reviews: Biochemistry (8th ed.) by Abali			
Microbiology  1. Levinson, W. Review of Medical Microbiology and Immunology ed.)			
Pharmacology	1. Vanderah, T. W. Katzung's Basic & Clinical Pharmacology (16th ed.)		
1. Hand book of Behavioral sciences, by MH Rana, 3rd ed. 2. Humayun A., Herbert M. (2010). Integrating behavioural schealthcare. Islamabad: HEC.			

Subject	Learning Resources			
Oral Biology & Tooth Morphology	<ol> <li>Nanci, A. Ten Cate's Oral Histology, Development, Structure, and Function (10th ed.)</li> <li>Berkovitz, B. K., Holland, G. R., &amp; Moxham, B. J. Oral Anatomy, Histology, and Embryology (5th ed.)</li> <li>Orban's Oral Histology &amp; Embryology (13th ed.)</li> <li>Rajkumar, K. Oral Anatomy, Histology, Physiology &amp; Tooth Morphology (2nd ed.)</li> </ol>			

## **Block 3: Learning Resources**

Subject	Learning Resources		
Oral Biology & Tooth Morphology	<ol> <li>Nanci, A. Ten Cate's Oral Histology, Development, Structure, and Function (10th ed.)</li> <li>Berkovitz, B. K., Holland, G. R., &amp; Moxham, B. J. Oral Anatomy, Histology, and Embryology (5th ed.)</li> <li>Kumar, G. S. Orban's Oral Histology &amp; Embryology (13th ed.)</li> <li>Rajkumar, K. Oral Anatomy, Histology, Physiology &amp; Tooth Morphology (2nd ed.)</li> </ol>		
Physiology	1. Guyton & Hall. Textbook of Medical Physiology (14th ed.)		
Gross Anatomy 1. Snell's Clinical Anatomy by Regions (12th ed.)			
Embryology	1. Langman's Medical Embryology		
Histology	1. Siddiqui, L. H. Medical Histology: Text and Atlas		
Biochemistry	<ol> <li>Rodwell, V. W., et al. Harper's Illustrated Biochemistry (32nd ed.)</li> <li>Abali, E. E., et al. Lippincott Illustrated Reviews: Biochemistry (8th ed.)</li> </ol>		
Behavioral Sciences	<ol> <li>Hand book of Behavioral sciences, by MH Rana, 3rd ed.</li> <li>Humayun A., Herbert M. (2010). Integrating behavioural sciences in healthcare. Islamabad: HEC.</li> </ol>		

Subject	Learning Resources		
Histology	1. Siddiqui, L. H. Medical Histology: Text and Atlas		
General Anatomy	1. Siddiqui, L. H. General Anatomy		
Dischamiatry	1. Rodwell, V. W., et al. Harper's Illustrated Biochemistry (32nd ed.)		
Biochemistry	2. Abali, E. E., et al. Lippincott Illustrated Reviews: Biochemistry (8th ed.)		
Physiology	1. Guyton & Hall. Textbook of Medical Physiology (14th ed.)		
Pathology	1. Kumar, V., et al. Robbins & Cotran Pathologic Basis of Disease (10th ed.)		
Microbiology	1. Levinson, W. Review of Medical Microbiology & Immunology (18th ed.)		
Pharmacology	1. Katzung & Trevor. Pharmacology Examination & Board Review (12th ed.)		
	2. Whalen, K. Lippincott Illustrated Reviews: Pharmacology (7th ed.)		
Behavioral	1. Hand book of Behavioral sciences, by MH Rana, 3rd ed.		
Sciences	2. Humayun A., Herbert M. (2010). Integrating behavioural sciences in		
Sciences	healthcare. Islamabad: HEC.		

Resource Type	Learning Resources
Textbooks	<ol> <li>Fuller, J. L. Concise Dental Anatomy &amp; Morphology (4th ed.)</li> <li>Nelson, S. J. Wheeler's Dental Anatomy, Physiology and Occlusion (1st SAE)</li> </ol>
Reference Books	<ol> <li>Woelfel's Dental Anatomy (Jones &amp; Bartlett Learning)</li> <li>Oral Biology and Tooth Morphology</li> </ol>



# **BDS Integrated Curriculum 2K25**





## Program Evaluation & Feedback

In continuation to the contextualization and development process undertaken by all the subject experts and stakeholders, the process of implementation is also vital. DME University of Health Sciences Lahore, considers the implementation segment of the entire continuum as the most vital and significant step. A curriculum is a live document and its viability dependence on the collaborative ownership of all the stakeholders. These stakeholders are inclusive of curriculum designers, students, faculty members, institutional administration, institutional leads, examiners, paper setters, question bank developers, PBL architects and program evaluators. To address such broad-based evaluation response UHS aims to keep the channel of feedback patent so that any possible glitch, omission, overlap, adjustment, or nuance could be addressed in a methodical manner.

A feedback proforma has been annexed which will also be available on the website. This if filled and routed through the channel mentioned below will be assessed at DME University of Health Sciences Lahore and then processed by the subject expert committee. In addition to the educationists at UHS we have module in charge and subject expert committees who can further process any recommendation or define a solution.

After the processing the recommended solution will be put up for approval by the Board of Studies before being conveyed across the board to the affiliated colleges and being implemented.

# <u>Curriculum Feedback/Suggestion Proforma</u>

Name of the respondent / applicant			
Title of the respondent / applicant (student/faculty member/ Principal)			
Registration Number (or any official identification number)			
Name of Department (in case of students mention year of entry)			
Name of Institution			
Observation / Impediment to training identified			
Area of observation / Impediment			
(content, theme, resources, instructional strategy, timetable, implementation, assessment, logbooks, clarity of instruction etc.)			
, -9,			

Any recommended solution:	
	Signature:
Na	me:
	Date:

## **FOR OFFICE USE**

Remarks by Director/HOD Medical Education		
Signature Director Medical Education:		
Name & Stamp:		
•		
Date:		

Remarks by Principal

	Signature:
Name & Stamp:	
	Date:



Version 01

# Skill Acquisition Workshops



## **Mandatory Workshop for BDS First Year Students**

The Following **Skill Acquisition Workshop** is included in the "BDS Integrated Curriculum 2K25 version 01":

Sr. No.	Course Name	Academic Year	Duration
1.	Cardiac first Response/Basic Life Support (CFR/BLS) (Adult & Paediatrics)	1 <sup>st</sup> Year	2 days

